"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Warmer, clearing to-day; fair Friday; brisk westerly winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,996. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WE BOW TO GERMANY; TRADE WAR AVERTED

State Department Decides to Accept Practical Exclusion of American Cattle.

MAY RENEW POINT LATER

Administration Has Been Acting for Benefit of Stockmen, Not Packers, in Opposing Restrictions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—It is understood here to-night on good authority that the State Department has decided to recede in its demands and to accept Germany's severe restrictions on the importation of live cattle into that country. As a result fears of an immediate tariff war have been quieted, although the understanding arrived at is of a temporary sort that may lead to renewed negotiations at no distant day.

The situation as at present understood means that the two countries will continue to give each other their minimum tariff rates, and that on the particular point at issue in the previous negotiations—the practical exclusion of American cattle—the United States Government yields and consents, on vague hopes of better conditions said to have been held out by Germany, to continue the minimum rates against Germany after April 1, and the increasd German rates which might have been imposed against us on Feb. 7 will not be resorted to.

Exactly what hopes are held out by Germany is not known, though it is intimated that the State Department has been led to expect that the bars against foreign cattle—at least so far as American cattle are concerned—may be somewhat lowered. Of course, should these hopes not be realized the situation may again become as acute as in the last few weeks.

To say that the State Department has decided to yield to Germany does not tell the whole story. The question has affected the entire Administration, and the political bearings of the matter, as outlined in these dispatches on Sunday morning, have played an important part. The interests over the country that would suffer in case of a tariff war have flooded the White House, the Treasury and the State Departments with protests against subjecting so many interests to injury for the sake of one.

There has been a general impression that the benefits from the expected tariff war would be for the Beef Trust, but the Administration feels that its activities so far have been directed not for the sake of the packers, but for the cattle growers. The pure food laws of Germany affecting American meats have been accepted as an inevitable internal prerogative of the German Government, and accordingly the protests of the packers against its inspection have been ignored. On the other hand the practical prohibition of the importation of cattle is more properly a protective measure in the sense in which a tariff is protective, and it was on that line that this Government hammered diplomatically in its recent negotiations.

The protest against a tariff war have voiced the opinion that the Beef Trust, now under suspicion with the Department of Justice, was not the proper beneficiary of a disastrous trade war, while some industries have simply argued that their interests are as important as those of the cattle and beef men and should not be made to suffer.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—The reply of the Foreign Office to the request of the United States that the application of Germany's general tariff to American imports be deferred until March 31 is understood to have been a declination.

Germany holds that the points at issue have been considered sufficiently to enable both sides to reach a decision at this time. The note, the tone of which is described as being most friendly, points out how desirable it is from the German standpoint that the tariff question between the two countries be settled at once.

PHYSICIAN OF THE POOR DEAD.

Dr. Colora Got Blood Poisoning While Working on Hospital Patient.

Dr. Nicholas Colora, one of the best-know physicians among the Italians of South Brooklyn, where his gratuitous services to the poor had made him loved by every one in the district, died at 8 o'clock last night in the Seney Hospital of blood poisoning contracted thirteen days ago. While operating upon a woman for an abscess the surgeon cut his left thumb with one of his instruments. Since then Dr. Colora had had the services of Dr. Russell Fowler of 299 De Kalb Avenue, a prominent specialist on blood troubles, but his life could not be saved.

Dr. Colora gave no thought to the cut until his thumb began to swell. He treated it himself at first, but the swelling extended to his lower arm, and finally the whole arm was affected. Then he summoned Dr. Fowler.

Dr. Colora was born in Italy and was educated abroad. When he came to this country he settled in the Italian district of South Brooklyn, going to live at 346 Union Street. He devoted himself to the poor of his own race. He leaves a widow and two small children. He was 38 years old.

KAISER A GOOD SAMARITAN.

Rescues Unconscious Man and Promises to Find Him Work.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—The Kaiser acted in the rôle of a good Samaritan in the course of his walk late this afternoon. While returning to the castle through the Tiergarten afoot, accompanied by an adjutant, he found an unconscious man lying in a lonely spot.

He immediately knelt and tried to revive the man, at the same time sending his adjutant to fetch a cab. When the vehicle arrived the Emperor and adjutant lifted the still senseless man into it, ordering that he be driven to a hospital.

The Emperor continued his walk, and later telephoned to the hospital and learned that the man had recovered. He was one of the unemployed, and had fainted from fatigue and hunger. The Kaiser ordered that he be kept at the hospital, and promised that he would give him assistance in finding work.

Kalil's, Finest Downtown Restaurant. Grand Opera and music noon & ev'g. 14-16 Park Pl. —Adv.

SAY CONGER WILL WITHDRAW.

Friends of Allds Predict Charge Will Not Be Pushed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 26.—From some friends of Senator Jotham P. Allds of Chenango came predictions to-day that Senator Benn Conger of Tompkins, who recently charged that Mr. Allds, while a member of the Assembly, had accepted "retainers" to affect legislation, would never come before the Senate to prove his allegations.

From men in the insurgent camp who were instrumental in forcing the newly elected President pro tem. of the upper house to take cognizance of the statements made by Senator Conger came equally confident predictions that Senator Conger would make good, and that in the optimistic forecasts of the Allds enthusiasts the wish was father to the thought.

While Senator Allds himself has asked for a full investigation by the Senate, there are a good many influential members of the Republican organization about the Capitol who would be willing to give anything to avert a public airing of the Conger-Allds episode, realizing that it cannot but hurt the prestige of their party. This element undoubtedly would be glad to see Senator Conger fail to support his sensational charges.

Many of those who are interested in seeing the charges sifted to the bottom and on their merits alone profess to perceive in recent publications in Republican newspapers here and in other sections of the State a systematic attempt to work up sympathy for the accused statesman.

The Senate to-day adopted without debate the report of the Committee on Plan and Scope after first amending the Senate rules so as to give the Committee of the Whole the full powers of the Senate itself in investigations of this nature.

James W. Osborne, counsel to Senator Conger, said last night that the charges against Senator Allds are to go to Albany by next Tuesday. Mr. Osborne would give no idea of what the charges in detail will be. He is to prepare them, he said, with associate counsel, after conferences with Senator Conger. Mr. Osborne denied that there is any intention of withdrawing the charges.

MAYOR TAKES UP SUBWAYS.

Talks with Shonts and Finds Him Fair —No Dividends Out of Quarrels.

Mayor Gaynor has begun a complete investigation of the Subway issue. He held a long conference with Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, yesterday. Mr. Shonts went to the City Hall by appointment, and was with the Mayor for an hour. When he left he said that he did not care to comment upon the conference. The Mayor issued this statement in regard to the conference:

> He talked about subways in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn as a system. He seemed to me of large and fair views and a man with whom it would be easy to do business. No one ever got a dividend out of a quarrel, and I hope this subway business can be got under way on a reasonable basis and very soon.

It was announced yesterday that Assistant Corporation Counsel Hahlo was drafting the enabling act to be presented to the Legislature, which will allow the city to take advantage of the constitutional amendment approved by the people last Fall exempting self-sustaining Subway and dock bonds from computation under the debt limit. This will release something like $100,000,000 for rapid transit improvements.

There is approximately $47,000,000 in Subway bonds now outstanding and about $77,000,000 in dock bonds. It is believed that about $60,000,000 of the latter will be put in the exempt class.

T. M. OSBORNE QUITS OFFICE.

Out of Public Service Board on Eve of Democratic League Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 26.—Thomas Mott Osborne resigned his place on the Public Service Commission of the Second District to-day. In a letter to Gov. Hughes he announced that he desired to devote his time to the strengthening of the Democratic Party in this State along the lines laid out by the Democratic League, in which Mr. Osborne is Chairman of the Executive Committee.

When the league meets to-morrow to effect permanent organization Mr. Osborne, according to most of the delegates who have arrived here, will be chosen Chairman of the General Committee. His resignation has also revived the talk that he will be the league's choice for the Gubernatorial nomination.

Mr. Osborne, who has been at outs with the regular Democratic organization since William J. Conners became the arbiter of its fortunes and had William R. Hearst nominated for Governor in 1906, was one of the men selected by Gov. Hughes immediately after the Public Service Commission law had been passed. He has remained on the commission at a personal sacrifice, and at the earnest solicitation of the Governor. Had he consulted his own wishes he would have resigned a year ago. In his letter he says:

> Circumstances seem to point to another public service which I think is for me at the present time more important than the commission. The turn of events makes it probable that there will be a genuine and sustained effort to strengthen the Democratic Party in this State. You are among those who understand the importance of having both the great political parties clean and effective.
>
> I believe that at the present time I can be of some service to the Democratic Party by assisting in certain work of organization which I am in position to do easier than others, or would be if I were free of the commission. It appears to me that there is something even more fundamental and important than my work here. Looking at the matter objectively I really feel that I may be able to accomplish more for the State in that work than on the commission: it is therefore a higher duty.

John N. Carlisle of Jefferson County, who made common cause with Mr. Osborne in his fight on Chairman Conners and Mr. Hearst in 1906, is being talked of here as the probable successor to Mr. Osborne, whose term expires one year from Feb. 1. Mr. Carlisle is a lawyer of Watertown, and was prominent in the affairs of the Democratic organization in the days of Cleveland.

Among the delegates to the conference of the Democratic League, which is scheduled to meet here to-morrow afternoon, the resignation of Mr. Osborne did not cause much surprise, although it was news to them. They took it as an indication that from now on Mr. Osborne would take up the work of the league in real earnest.

THREE WEEKS' CRUISE TO PORTO RICO. Best sight-seeing, attractive rate, all expense tour of the season is to and around Porto Rico. Ex S. Cramo. (all outside rooms.) Feb. 5th., N. Y. & Porto Rico S. S. Co., ask for booklet, 19 & 290 Broadway.—Adv.

AKED REJECTS PLANS FOR A NEW CHURCH

Butler & Rodman's Design, Though Accepted by Committee, Thrown Out by Pastor's Order.

PROVIDED NO STUDY FOR HIM

W. W. Bosworth's Draft of the $350,000 Edifice Where Rockefeller Worships Adopted Instead.

Through a statement issued yesterday by Edgar L. Marsten, banker, as Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, which John D. Rockefeller attends, it became known that there has been some contention over the plans for the new $350,000 edifice which the congregation is to erect.

Although the architectural firm of Butler & Rodman drew plans, which were approved by the Building Committee, as provided in the contract, and were indorsed by the expert engaged to pass upon them, the Trustees rejected the plans and gave the award to William Welles Bosworth, a competing architect. Butler & Rodman contended, in taking the matter up with the Trustees recently, that they were entitled to the contract, and indicated that, if they desired, they might sue the Trustees to recover the amount which would be due them if the church were erected under their design.

The architects decided not to sue, however, and the whole matter was patched up when Mr. Marsten, a personal friend of the architects, agreed to give out his statement explaining the reasons why the contract was awarded to the rival bidder. Mr. Marsten's statement was:

> The architect expert, Mr. H. V. Magonigle, who was selected by a vote of the competitors to judge the drawings in the competition for the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, recommended the design No. 3 (submitted by Messrs. Butler & Rodman) to the Building Committee, who, in turn, recommended it unanimously to the Board of Trustees. They, however, moved by the suggestions and criticisms of Dr. Frederick A. Aked, the pastor, as to the requirements of the church, felt a preference for Design No. 4, (submitted by William Welles Bosworth,) and after consulting Mr. Thomas Hastings, the professional adviser, appointed the author of plan No. 4 as architect of the building.

An effort made yesterday to learn in what particular Dr. Aked objected to the design of Butler & Rodman elicited the information that the architects had not provided for a pastor's study in the church and that Dr. Aked wanted one. Mr. Bosworth's plans, it appeared, did take in the study. In the original programme issued by the church Trustees indicating what kind of edifice they wanted there was no mention of a study and Messrs. Butler & Rodman, in talking yesterday about the action of the Trustees, declared that, had they been informed of any desire to have a study, it could have been easily arranged in their plans, for a very slight alteration would have been necessary.

The church Trustees, in announcing last Fall their idea to have a new church, called for designs from six firms of architects. They stipulated that the cost of the church was not to exceed $350,000 and that the competing architects were to receive $400 each whether or not their designs were accepted. The successful architect was to receive 6 per cent. of the total contract price. As Butler & Rodman had made plans for a church costing the entire $350,000, they gave up a claim upon $21,000 when they decided not to sue the church.

In the programme issued to the architects the Trustees placed a clause under which Butler & Rodman say they could hold the church, if they desired, to accept their design. This clause read:

> The competition is being conducted under the professional advice of Mr. Thomas Hastings, who will assist the Building Committee in selecting the design. This design will be recommended by the Building Committee to the church trustees, with the understanding that the author thereof will be employed to execute the work, and his compensation to be fixed in accordance with the schedule of the minimum professional charges of the American Institute of Architects.

The Trustees' programme called for a church which should be "distinctively characteristic of its purpose and so designed that it will be easily recognized from Fifth Avenue, and should not be set back and partially concealed, as is the case with the present building."

When the design of Butler & Rodman was submitted six weeks ago, it at once met with the approval of Mr. Magonigle, who had succeeded Mr. Hastings as the expert to act with the Trustees, and the Building Committee promptly accepted it. The architects expected that they would soon be ordered to go ahead with the construction. Instead they were surprised to find objection coming from Dr. Aked, followed shortly afterward by word that the design of Mr. Bosworth had been accepted.

The architects insisted on an explanation by the Trustees that would clearly set forth the reasons why that action had been taken. It was as a result of this that Mr. Marsten's statement was issued yesterday.

MRS. SOL. SMITH HURT.

Aged Member of New Theatre Staff In an Auto Crash.

Mrs. Sol Smith, a member of the New Theatre company, was seriously hurt in a taxicab collision at Broadway and Sixty-first Street at midnight last night, after leaving The New Theatre, at Sixty-third Street and Central Park West, for her home, 250 West Eighty-fourth Street. A chauffaur, according to the police, was responsible for the accident.

Mrs. Smith, who will be 80 years old next March, attended the premiere of "Twelfth Night" at The New Theatre with her daughter, Miss Alice Brown, Secretary of the Professional Women's League. She occupied a place in the "company box," and in the evening held an informal reception for her professional friends. She left the theatre at 12:45 o'clock with her daughter and a friend, James S. Goodman of 157 East Seventy-third Street, all three entering a taxicab driven by John Dunn of 2,249 Seventh Avenue.

Dunn started to drive south instead of north, and had reached Columbus Circle before the party was aware of it. He was then told he was going in the wrong direction, and immediately swung his machine around into Broadway and started uptown on the wrong side of the street, at a high rate of speed. At Sixty-first Street he crashed head-on into a southbound automobile owned by Roger Moore of 104 West 101st Street. The crash brought both machines upstanding, well jammed into each other.

All of the party were thrown from their seats. Mrs. Smith was thrown forward with such violance that her scalp was gashed and she received several contusions of the face. The others of the party were not much hurt.

With the aid of onlookers Mrs. Smith, unconscious, was carried back to The New Theatre and put on a couch in the office of Director Winthrop Ames where she was attended by a physician.

On account of Mrs. Smith's advanced age the shock of the accident is considered likely to prove serious, although her wounds would not be severe in a younger person. At her home at an early hour today it was said she was resting easily.

DIRECT STEAMERS TO FLORIDA. Clyde Line, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays, the only direct steamers from New York without change. Large outside rooms, spacious decks, splendid table. Pier 36 North River and 290 Broadway.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

UNTERMYER $775,000 THE BIGGEST FEE YET

But It Covered Nearly Four Years of Patient Work for the Merger Now Accomplished.

ADMIRING LAWYERS GASP

Choate Never Got That Much, He Says —Whew! Exclaims Paul D. Cravath, Who Has Had Sizeable Fees Himself.

The fact that Samuel Untermyer, the lawyer, had received a fee of $775,000 for his work in bringing about the merger between the Utah Copper Company and the Boston Consolidated Mining Company, finally completed on Tuesday night after dismissal of the injunction proceedings in the United States Circuit Court at Trenton, was the one topic of interest yesterday among lawyers in this city. It was generally admitted that it is the largest fee ever received by a lawyer in a single case in this country—probably in the world. Mr. Untermyer himself, however, would not talk about it.

"Is it true," he was asked by a TIMES reporter, "that your fee of $775,000 is the largest ever received by a lawyer?"

"For obvious reasons," said Mr. Untermyer, with a satisfied smile, "I cannot discuss such a personal subject. Anyway, it is not a matter of public interest."

As a matter of fact the general discussion showed how much the public really was interested. Inquiry brought out from other sources some interesting details regarding the work that Mr. Untermyer did for $775,000.

In the first place it represented some three or four years' attention to the interests of the Boston Consolidated Company, which is controlled by an English syndicate, and continued negotiation to bring about the consolidation which has at length gone through. As to the legal proceedings which immediately preceded it there has seldom been a case before the courts which involved so much work in the preparation of papers. Three companies, one English and two American, were involved in this suit, and Mr. Untermyer represented all three.

Col. Enos A. Wall and Charles W. Graham obtained a temporary injunction holding up the proposed consolidation of the companies. Argument in the proceedings, after long preliminary examinations before a Master, was held before Judges Lanning and Cross in the United States Circuit Court at Trenton, and on Tuesday, after a long conference, the Judges rendered their decision in favor of the companies. There were two questions involved. One of these was the continuance of the preliminary injunction restraining the stockholders of the Utah Copper Company from voting on the acquisition of the Boston company's property; the other was the application to have the injunction dismissed on the ground that Charles W. Graham, the stockholder seeking to have the merger restrained, had become a stockholder merely for the purpose of becoming a party to the suit, and was not acting in good faith.

In a joint memorandum, the Judges held that if the merger was in fact a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, as contended by the plaintiff, such a proceeding might at any time be instituted by the Government, whose business it was to restrain it if illegal. So Mr. Untermyer's work may not yet be finished.

It also became known yesterday that Mr. Untermyer's fee was not all cash. Included in the amount were 3,250 shares of Boston Consolidated, which were turned over to the lawyer. These at the current market rate would be worth about $65,000. The rest, however, was cash, and the whole was in payment for the three or four years during which Mr. Untermyer has been called upon to advise the Directors and stockholders of the companies. The stockholders of the Boston company—the English company—gave him power of attorney to dispose of their property, and in all ways he acted as their confidential agent.

When the question of fees came up the Directors and stockholders of both the Utah and the Boston companies voted unanimously that the amount asked, $776,000, was not excessive. There were three meetings of the stockholders of the three companies, and in every case there was not a dissenting voice.

In the merger is likely to be involved a total capitalization of $100,000,000. In comparison with this a $775,000 fee is a mere flea bite. Evidently the United States Circuit Judges did not consider it excessive, for one of the arguments of the plaintiff in the injunction proceedings was that it was unjust to the stockholders to compel them to pay such a fee, and the Judges dismissed the injunction. Moreover, no one but the plaintiff appeared to object to the amount as unreasonable. The amount was read into the suit.

Other lawyers who were asked yesterday what they thought of such a sizeable legal fee all declined to discuss it on the ground that it would be unbecoming to do so. Joseph H. Choate said he had never received such a fee himself and he didn't see why he should discuss what another lawyer had received.

Paul D. Cravath, who has received some large fees himself, was greatly interested.

"Whew!" he said, "it certainly was a good round sum. No, I do not care to say what was the largest fee I have ever received. I don't think, though, that it amounted to $775,000."

UTAH-BOSTON MERGER.

Majority of the Nevada Stockholders Now Said to Have Gone In.

The final details for the exchange of the stock of the Boston Consolidated Copper Company for that of the Utah Copper Company, under the terms of the plan for a merger of these Guggenheim properties announced some time ago, were completed at the special meeting of the latter company's stockholders on Tuesday night. At the same time shareholders representing nearly 50 per cent., it was said, of the stock of the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company tendered their shares and received stock in the enlarged Utah company in return.

According to the provisions of the merger, the offer to include the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company in the merger was not to hold unless a majority of the stock was exchanged. President Phillips of the Nevada company has opposed the merger as unfair to his stockholders.

Persons interested in the merger say that the Utah Copper Company will have an annual production of 200,000,000 pounds of copper at a presaat cost of 8 cents a pound.

ANACONDA STARTS ON BIG COPPER MERGER

Putting Capital to $150,000,000 for Coalition of All Properties on Butte Hill as First Step.

COLE-RYAN INTERESTS IN

All Amalgamated Subsidiaries in Combination, Which May Extend to Southwest and Mexico.

Progress toward the combination of big copper producers, undertaken by the leading interests last Summer as the solution of the problem of overproduction in copper, was indicated yesterday in the announcement that the Anaconda Copper Mining Company intends to increase its capital from $30,000,000 to $150,000,000 for the purpose of consolidating all of the Amalgamated subsidiaries and the Cole-Ryan properties on Butte Hill, in Montana. The statement issued by the company after yesterday's meeting of Directors dwells on complications due to the mining laws of Montana, which make the amalgamation of contiguous properties the only reasonable way of avoiding litigation over ownership of ore bodies. The economies of operation which would be gained by the physical merger of these properties, already owned by allied interests, is also cited.

Properties to be taken over by the Anaconda, itself the chief subsidiary of the Amalgamated Copper Company, are not specifically named, but as the entire increase in capital is not to be used at once, the inference was drawn in Wall Street yesterday that there would be taken in eventually all of the Cole-Ryan-Amalgamated properties in the Montana district. Such action would be in line with what has been done by the Guggenheim interests in the Utah and Nevada fields, where the recently formulated plan for the merger of the Utah Copper Company, the Boston Consolidated Copper Company, and the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company, completed Tuesday as far as the first two companies are concerned, has been generally regarded as one of the preliminary steps in an eventual merger of all of the Amalgamated, Cole-Ryan, and Guggenheim properties, with perhaps some of the other large producers included.

Nevada Stockholders Not All Agreed.

The Nevada Consolidated stockholders are divided as to the desirability of joining the Guggenheim merger, but the President of this company, James Phillips, Jr., has expressed himself as unqualifiedly in favor of it. It is being engineered by J. P. Morgan & Co.

The interests represented by John D. Ryan and Thomas F. Cole, the former President of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, include a number of large properties in the Lake Superior district and several groups of properties in the Southwest and Mexico, the chief of which are the Calumet and Arizona, the Superior and Pittsburg, the Giroux, and the Greene-Cananea. These properties, it is expected, will be eventually merged, according to their several locations, in the same way that the Butte properties and the groups joined in a big holding company.

The statement of the Anaconda Company says in part:

Law of the Apex Perplexing.

As is generally understood, what is known as the law of the apex, or the right to follow a vein on its dip extra-laterally beyond the surface lines of a mining claim, prevails in Montana, and has given rise to many perplexing problems in conection with operations conducted in the Butte district; and it was this law which was chiefly responsible for the bitter, protracted, and costly Heinze-Amalgamated litigation, which was finally terminated some years ago only by the purchase of the Heinze properties and the subsequent formation of the Butte Coalition Company.

The mining claims of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company and of the other companies affected by this plan are all located upon the Butte hill within a comparatively circumscribed area, and are continuous and so closely and inextricably interlaced as to make almost impossible the segregation of the ownership of the underground ore bodies.

Many of the veins in the Butte district, within close proximity near the surface, descend into the earth upon varying dips from the horizontal, resulting not infrequently in a union of these veins on their dips. Under the mining law, such a united vein below the junction belongs to the claim first located, a fact that in many instances it is exceedingly difficult to determine, and in some instances absolutely impossible.

Some of the operating features which have been considered in favoring the proposed tranformation are the economies which will result from working all the mines in accordance with a general system of ventilation, drainage, and development, thus relieving the owners from the necessity of maintaining numerous expensive surface and underground plants, which under the present condition of separate ownership are essential for the purpose of working the scattered properties of the different companies.

The Anaconda Company, because of its size, and the fact that its property is so located that some of it is contiguous to property owned by all the other companies, is regarded by all familiar with the situation as the logical company to become the purchaser of the properties of the other companies, and the step taken at yesterday's board meeting was the first toward submitting the matter to the stockholders of the different companies for their consideration.

It is not likely that all of the increase of stock, if authorized, will be used at present in carrying out this plan.

Amalgamated Controls Anaconda.

The Amalgamated Copper Company, which is primarily a holding company, was credited with owning 55 per cent. of the stock of the Anaconda Company at the time of its last report, but these holdings are believed to have been largely increased. It also owns the entire capital stock of the Washoe Copper Company and the Colorado Smelting and Mining Company and majority stock in the Boston and Montana, the Butte and Boston, and the Parrot properties in Butte. It is these concerns which are to be taken over physically by the Anaconda and with them the Butte Coalition Mining Company, a $15,000,000 corporation organized by the Cole-Ryan interests to end the Heinze-Amalgamated litigation in 1906 by combining the several Heinze properties and taking them out of hostile hands. Another Cole-Ryan property on Butte Hill is the North Butte, a $9,000,000 corporation.

One of the chief difficulties in the way of the several mergers, and one which has so far prevented the completion of the Guggenheim merger as proposed, has been the difficulty of placing values on the various stocks which in amount of capitalization bear little relation to the values of the properties.

Cripple, Thought Poor, Left Thousands

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 26.—When Henry B. Dodge, an eccentric Bristol cripple, was found dead recently, he was thought to be almost penniless. It has been found that he left several thousand dollars for the heirs, chief among whom are Edward G. Riggs of New York and Oscar and Evelyn Riggs of Brooklyn.

PAULHAN FLIES HIGH AGAIN.

San Francisco Sees French Aviator Go Up 1,300 Feet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—Louis Paulhan closed a three days' aviation exhibition at Tanforan to-day by rising 1,300 feet in a thirty-one-minute flight. The French aviator left the course and disappeared from the view of the 3,000 spectators.

He flew over San Mateo and Burlingame. The weather was ideal. Paulhan and his party will leave to-morrow for Salt Lake City.

SNOWING ONCE MORE.

Spiteful Dig of the Weather at the Weather Man, Who Said "Fair."

"Warm and clearing for Thursday," said the local Weather Bureau just before 11 o'clock last night. And presently it began to snow. About midnight the slight and drifting rain turned into huge soft, damp flakes, and the fall increased perceptibly.

The wet streets absorbed the whiteness of the flakes for nearly an hour. After that they piled up so fast that the black pavements began to lose their blackness and grow white.

Then, in the early morning, it stopped.

SIDIS, BOY PRODIGY, ILL.

Attacked with Grip After His Lecture on "The Fourth Dimension."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 26.—William J. Sidis, the boy mathematical prodigy at Harvard, is ill at his home in Brookline. He has been kept in for three weeks because of an attack of the grip. He has not been at college since he delivered his famous lecture on "The Fourth Dimension" before the Harvard Mathematical Club.

The boy caught cold, and as he is frail and of an extremely nervous temperament, he took to his bed. It is thought that he will recover in another week or two, though he is gaining more slowly than the average boy. He had been weakened recently by overstudy in connection with a Latin and Greek grammar, which he was writing in addition to carrying on his work at Harvard.

His father, Dr. Boris Sidis, is attending the boy, and other physicians have been called in.

RADIUM INSTITUTE STARTED.

Studies Are to be Made in the Interests of Science and Humanity.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick signed the certificate of incorporation yesterday of the Radium Institute of America. Its purposes are to study radium and radio-active substances, rays, and emanations in the interests of science and humanity, and to maintain a chemical laboratory, library, meeting room, and offices, and to acquire and hold patents and licenses to deal in radium and properties pertaining to radium.

The headquarters of the institute will be located in this city. The twelve incorporators are: Dr. Robert Abby, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles F. Chandler, Bergen Davis, William J. Gies, William Hallock, Ellwood Hendrick, Hugo Lieber, Dr. Willy Meyer, George B. Pegram, Hugo Schweitzer, and Edgar F. Smith of the Univeristy of Pennsylvania.

MAYOR FAVORS LONGER HOURS

Expects City Employes in All Departments to Work from 9 to 5.

The Mayor has placed the stamp of approval upon the new office hours for all city employes. In a letter to Water Commissioner Thompson he said:

> Henry S. Thompson, Esq., Commissioner of the Department of Water Supply:
>
> Sir—In answer to your favor of Jan. 25, let the hours in your department be lengthened and established from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. It is my intention to have these hours established in all of the departments.
>
> Very truly yours,
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

The Mayor expects to put the new schedule of working hours in operation without loss of time.

Through the new time-card system, installed in all the departments at the order of Controller Prendergast, it is possible that the January pay of all city employes may be held up until Feb. 15.

It has been the custom in the past for the heads of departments to forward their payrolls to the Controller for certification in the middle of the month, thus allowing the checks to be made out and paid on the first of the following month. Under the new system, however, the departmental heads have to certify to the validity of the daily time cards, and it is impossible for this to be done until the full month has expired.

The possibility of the delay has caused a good deal of agitation in certain departments, particularly among the small salaried employes, and the matter has been turned over to the Corporation Counsel for an opinion.

PAGODA FOR TIMES SQUARE.

Charles Dillingham Offers $50,000 for It if the City Will Give as Much.

The Board of Estimate will consider a proposal for the erection of an ornamental crystal recreation pagoda in Times Square at its meeting to-morrow. The suggestion comes from Charles Dillingham, the theatrical manager, who offers to pay half the cost if the total expenditure is confined to $100,000.

The proposed pavilion is planned for the triangle running from the junction of Seventh Avenue and Broadway at Forty-sixth Street to Forty-seventh Street. The strip includes 100 feet frontage on the east side of Broadway, the same frontage on the west side of Seventh Avenue, 80 feet on Forty-seventh Street, and 10 feet on Forty-sixth Street.

The plot, which is now sidewalked and curbed, is divided by a roadway, two-thirds of it lying in the north part. The lower division of the tract is now used as a ventilation station for the Subway. The upper part is marked by a public lavatory. The plans for the pagoda or plaza provide for the replacement of the lavatory with the crystal pavilion, which in design is to be in the main of glass, consist of two floors, equipped with chairs and benches, and be a highly ornamental addition to the many new buildings steadily being erected in Times Square.

A tunnel for the safety of pedestrians to and from the pavilion, running from an entrance at the east side of Seventh Avenue and one at the west side of Broadway, near the Broadway entrance of the Globe Theatre, is provided for in the manager's plans.

THE SEABOARD FLORIDA LIMITED. Only club car train to Florida. Electric lighted, all Pullmans. Via P. R. R. and Seaboard Air Line. Office 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

BUILDINGS FALL IN PARIS FLOOD

The d'Orsay Railway Station and a Subway Station Collapse Early This Morning.

THE LOUVRE IS MENACED

Masons Building a Wall of Concrete to Protect the Sculpture Galleries.

LOSS IN FRANCE $200,000,000

Seine at Record Height—Destitute Refugees Stream Into Paris from Submerged Suburbs.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Grim fear has settled upon Paris as it breathlessly watches the Seine rising steadily inch by inch, foot by foot, like a relentless fate.

Day and night countless thousands of inhabitants view the sullen yellow flood. The boulevards have lost more than half of their gayety and the theatres are but thinly attended. Yet the people in the main quarters of the city have only an inkling of the terrible danger and misery that already reign in some of the submerged suburbs, where starvation and epidemic threaten hundreds of families who have just been driven from their desolated shelters and their few poor belongings by the rising stream.

At Ivry bread and foul water are the only means of sustenance available. At Alfortville the cemetery is inundated, and it is feared that bodies will be washed from the graves. The road from Charenton to Paris is thronged with refugees with their household goods on their backs. At Javel poor people swear they will break into the bakers' shops before they will go hungry much longer.

Like a Beleaguered City.

Paris proper is beginning to have the aspect of a beleaguered place. Soldiers and sailors in uniform are building barriers with cement and bags of sand in the various streets contiguous to the Seine to stay the advance of the waters. The flood is creeping up toward the heart of the city. Several streets around the Gare Saint Lazare are closed, and the Rue Royale is roped off at both ends. All the way from the Place Concorde to the Madeleine the roadway of the Avenue Montaigne is simply a long lake of muddy waves which to-morrow may be licking the base of Notre Dame.

The river is already higher than ever before in its recorded history. Telephones, railways, telegraphs, and electric lights have all failed. The Chamber of Deputies has been sitting for two days in semi-obscurity. On the magnificent Alexander III. bridge tonight only oil lamps are burning. It is feared that the bursting of the biggest sewer in Paris at Clichy will be followed by other similar disasters. If the interruption of railway communication becomes worse, food prices, which have already risen, are likely to be prohibitive for the poor.

Happily the relief movement is already assuming generous proportions. The first foreign organization in Paris to open a relief subscription list is the American Chamber of Commerce, and to-night George Kessler sent The Daily Mail a check for $1,000 for the sufferers.

Street Bursts from Below.

PARIS, Thursday, Jan. 27.—At 2 o'clock this morning the walls of the d'Orsay Railway Station gave way under the enormous pressure and a vast volume of water poured under the roadway, lifting it bodily and washing the blocks of wood along like straws. The whole quarter is now flooded to a depth of two feet.

The subway station at Bercy collapsed with a terrific roar early this morning, nearly carrying to ruin the police station near by, in which a number of flood sufferers had sought refuge. The yellow waters boiled through the chasm, and swept all before it.

Forty houses in the vicinity had to be evacuated, store keepers therein abandoning everything. As the gas mains burst when the station collapsed, darkness added to the terror of the people.

Louvre Galleries Menaced.

At 1 o'clock this morning the water had reached to within a few inches of the parapet of the quay at the Louvre. The flood threatened momentarily to inundate the sculpture gallery, where are kept the Venus de Milo and other priceless art treasures.

The danger to the Louvre is increased by the presence at this point of a big sewer, which it is feared will burst. A gang of masons was hurriedly assembled and they are working under high pressure, in the glare of flaring gas lamps, building up a concrete wall to keep out the water.

Late dispatches from the provinces bring a ray of hope. These indicate that the situation there has improved, and that the floods have at length reached their crest. The affluents of the Seine are even beginning to show a tendency to drop. The Rhone and Saone Rivers, however, are still rising.

Reports of villages submerged and people absolutely without food are reaching Paris constantly. St. Laurent is flooded and the people are without drinking water. At Conflans-Sur-Marne a score of houses have fallen in, and many are

homeless. At Sèvres, the famous Government porcelain foundry is completely surrounded by the flood.

Loss Already $200,000,000.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The snowstorm has ceased and the weather is moderating, but the Seine is still rising, and Paris awaits events in terror. Half the city is in darkness. In the gloom galloping orderlies carry instructions which can no longer be sent by telephone. The army of police, firemen, and soldiers give Paris the appearance of a city fighting for its life.

Every minute brings graver dangers. New areas are being inundated, quays are collapsing, yawning chasms appear in the streets. The water of the Seine has invaded the entire labyrinth of underground Paris. It threatens ruin and destruction everywhere. What new disaster will come to the honeycombed city before the Seine begins to fall no one can predict. Already the damage throughout France is officially estimated at $200,000,000, and every hour adds millions more. Among the superstitious there is talk of the destruction of Paris as a result of the appearance of Halley's comet.

The deathroll also is growing at a frightful rate, and if epidemic, which now appears inevitable, breaks out it will run into thousands. Already scarlet fever has appeared among the refugees at Ivry.

Hotels and Homes Abandoned.

The extent of the floods in Paris may be judged by the fact that about half the length of the quays within the city are under water, which is pouring into the streets, and thousands of laborers and soldiers are working like mad to build cement walls to hold back the current. The Hotel Palais d'Orsay has been abandoned, as the cellars are full of water. The Continental Hotel and many residences in the aristocratic quarter are rapidly being evacuated. There is ten feet of water in the Subway Station in front of the Gare St. Lazare, and the sinking of the square threatens to carry down the adjacent buildings.

Half of the arrondissements of Paris are affected directly now, and the rich as well as the poor are beginning to suffer. The wealthy Champs Elysées district is without gas or electricity, and some of the homes have no heat. Many of the residents are leaving their homes for the hotels, which are crowded.

Because of the danger to those within Foreign Minister Pichon to-day ordered the evacuation of the wing of the Foreign Office Building, which borders on the flooded Rue de Constantine. All of the active working departments of the office were closed, and the routine duties were left temporarily in the hands of Minister Pichon and his staff. West Street, at the west of the Foreign Office, is in imminent danger of collapse, being sustained only by the compressed air forced from the flooded subway which runs underneath. Should this fail the entire street must cave in. The archives of the Foreign Office in an adjoining building appear safe.

The water has invaded the Post Office Building and forced the employes to flee. It has also reached the Chamber of Deputies, although the members continued in session as usual. The Chamber has been cut off from telegraphic and telephonic connection. This afternoon water began to pour into the cellars of the Hotel de Ville.

Undermined Streets Cave In.

This afternoon the Rue Royale, between the Place de la Concorde and the Madeleine, the famous church edifice, began to sink and was hurriedly roped off. The boulevard adjoining the Pont de Bercy and the street in front of the Louvre Museum also began to cave in. The entire district back of the Quai de Javel is inundated, and the water is emerging from the sewers at many isolated sections far from the Seine.

The flood-invaded streets are filled with rowboats, the owners of which demand fabulous prices for the removal of furniture and valuables to places of safety.

The water has reached the top of the Presidential Tribune at the Longchamps race course, and six square miles of the Bois de Boulogne are submerged.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the rushing Seine touched the keystone of the arch of the Pont de l'Alma. The backwater overflowed the Cours la Reine to a depth of nearly five feet, flooding the basements of the magnificent residences there. The cellar of the home of United States Ambassador Bacon was filled and his furnace fire drowned out. The Ambassador is now left without heat or light in his home.

In the fashionable Avenue Pierre-Charron a great rent extending 100 feet opened, engulfing a cab and several carts. The metropolitan subway at several points has been invaded by the sewage from the overflowing drains.

To-night the water had filled the arches of the Pont de l'Archeveche, and, overflowing the parapet, flooded the squares and streets near Notre Dame. Foot passage across the Pont des Sts. Pères has been stopped.

The authorities now believe it will be possible to save all of the stone bridges, the only fear being for the iron Pont des Arts and the Pont de Solferino.

Bakers Thrown Into River.

Paris is beginning to feel the pinch of hunger. The supply of fresh meat and vegetables is failing and prices are soaring to famine figures. Some avaricious bakers who attempted to double the price of bread were roughly handled to-day and two of them were thrown into the Seine at Charenton.

With the failure of the gas and electric lighting plants Paris is confronted with an oil famine. Scores of oil barges from Rouen are tied up in the Seine and the great depots of distribution in the outskirts of Paris are flooded. The oil refineries at Rouen are endangered. The situation in the provinces is no better than in the city, as they are supplied with oil from Paris.

Another serious phase of the situation is that Paris is becoming rapidly isolated, telegraph and telephone wires being "drowned or grounded." Wire communication is failing in all directions. It is impossible to communicate by telephone between the two banks of the Seine. This has greatly crippled the work of relief and the dispatch of prompt succor.

Only two railroads to the north and west were operating directly into Paris to-day. Railroad communication to the south and with Italy, Switzerland, and the Spanish peninsula is slow and by long and tedious détours to avoid places where the tracks have been washed out.

The most deplorable situation in the neighborhood of Paris continue to be at Ivry and Alfortville, where the River Marne joins the Seine. Prefect of Police Lépine has taken up headquarters in that district and is directing the work of rescue. After ceaseless work through the night with row boats and auto boats the morning found more than 3,000 persons imprisoned in the second story of their houses.

Details from the flooded regions of the provinces are harrowing in their monotony of broken dykes in the canals and the inundation of villages. The rivers in the southwest were rising rapidly to-day. The swollen Loire has caused heavy damage in the Province of Touraine.

Reports from Rouen say that the quays and fields for many miles are under water. Half the town of Plaisance, in the Department of Gers, is submerged and hundreds of refugees are making their way to Paris. Extensive floods have occurred in Gironde, where the rivers continue to rise at an alarming rate.

Hundreds of persons have perished in the valley of the Doubs. A whole family was rescued by soldiers in an auto boat after the members had been swept from a raft and the father, holding a revolver above the flood, was about to shoot the others and kill himself.

Government Works for Relief.

In the face of a National disaster France is giving a fine exhibition of pluck and solidarity. Political divisions have been buried, and those in authority have devoted themselves solely to the work of rescue and of providing shelter and food for the homeless.

Every reserve of the Government, including the army, was employed to-day. Boats were requisitioned at all ports and soldiers and firemen worked tirelessly. Nevertheless Premier Briand and the other Ministers who had not left their posts for forty-eight hours were unable to respond to the appeals for help coming in from every direction. Provincial authorities received general instructions to act on their own initiative witnout awaiting orders from the central Government.

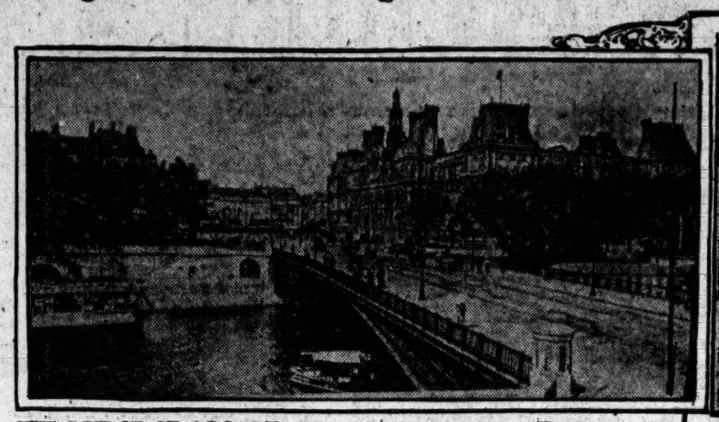
Special meetings of the Cabinet were held to-day to consider means for coping with the havoc already wrought and the greater danger still impending. Military forces have been summoned from all parts of the country, and the city has been divided into five military divisions for the purpose of administering the work of rescue and relief. Five hundred sailors from Dunkirk, Havre, and Cherbourg arrived here this afternoon to aid in relief work.

The Cabinet decided to-day to open the Pantheon, St. Sulpice Seminary, and other former church properties which escheated to the State, for the shelter of refugees.

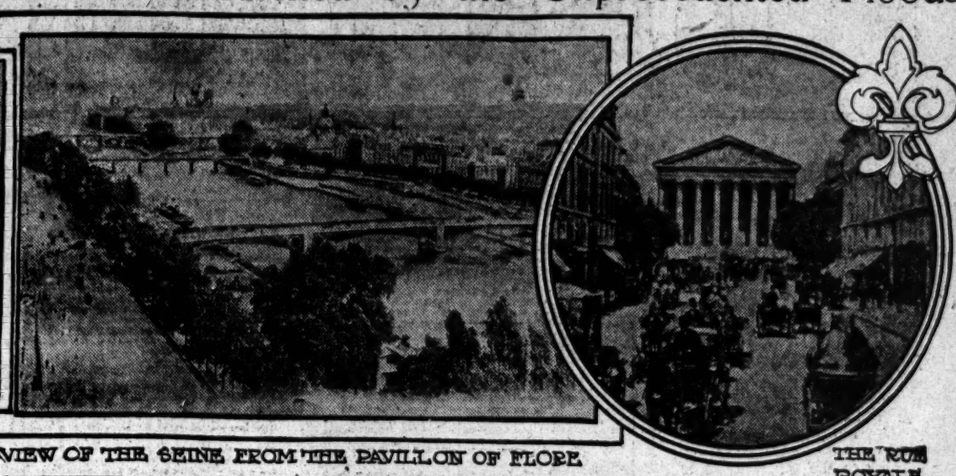
The immense losses in every branch of industry were reflected on the Bourse to-day, where a bad slump in industrials and railroad stocks occurred. At a conference between the officials of the Chamber of Commerce and MM. Cochéry and Dupuy, Ministers of Finance and Commerce respectively, it was decided to ask Parliament to authorize an extension of time for commercial paper because of the general disorganization of business.

The City Council, at a special session to-day, voted $30,000 for the immediate relief of the flood sufferers.

Bridges and Buildings in Paris Which Are Threatened by the Unprecedented Floods

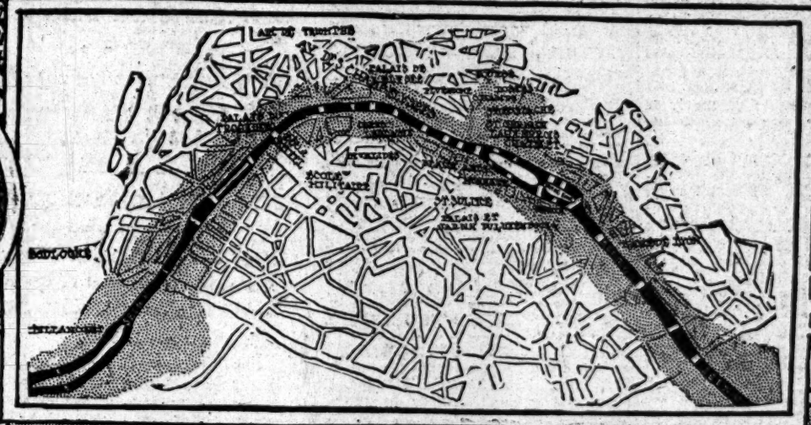


THE BRIDGE OF ARCOLE AND THE CITY HALL, WHERE THE RIVER IS 28 FEET ABOVE HIGH WATER MARK.



VIEW OF THE SEINE FROM THE PAVILLON OF FLORE.

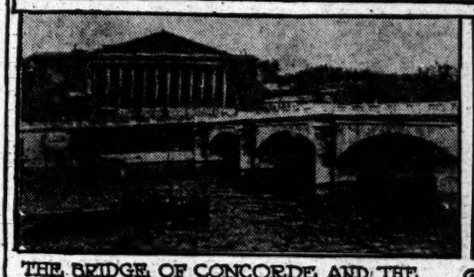
PANORAMA OF THE SEINE WHERE THE DANGER IS GREATEST.



THE QUAI D'ORSAY AND THE GARE D'ORLEANS NOW ENTIRELY SUBMERGED.

THE RUE ROYALE WHICH HAS FALLEN IN

PARIS IN "THE VICINITY OF THE SEINE." TINT SHOWS SECTION INUNDATED.



THE BRIDGE OF CONCORDE AND THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES. THE BRIDGE MAY BE DESTROYED.

BRIDGE OF ARTS WHICH THE ENGINEERS MAY BLOW UP

VIOLENT STORMS IN ITALY.

Trees and Walls Blown Down and Country Is Flooded.

ROME, Jan. 26.—The weather has been stormy throughout Italy for several days, causing considerable damage. The storm here to-day was especially violent. The Tiber rose 40 feet, flooding the country, while many trees and walls were blown down, a number of persons being injured.

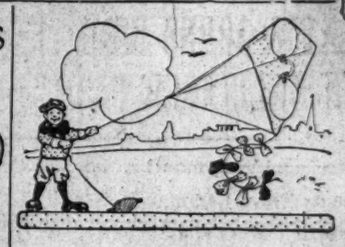
Along the Mediterranean Coast the damage is even more serious, and several boats were driven ashore. The steamer Admiral, having on board the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, has been delayed two days at Naples, owing to the hurricane. In the south there have been serious floods and numerous earth shocks have occurred.

VENICE, Jan. 26.—The report that Venice has been swept by a tidal wave is entirely without foundation. Venice has been very little affected by the storms which have done so much damage elsewhere, and the only result of the recent rains has been a rise in the canals.

NAPLES, Jan. 26.—Driven by the hurricane, the sea at several points has destroyed the streets along the harbor front. Reports from the country around Naples describe violent hail and rain storms, with a considerable fall of snow.

The River Arno, in Tuscany, a dispatch from Florence says, is rising at an alarming rate, and a number of villages have been flooded.

GENOA, Jan. 26.—The storm here took on such proportions as to threaten the safety of steamers in the harbor. The residents of several of the suburban quarters have left their homes, fearing that they would be swept away. At places the sea wall has been broken down by the high waves.



A Gust of Wind
may sail a kite, but it won't keep your glasses on your nose unless they are fitted with the

Harris Suction Clip

It holds eyeglasses comfortably and securely by suction contact, not spring pressure, and saves broken glasses, time and temper. Attached to any eyeglass in 35 seconds for 35 cents

Sold only at our stores.

M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians

54 East 23d Street, near Fourth Ave.
27 West 34th St., bet. 5th Ave. & B'way
54 West 125th Street, near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st and 82d Sts.
76 Nassau Street, near John Street.

489 Fulton St., (Op. A. & S.,) B'klyn.

Landay BROS. **Victor**
400 Fifth Av
(Opp. Tiffany's.)
27 West 34th St.
(McCreery's side.)

OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

To find a select Furnished Room see Page 15.

WILEY RETURNS JEWELRY.

Alienist Thus Settles $1,400 Larceny Charge Made by Miss Pedder.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 26.—Dr. G. G. Wiley, who testified as an alienist at the first trial of Harry Kendall Thaw and was arrested Jan. 18 on a larceny charge preferred by Miss Dora Pedder, who says that the physician appropriated $1,400 worth of jewelry from her two years ago, settled the case against him to-day before it came to a hearing by returning the $1,400 worth of jewels.

The jewels were found in a pawnshop, and Dr. Wiley said the charges were brought through a misunderstanding. Miss Pedder withdrew her complaint.

Miss Pedder is said to be the only unmarried daughter of John Pedder, former partner and friend of Andrew Carnegie, who died here two weeks ago. According to Miss Pedder she found after her father's funeral that she was in need of immediate cash, and she thought of her $1,400 worth of diamonds which she lent Dr. Wiley two years ago.

Miss Pedder, who is 40 years old, explained that Wiley, who had been a great friend of the family, came to her two years ago and stated that the grilling which District Attorney Jerome of New York had given him on the stand in the Thaw trial had practically ruined him for the time, an dthat he was in urgent need of money and that she lent him her diamonds. She says she did not know the meaning of the term pawn at that time, nor did she know what Wiley wanted to do with her diamonds save that in some way their possession for a few days would help him.

PEARY GETS CHICAGO MEDAL.

Wants to See United States Send Expedition to South Pole.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—The "Helen Culver" Medal was presented to Commander Robert E. Peary to-night by the Chicago Geographical Society. The medal bears an inscription as follows:

Awarded Jan. 26, 1910, to Commander Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., for distinguished service in arctic exploration and the first achievement of the north pole, April 6, 1909.

Prof. L. C. Chamberlin of the University of Chicago, who was among the first American scientists to doubt, openly, Dr. Cook's story of discovering the north pole, received a medal for geological discoveries.

Commander Peary in an interview to-day said:

"Not the north pole, but the south pole, has been the subject of my thoughts recently. I don't mean I am contemplating a trip there, but I hope to live to see an American discover the southern end of the earth. Such a discovery is not likely to be accomplished soon by private enterprise. I am in favor of the equipping of an expedition by the United States. That would go a long way toward fixing the Stars and Stripes down there."

WHY HE THINKS PERIN INSANE.

Brother Tells of a Notion of Owning a Village with Seignorial Rights.

Justice Hendrick in the Supreme Court signed an order yesterday which will permit the service of papers in actions against Lawrence Perin, the alleged incompetent, on Dr. Carlos F. McDonald, to whose sanitarium he was transferred from Bellevue Hospital for observation. Proceedings for the appointment of a commission of his person and property have been begun by his brother, Oliver Perin. Oliver Perin alleges that his brother has an estate of $10,000, and is a widower with one son, Lawrence Perin, Jr., an infant; that Perin squandered $75,000 abroad, $15,000 of which went for a castle in Spain.

Oliver Perin recites various conversations with his brother which he maintains are evidence of insanity. Among them is a declaration of his brother that the village of Ronda, in Spain, had been presented to him by the royal family with the right to hang and shoot the inhabitants for his amusement.

RENEW VIVISECTION FIGHT.

Bill for State Regulation to be Drafted Soon, Says Mrs. Bolais.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 26.—The anti-vivisection movement received impetus to-day when Mrs. Diana Bolais of New York called on Senators Davis of Buffalo and Senator Brough of New York. Mrs. Bolais is President of the Anti-Vivisection Society and intends to push a bill for State regulation and supervision.

After her interviews with members of the Legislature Mrs. Bolais said she expected that a new measure would be drafted soon. It will be similar to the Brough-Murray measure of last year.

More Pay for Legislators.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan 26.—Senators and Assemblymen will have ample funds to meet the higher cost of living if a proposed constitutional amendment introduced by Senator Stilwell of the Bronx becomes effective. He provides for an increase of salary for legislators, making the yearly pay of Senators $5,000 and of Assemblymen $3,000. The present salary of Senators and Assemblymen is $1,500 a year.

$150,000 SCHOOL FOR CATHEDRAL CHOIR

Mrs. J. Jarrett Blodgett Starts the Fund with a $25,000 Gift to St. John the Divine.

TO BE A HOME FOR BOYS, TOO

Along with Their Instructors—Like the Famous Westminster School of London—Ready Dec. 27.

Canon Ernest Voorhis of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine announced yesterday that the cathedral is to have a new choir school building, to cost approximately $150,000. This has been made possible by the generosity of Mrs. J. Jarrett Blodgett of 5 East Sixty-second Street, who has contributed $25,000 toward its construction.

The new choir school building will stand on the east side of the cathedral campus, about half way between 111th and 112th Streets, on Columbia Heights. It will be several stories high and will be of light-colored brick, faced with a light gray colored stone to match the cathedral.

The building will contain a music room, reception rooms, a gymnasium, dormitories for forty resident choir boys, baths, a library, private apartments for the masters, dining rooms large enough to accommodate eighteen men and from forty to sixty boys, and housekeepers' and servants' quarters. The building will in both construction and equipment compare favorably with the Westminster School of London and the King's College School at Cambridge.

Some such choir school building has been the hope of Canon Voorhis ever since he started the cathedral choir six years ago. He has always said that the building would cost $150,000, the outfitting of it about $6,000, and the precentor's and organist's quarters an extra $75,000.

Mrs. Blodgett was interested in the plan by Canon G. W. Douglass of the cathedral. It was pointed out to her, among other things, that up to the present the thirty-five boys in the cathedral choir have had to do all their rehearsing and studying either in the cathedral crypt or in the old and inadequate "Senate Hall," in the middle of the cathedral campus. When the choir boys live at their homes, their attendance on renearsal is less regular, and they are away from the constant influence of their music teachers.

Mrs. Blodgett's gift was formally accepted by the cathedral's Board of Trustees at their regular monthly meeting last Tuesday. Canon Voorhis said that he already had received promises of other contributions toward the building of the choir school, and that the work of construction will be begun in the Spring, so that the school will be in use by next Dec. 27, St. John's Day, on which date the new choir and crossing will be formally opened.

The forty boys who are selected to become permanent residents of the building will get both a musical and a grammar school education absolutely free. They will be boarded free and will occupy beds in the dormitories. Their only expense will be the providing of their uniforms, which will cost about $16 a year, and their books, which will cost about $5 a year.

SCHISM IN MEN'S CLUB.

Members of Laymen's Society Resent Canon Voorhis's Attitude.

The Laymen's Club of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine fears a schism. Some 25 per cent of the club's 125 members and several of the original founders have resigned or will send in their resignations before next Wednesday's regular monthly meeting. This defection will hamper the collection for the two oak sedalias, to cost $300, which the club has been soliciting for the cathedral choir. It will also make many empty seats at the club's annual dinner, at its usual Winter lecture course, and at its other social activities, it was said.

The fight is over the club's funds and what shall be done with them, according to statements yesterday. Those members who have resigned said yesterday that Canon Voorhis said in reply that he was nent last year when the resignation of the cathedral's former organist, Walter Henry Hall, was called for, was trying to turn the Cathedral's Laymen's Club into a sort of "financial feeder" for what they call his various "pet theories." Canon Voorhis said, in reply, that he was merely trying to put the activities of the club on an "earnestly effective plane."

The club was organized two years ago by residents of Columbia Heights and the upper west side, who attend the regular Sunday services in the cathedral's crypt. Controller Walter B. Brown of the Franklin Savings Bank and W. D. Davidge, an insurance agent, formed the organization. It held many meetings, generally in the Senate Hall on the cathedral campus at 111th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. The club held two dinners a year, one at the Hotel Marseilles and the other at the Victoria. Under its auspices two oratorios were given by Canon Voorhis's Cathedral School Choir last year.

Early in the Winter Hugh M. Foster proposed that the club should present the cathedral choir with two "sedalias" when the choir loft opens next St. John's day, Dec. 27, 1910. Some one asked Mr. Foster exactly what he meant by "sedalias." Mr. Foster answered that "sedalias" were special seats in the choir for the cantor, precentor, and the cantor bursar. They should be of carved oak to match the choir stalls, Mr. Foster thought, and should cost $600.

"I am sorry Mr. Brown has made this matter public," said Canon Voorhis last night. "The unexaggerated facts of the controversy, however, are these: After the club had done nothing of serious import for two years, a majority of the members concluded that certain constitutional amendments were necessary to put the club on a more effective footing. I called the members informally together myself. We discussed whether the dues should be increased to $5 or $10 and other constitutional changes which would emphasize more clearly the club's power to subscribe to regular cathedral objects. The resolutions to amend the club's constitution were passed at the last monthly meeting without protest so far as I remember from Mr. Brown or any other member."

WARNING OF ROOT STIRS UP LEADERS

New York Republicans at Washington Minimize Senator's Fears of Disaster to Party.

FLOCK TO THE WHITE HOUSE

Politicians at Albany Think Woodruff Must Retire from State Chairmanship—Hard to Find a Successor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The speech of Senator Root last night, in which he declared that the Republican Party in New York was fast becoming demoralized, was the one topic of interest to New Yorkers here to-day. The members of the New York delegation and State politicians who are here flocked to the White House, and the speech of the junior Senator was evidently the occasion of the gathering.

From all sides come unmistakable evidences of the desire of New Yorkers to minimize Mr. Root's criticisms of the conditions of the party in New York. Mr. Root himself did not discuss his utterances, though he let it become known that his talk with the President had to do chiefly with the legislative programme and not with conditions in New York. In his speech last night Mr. Root, while declaring that the people of the State trusted Gov. Hughes and that his hands must be upheld, added that undoubtedly the Governor's methods had caused disunion in the party. He said that at present he could suggest no meeting ground, but that the various factions in the State must get together or disaster would follow.

Whether the New Yorkers went to the White House to see the President or to see Mr. Root, who was known to be calling there, does not appear. Senator Depew was among those present, and in addition there were Timothy Woodruff, Republican State Chairman; Representative Herbert Parsons, who resigned as New York County Chairman; Representative Bennet, with several New York friends, and Representative Calder of Brooklyn with William A. Prendergast, the new Controller of New York.

Depew Is Optimistic.

While the other New Yorkers simply spoke to the President in a group, the two Senator were closeted with him for some time. Mr. Depew denied that he had discussed the situation in New York in the President's office, and then proceeded to discuss it briefly outside in an effort to dispel the impression caused by Mr. Root's remarks.

"There is no fear," said Mr. Depew, "that the party, when it gathers in convention to nominate a successor to Gov. Hughes, will go against his record or his policies. The situation is not nearly as bad as it is painted, and the Republicans will stand together, and after choosing a candidate they will elect him."

As to Mr. Hughes's definite place in the party hall of fame, Mr. Parsons was still more talkative. He said that the Hughes policies had come to stay, and that the party convention would nominate a man in keeping with the standard set by Mr. Hughes.

At one time," said Mr. Parsons, "I did not like the look of things, but I am convinced that the party is all right now."

Mr. Parsons is not pleased at the way in which he has been described as a Roosevelt man in opposition to President Taft. He said to-day that it could be stated positively that whoever was elected County Chairman to succeed him would be a Taft man. His own resignation had ben decided on months ago, he said, and had nothing to do with the political situation.

Mr. Woodruff, who has never been enthusiastic when Gov. Hughes's candidacy for future offices was before the public, spoke regretfully to-day of the Governor's retirement from office. He said that the Democatic Party in the State has gone to pieces and that Republican success is assured.

Nothing definite is known here of the candidates for County Chairman to succeed Mr. Parsons. Mr. Bennet is quoted as admitting that he had declined the post, and he understood that Representative Olcott had also refused to consider the place, though he had nothing to say as to who would take it.

Expect Woodruff to Go.

ALBANY, Jan. 26.—The statement attributed in Washington to Republican State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff that he would be willing "to get out if a better man can be found to fill his place," was received among the politicians at the Capitol with a great deal of interest. The opinion, cautiously expressed among certain Republicans here, is that not only must Mr. Woodruff relinquish his leadership, but there must be a readjustment all along the line in the Republican State organization.

Many of the Republican leaders admitted as early as last Fall that Democratic victory was in the wind. Recent events have convinced the leaders that the organization is facing a crisis. Among these events are the prospective airing of the Allds scandal, the practical exile from the Lieutenant Governor's chair of Horace White, who has been absent from the sessions of the Senate since his name became involved in the disclosures regarding the transfer of the People's Mutual Life Insurance Association and League of Syracuse; the admission on the part of Mr. Woodruff that he was familiar with the accusation brought against Senator Allds at the time he announced here at Albany that "if he were a Republican Senator he certainly would vote for Allds for President pro tem. of the Senate," and Mr. Woodruff's recent defense of Lieut. Gov. White. In many quarters the conviction is expressed that there must be an entirely new deal, involving the retirement of Odell, Hendricks, Aldridge, Woodruff, Barnes, and all the old crowd.

MAY FORCE KEENE TO TELL OF CRASH

Receiver for One Firm Pulled Down by Hocking Deal Gets After the Speculator.

LOSING CLIENTS BEGIN SUIT

Seek to Recover $50,000 Lost by Forced Sale of Their Stock—Exchange Investigation Ends.

Whatever the result of the Stock Exchange investigations into the Hocking pool may be there seems to be little doubt that the whole matter, or at least the responsibility of those concerned, will receive a thorough airing.

In addition to the suit for breach of contract against members of the "June pool," as told in THE TIMES yesterday, and the movement on foot among the participants in the several pools to demand an accounting from James R. Keene under the terms of their agreement, still another possible line of inquiry was opened yesterday by the declaration of Irving L. Ernst, receiver of J. M. Fiske & Co., that he would start an inquiry in the Federal courts under the provisions of the bankruptcy act.

Mr. Ernst said that he would put James R. Keene on the stand, and anybody else who might be necessary. He would get to the bottom of the whole affair, he promised. The Federal statutes give a receiver broad powers of interrogation. It was by this procedure that the inside facts of the McIntyre failure and other Stock Exchange scandals of 1908 were brought to light.

The Stock Exchange announced yesterday that the investigation of J. M. Fiske & Co.'s affairs had been completed by the sub-committee and referred to the Governing Committee, which has until Feb. 9 to act.

Meanwhile the action for breach of contract was started yesterday in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn. The pool members who seek to force an accounting from James R. Keene under the terms of the pool agreement are trying to get the co-operation of the necessary 60 per cent. of the stock in the pool.

Howard H. Taylor, a Brooklyn business man, is the plaintiff in the suit. The complaint, which was filed yesterday afternoon by George W. Harper, Jr., of the law firm of Pavey & Harper, names the members of six brokerage firms alleged to have been participants in the June pool of, 10,000 shares, and Mr. Taylor seeks to recover from them individually and severally $23,800 lost through sales "under the rule" after the original sales at higher prices had been repudiated by the pool members. The firms named are Day, Adams & Co., Albert J. Elias & Co., Rollins & Co., Jewett Brothers, J. M. Fiske & Co., and Lathrop, Haskins & Co. Attorney Harper has other clients whose losses bring the aggregate up to $50,000.

The complaint alleges that "on information and belief" the plaintiff, through his brokers, A. A. Waterman & Co. and James N. Brown & Co., and the defendants, "duly sold to Roberts, Hall & Criss, the agent of the defendants," 300 shares of Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Company stock at $82 per share, 100 shares at $66 per share, and 100 shares at $70 per share. The agent of the defendants, it is alleged, assigned the 300 shares to J. M. Fiske & Co. Upon the suspension of this firm the 300 shares were sold under the rule at 34 for 100 shares and 31 for 200 shares.

His other shares were sold originally in two lots of 100 each, of which the first brought 70 and the second 66. The second lot was also assigned to brokers who either refused to accept the deliveries or failed, and these were sold under the rule at 24. These differences foot up to $23,800.

This damage is asked for on the alleged ground that the defendants refused to pay for the stock "so purchased on their account by the said agents, though demand has been made by this plaintiff."

In view of the condemnation visited on the Stock Exchange authorities for passing over complaints made of the manipulation of Hocking stock last November Wall Street was interested yesterday in a report of an examination of the property by William S. McGuire of Hotchkiss, Garber & McGuire, the head of which firm is receiver for Lathrop, Haskins & Co., the Stock Exchange house which was the sponsor of the property.

Mr. McGuire explained yesterday something of the company's financial condition and its relation to Lathrop, Haskins & Co. He said that the amount of money needed to complete the company's enlarged brick plant is $50,000. Its total cost so far of $800,000, he said, had been advanced by Lathrop, Haskins & Co., to whom is due on this account $450,000. The brick works have been built by a subsidiary company which has taken its pay in bonds of the Hocking Company and has in turn paid them over to Lathrop, Haskins & Co. In this connection Receiver Hotchkiss obtained leave from Judge Hand in the United States Court yesterday to join in any suits in Ohio against the company or other defendants.

In the auction room yesterday an echo of the Hocking collapse was heard in the offering of 500 shares of Hocking stock which brought 17. Two lots of Hocking collateral trust sinking fund 6 per cent. bonds, which a few weeks ago were offered to investors at 104, sold at 25 and 31.

SITE FOR NEW COURT HOUSE.

Bill Provides for Erection of Building in City Hall Park.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 26.—By a bill he introduced to-day Assemblyman Robert S. Conklin hopes to provide legislation which will insure a new Court House for New York County. The bill amends the law of 1903, which prohibits the use of land in City Hall Park for additional public buildings.

"For several years," Assemblyman Conklin said, "a commission has been trying to secure a site for a Court House in New York. Lawyers objected to some of the sites and Judges to others. All have agreed to the bill which was introduced to-day as a solution of the problem."

Mr. Conklin's bill provides for the razing of the City and County Court Houses on Chambers Street and for the erection of new buildings on the site.

SEE WASHINGTON
THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Pennsylvania Railroad
TOURS
February 3, 17, March 3, 21, April 7, 21, and May 5, 1910
$12.00 and $14.50 from New York
Covers all necessary expenses

Itineraries, tickets, and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents; C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York, or

J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Atlantic City
LENTEN OUTINGS
VIA
Pennsylvania R.R.
Every Saturday
February 5 to March 19, inclusive
$10 or $12
according to hotel selected
Covers round-trip transportation and two days' board

Through trains leave New York at 9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days; 7:55 A. M. Sundays.

Consult Ticket Agents, or C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Ave., New York.

THE FORMULA IS ON EVERY BOTTLE OF
Sal-Eliminant DUSAL
You therefore
"KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING."
It eliminates the poisons that cause
Rheumatism, Uric Acid, Gout, Liver and Kidney Disorders, Irritation of Bladder.
It overcomes CONSTIPATION and the ill effects of OVEREATING and ALCOHOLIC POISONS.
A medical journal states: "SAL-ELIMINANT (Dusal) not only maintains its reputation, but is gaining popularity as a prompt and pleasant eliminant by leaps and bounds."
Free from Alcohol and Poisonous Drugs. At druggists', 50c., $1, or by mail. Send for free booklet.
Dusal Chemical Co., 34 E. 19th St., N. Y.

GLAVIS OPENS FIRE IN BALLINGER CASE

Tells Inquiry Committee Documents Prove Secretary's Connection with Land Schemes.

AVOIDS CORRUPTION CHARGE

Attorney Promises to Prove That Deposed Agent's Interference Prevented Improper Issue of Patents.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The joint committee to investigate the Pinchot-Ballinger affair began its real work this afternoon by listening to the beginning of the testimony of L. R. Glavis, the deposed field agent of the Department of the Interior, who is generally expected to prove the most important witness against Secretary of the Interior Ballinger. The session, which lasted about two hours and a half, was largely taken up by the preliminary presentment of the points Mr. Glavis expects to prove by one of his counsel, Louis D. Brandeis of Boston. The lawyer did not conclude his statement, and he will be heard again on Friday.

Mr. Brandeis was reluctant to make a preliminary statement of any sort, and only after Mr. Glavis had charged that documentary proofs existed of Mr. Ballinger's part as counsel for the Wilson Coal Company of Washington State in a plan to defraud the Government did he yield to the repeated invitation of the committee members, and begin the outline of his argument. The United States District Court at Seattle decided only to-day that the title of the lands involved in the Wilson Coal Company case should revert to the Government.

The Wilson matter, however, has nothing to do with the committee's investigation, except in so far as it tends to show the professional habits of Mr. Ballinger at a time several years previous to his official career. It was thought that in delaying his general statement Mr. Brandeis was making sure that testimony on this point got before the committee.

What attracted the most attention in the statement of Mr. Glavis's counsel was his constant refusal to bring any charge of "corruption" against Mr. Ballinger. On that point he was repeatedly interrupted by committee members, and asked if what he intended to prove was not "corrupt" behavior on the part of the present Secretary of the Interior, but on none of these occasions would Mr. Brandeis commit himself or his client further than to use the words "improper activities."

"I did not use the word 'corruption,'" said Mr. Brandeis to the committee. "This is a solemn matter before us, one in which there is no room for charges of corruption or charges of any sort. I will refrain from all charges save the charge of the facts. It is for the committee to decide from the facts what is a proper characterization of the deeds related and for them to decide whether the great trust of the public lands is in safe hands or not."

The refusal of Mr. Glavis's counsel to charge direct corruption following the many charges contained in Mr. Glavis's published articles on the conduct of the Land Office and the Interior Department may explain the eagerness of the witness and his lawyer to lay the foundations for further evidence in the case of the Wilson coal lands. Bearing on that case they assert that in the possession of the Land Office are papers proving Mr. Ballinger's complicity. It is believed by some that they have not the same hope in regard to fixing responsibility for other charges on the Secretary of the Interior, and wish to make the most of the old story.

The case against the Wilson Coal Company dates back eleven years, and the alleged fraud was an agreement entered into with the company by Watson Allen to secure title to lands for which the company was trying to get patents. Mr. Brandeis and Mr. Glavis both declared that such a transaction could only be accomplished by perjury, as the patentee has to swear that he is getting the land in his own interest and not for transfer, and that a fraud against the public would have been necessary in order to carry out the deal.

Mr. Ballinger was said to have been Allen's counsel and to have drawn up an agreement for the alleged fraudulent transfer. The agreement is said to be set forth in a deposition by Mr. Allen, in which Mr. Ballinger is simply referred to as "counsel," while the name is said to be mentioned as such in a stenographic copy of a conversation between Allen and a Government attorney at which Henry M. Hoyt, now Attorney General of Porto Rico, and then Assistant United States Attorney, was present. The committee was asked to demand these papers, and Chairman Nelson promised to do so.

The omission of Mr. Ballinger's name from the formal deposition was explained by Mr. Glavis as the result of a stipulation made by the lawyers. He had not seen the stipulation himself, and did not know why it had been made, but he said he had his information on the subject from C. C. Richardson, a Government attorney in the case, while the actual omission of the name from the deposition after it had been mentioned in the less formal statement taken down in shorthand, he thought, was proof of his statement.

The object of Mr. Glavis's testimony as described by Mr. Brandeis is to show that after directing a full and complete investigation into the Cunningham coal claims by Mr. Glavis, Mr. Ballinger ordered the claims to be patented at once without allowing time for the investigation; to show further that the issue of the patents was only prevented by Mr. Glavis's intervention and the influence he brought to bear on his own department heads through the interposition of Mr. Pinchot's bureau in the Department of Agriculture, and still further to show that information in the Land Office under Mr. [illegible] was allowed to reach the claimants, rendering investigation in spite of the strict department rule to the contrary, and that Mr. Ballinger had thus by omission and commission failed to act for the public good.

"You mean that Mr. Ballinger used improperly the information at his disposal as an officer of the Government when he became counsel for the Cunninghams?" asked a member of the committee.

"Yes, but that is not all," answered Mr. Brandeis.

"You mean," he was asked again, "that Mr. Ballinger acted improperly and in favor of the claimants in the face of information supplied him that the claimants were trying to defraud the Government?"

"In the face of certain information to that effect," said Mr. Brandeis, "but that is not all."

What else he would prove Mr. Brandeis did not say.

COURT REJECTS WILSON CLAIM.

Decides That Title to Alaska Coal Lands Reverts to Government.

SEATTLE, Jan. 26.—In the United States District Court Judge Cornelius H. Hanford decided to-day that title to more than a thousand acres of valuable coal lands in Lewis County, claimed by P. C. Richardson and several members of the R. S. Wilson family, all of Seattle, should revert to the Government.

These are the lands referred to by L. R. Glavis in his testimony before the Ballinger-Pinchot Commission this afternoon, and litigation and negotiations over them have been in progress for eleven years.

In February, 1899, R. S. Wilson and his son, George B. Wilson, filed a declaration on the northwest quarter section 10, township 14, Lewis County, and about two years later Wilson conceived the idea of obtaining title to 1,040 acres of coal lands in that region.

Various declaratory statements were filed by other members of the Wilson family, and legal action was instituted to obtain title. Then the Wilsons sought to buy the land from the Government. They interested P. C. Richardson of Seattle, who invested $8,300. The Wilsons and Richardson organized the Sterling Coal Company, which paid the Land Office for 320 acres of the land. The Wilsons, according to sworn testimony, then organized the Wilson Coal Land Company, leaving Richardson out.

Richardson entered suit against the Sterling Company for his share, but the action was dismissed in 1905 by Judge Hanford on the ground that the Sterling Company was an illegal combination.

The Government investigated the whole case, held up the application for title to the remainder of the 1,040 acres, and eventually entered suit for the recovery of the original 320 acres.

CHARGES ALASKA LOBBY.

Territorial Delegate Says Roosevelt and Taft Maintained One.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Charges by James Wickersham, Delegate from Alaska, that President Taft and Former President Roosevelt had maintained in Washington an Alaskan lobby in the persons of former Gov. W. B. Hoggatt and Major W. P. Richardson, an army officer, who is head of the Alaskan Road Commission, are revealed by proofs made public today of an executive hearing before the Senate Committee on Territories, in relation to the bill to create for Alaska a legislative council appointed by the President.

Judge Wickersham said that Richardson had come to him and to many others with bills which were against the interests of the people of Alaska, but would benefit the Guggenheims. He charged also that Gov. Hoggatt was "head lobbyist for the Guggenheims while being paid a salary as Governor."

Senator Beveridge, Chairman of the committee, called Judge Wickersham to order and warned him to guard his utterances with more care.

Ex-Gov. Hoggatt followed Judge Wickersham as a witness, and was asked by Senator Clarke of Arkansas if he knew why Wickersham had charged him with being a lobbyist.

"Judge Wickersham has probably not felt very kindly toward me since he resigned as Judge of the United States Court in Alaska rather than face charges which I prepared to make to the President if the Judge had not decided that he had best resign," responded Mr. Hoggatt.

"Have you any counter suggestion to make—that Wickersham is interested in lobbying for any particular interest?" continued Mr. Clarke.

"No, I do not know anything about it. He is not lobbying. He is just 'humbugging.' That is all."

That the bill itself as presented by the committee will not have an easy road was made manifest during an hour and a half that the measure was under consideration in the Senate to-day. Several Senators criticised it, the principal objection being based on the provision for the appointment of members of the proposed council by the President. The prevailing opinion seemed to be that election would be preferable.

Mme. Tetrazzini

the great colorature soprano has selected among all pianos for use on her

First American Concert Tour

under the management of Mr. Oscar Hammerstein,

The Hardman Piano

New York's Finest Art Product

Thus has Mme. Tetrazzini emphasized her statement:

"Hardman is my choice."

Mme. Tetrazzini on this tour will sing in the following cities:

Cleveland, Kansas City, Detroit, Columbus, Chicago Milwaukee, Buffalo, St. Louis, Montreal

The Hardman Piano is made in three forms:

The Hardman Grand—The Parlor Grand—The Baby Grand—The Small Grand.

The Hardman Upright—In six sizes and all periods of decoration.

The Hardman Autotone—The Piano all can play by hand or perforated music roll.

Call at our warerooms, and you will appreciate why Mme. Tetrazzini made her present selection.

The highest possible value allowed for your old piano taken in exchange.

Terms of payment may be conveniently arranged.

Hardman, Peck & Company

Established 1842

524 Fulton St., Brooklyn 138 Fifth Ave., New York

MORE PRICE CUTS IN FOOD PRODUCTS

Larger Supplies of Eggs and Meat Come Here on Account of Boycotts Elsewhere.

MILK PRODUCERS FIGHTING

Contend That Conditions Make It Impossible to Retail at Less Than 9 Cents a Bottle.

The milk producers managed to get their side of the controversy as to the price of milk before the public yesterday. Senator William R. Richardson of Goshen was a witness before Referee William Grant Brown in the inquiry into the milk trade undertaken by the Attorney General, and spoke strongly about the impotence of the farmers before the Consolidated Milk Exchange and Borden's Milk Company.

"It's one price or the other," he testified. "If the farmer does not like either, he can't sell his milk."

In the hall of the United Charities Building the New York Milk Committee held a meeting, the greater part of which was devoted to considering the milk question from the sanitarian's point of view. But at its close amid the cheers of the farmers, who filled the back of the room, Alfred Ely took up the question of price. He went into figures, and declared emphatically that if New York wanted milk produced under healthful conditions it must be willing to pay 9 cents for it, at any rate during most of the year.

But in spite of these statements the popular agitation against the present high prices continued to make its effect felt on the price of commodities. Borden's and the Sheffield Farms concern still reported last night that they saw no reason to reduce their prices, but they are face to face with stiff competition from other dealers of some importance.

Eggs dropped 2 cents, to 43 cents a dozen at wholesale for the best grade, and now can be purchased if customers are not finicky as to age or previous condition, as low as 18 cents. Dealers, however, said that the decline was attributable not to popular indignation, but to the spell of mild weather encouraging the hens, and the receipt in the market of 7,319 cases of 30 dozen apiece.

Cut in Meat Prices.

Butter, which was quoted at 37 cents last week, fetches now only 32½. Lamb has dropped from 12 to 11 cents, wholesale, and pork, the practical doubling in cost of which in the last year or two has been of particularly great hardship to the poorer consumers, broke 2 cents. Even beef, the price of which had advanced far less than other meats, in the language of the market, was weak yesterday, not only because of the languishing demand in this city, but because in other parts of the country consumption has fallen off and packing houses have forwarded some of the meat usually consumed elsewhere to this city.

An upper west side retailer with a good family business thus explained the situation:

"I haven't noticed yet any actual falloff in my customers, but I don't know how soon I may. Generally I order seven lambs from the wholesaler the beginning of each week. Last Monday I thought I'd better cut down my order to four. There were lots of other retailers like me, and the wholesaler told me he had never known business so bad. The result is he's taking less from the big packing houses, and they at the same time have an extra supply on hand."

When the Attorney General's hearing was resumed yesterday before Referee Brown a protest was filed by Mr. Ely, counsel for several members of the Consolidated Milk Exchange, on the ground that it was unfair to continue the investigation when the Grand Jury might indict some of the milk dealers of the city.

"The Grand Jury proceedings," he asserted, "have been started at the instigation of the Deputy Attorney General. I think the propriety of this proceeding should be brought before the Supreme Court."

"I did not instigate the Grand Jury's action," replied Deputy Attorney General John R. Coleman, and the referee ruled that he had no authority to discontinue the hearing.

A Question of Profits.

The large profits of the Sheffield Farms Company came up, and George W. Alger, counsel for that concern, was asked to explain them.

"Because our business methods are good and our profits are made on our entire business, on the special milk we sell for from 10 to 15 and 20 cents a quart, and from the by-products we produce, are we to be held to be guilty of a violation of the law?" he asked.

Then Senator Richardson, who gave evidence which led to the dissolution of the old Milk Exchange, was called to tell what he knew of the present Consolidated Milk Exchange, which professes to have nothing to do with prices, but does acknowledge consideration of the value of milk.

"There are just two prices for the farmer," said the witness, "the Exchange's and Borden's. He must take or leave one or the other."

"Does the Exchange benefit the farmer at all?"

"I don't see how. If we had a proper representation we should not complain."

As the witness saw it it makes little difference to the farmer how great is the demand in New York. It simply means that when the demand is heavy the dealers take milk they won't look at at other times. He was not in favor of the small dealer, as he put down a good deal of the present discontent of the farmer to the unorganized condition of the trade. But if the small dealer disappeared, he wanted to see the big firms show some consideration to the producer.

Senator Richardson also criticised the railroad freight rates and testified that milk is often forty-eight to sixty hours old before it reaches the consumer. Thus the milk shipped Sunday night may not be distributed till Tuesday morning.

Further expression of the farmers' point of view was given at the meeting of the New York Milk Committee in the afternoon. The programme did not call for the discussion of any such topic, and most of the time was taken up with hearing plans for supplying pure and modified milk during the Summer to the babies of the tenement houses.

A Bottle Suggestion.

In a paper by Mrs. Belmont Tiffany it was suggested that pure milk might be sold in white bottles, unsanitary pasteurized milk in blue bottles, and unpasteurized milk in black bottles.

"If the dealers," she said, "object to the ink-bottles, let them cease to sell milk only fit for ink bottles."

Dr. Charles E. North, consulting sanitary expert of the committee, thus summarized the milk supply of the city: The total quantity received each day by the city last year was 2,069,200 quarts, of which 1,653,320 were fluid, the rest being condensed. About 1 per cent. is certified, 10 per cent. scientifically pasteurized, 20 per cent. heated by the momentary process, and 69 per cent. is raw milk. To the sanitarian, 99 per cent. is subject to contamination from dirt; only 11 per cent. is safe from bacteria by being either certified or of the scientifically pasteurized variety.

The protest of the farmers came at the close of the meeting. Mr. Ely, setting forth their case, based his argument on the great cost of the sanitary precautions now demanded and the increased cost of labor and materials.

"The people of New York," he said, are living in a Utopia. The days of eight-cent milk are past. Why can you now buy land for $40 an acre near New York which fetched $125 twenty years ago if the farmers are well-off? Ten years ago cows cost $40, now they are $80. We used to pay laborers $14 a month and their board, now it's $20. Feed has gone up 100 per cent."

The special Grand Jury empanelled to consider the Milk Trust got down to work yesterday. Among those subpoenaed to appear before them are Joseph Laemmle, Secretary of the Consolidated Milk Exchange; Gustavus J. Wetterhahn, Secretary of the Local Milk Dealers' Protective Association, and Louis Miller, 22 Suffolk Street, and Samuel Levy, 47 Forsyth Street.

MILD MEAT BOYCOTT ON.

Union Square Meeting of Women Brings Only 150 Pledge-Takers.

An effort to start a bona fide boycott of meat was made yesterday by the National Progressive Women's Suffrage Union. They held a mass meeting at the noon hour in Union Square and managed to get about 150 signatures to their thirty-day anti-meat pledge. The first of their converts was the Rev. William Wilkinson, "Bishop of Wall Street," but their gratitude for his act was not sufficient to permit them to regard with equanimity his attempt to address a meeting which had been gathered to hear women speakers alone.

Mrs. Loebinger, Treasurer of the union, was in charge of the gathering, and summoned 200 or 300 of the passersby to gather at the foot of a rostrum of packing cases draped with the orange of the suffragettes just in front of the wooden cottage.

"We will go to Washington," she declared, "and batter down the doors of Congress and force them to give us women a voice in the affairs of the Nation. We demand the right to make our voices heard, when we as much as the men are ground down by the meat and other trusts.

"This very afternoon we are going to cable to the German Emperor and congratulate him on his shutting out our canned and uninspected beef."

She was followed by other members of the union, Mrs. Henrietta Riordan, Miss Beatrice Lloyd, and Mrs. Sadie Mackay Keene, who, when they were not speaking were going about in the crowd offering for sale copies of their yellow-bound publication, The Suffragette.

Miss Mary Donnelly was introduced as the only woman who had been in jail and had fought to stay there.

"Your wives," said Miss Donnelly, "are fighting every day against the dollar. They are fighting the trusts and trying to make a steak or eggs, which have been kept three years in cold storage, taste as though they were fresh. Before the election we heard a great deal of the full dinner pail. Nowadays I never seem to see a working man with a dinner pail. I reckon you live on air sandwiches."

Just then an unexpected ally arrived in Mrs. A. A. Brooks, President of the Gotham Club. She was greeted with acclaim and was at once asked to make a speech. Clad in a stylish heliotrope gown and a large hat adorned with heliotrope feathers, with the jeweled badges of her club flashing from her throat, she mounted the rostrum.

"I don't look like a poor woman, do I?" she said. "But I really have to count every dollar, and I know some quite poor people, though I look quite well-off, you know. It's a shame that fifteen men should be worth $900,000,000. I sent New Year's cards to all the fifteen packers and asked them to swear off meat for thirty days, and fight the Meat Trust."

The Rev. Mr. Wilkinson ascended the rostrum and, brushing aside all questions of woman's suffrage, went straight at the meat problem. The women were annoyed and talked of calling on the police, but Mrs. Loebinger knew a better way than that. She stopped the speaker on the ground that she wanted to make an announcement, and then kept right on talking till the men came to take away the rostrum.

MEAT INQUIRY TO BE NATIONAL.

Books of Several Concerns Laid Before Grand Jury in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—That the Government's investigation into the affairs of the Beef Trust is to be National was shown to-day, following the questioning before the Federal Grand Jury of Charles C. Snow, Secretary and Treasurer of the National Packing Company.

It was learned that the books and other documents of the following concerns have been laid before the jury: G. H. Hammond & Company of Michigan, G. H. Hammond & Co. of Illinois, Hammond Beef Company of Michigan, Hammond Packing Company of Colorado, Hammond Packing Company of Philadelphia, Hammond Packing Company of Toledo, Hammond Company of New York, Anglo-American Refrigerator Car Company of Illinois, Fowler Packing Company of Kansas, Kansas City Refrigerator Car Company of Kansas, United Dressed Beef Company of New York, St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Company of Missouri, Hutchison Packing Company of Kansas, National Carline Company of New Jersey, and the Provision Dealers' Dispatch of Illinois.

It was also learned that subpoenas had been issued for employes and officers of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and Morris & Co.

PRICES STILL GO DOWN.

Further Reductions in Meat and Live Stock Are Made.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 26.—Another drop of 10 to 15 cents a hundred pounds for livestock was quoted in the local stockyard market to-day. Pork loin fell off a cent on the retail price.

One firm of retailers, having a score of stores, has announced that no reduction will be made in the retail price, in spite of the drop in wholesale prices. No change was noted to-day in the produce or butter and egg markets.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 26.—Prices of some of the chief food products took a drop to-day. Western beef, however, was unaffected. In the local wholesale market eggs declined 3 cents per dozen, and butter 3 cents a pound. Pork was reduced 50 cents per hundred pounds yesterday. This decline in prices is attributed to the meat boycott.

FIGHT FOR LODGE'S SEAT.

Congressman Ames Wants to be Senator from Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—The candidacy of Congressman Butler Ames for the United States Senate, to succeed Senator Henry Cabot Lodge was formally announced to-day. Congressman Ames notified the members of the State Senate of his intention at a series of luncheons to the Senators in this city this week.

Mr. Ames told the Senators that he intended to make the contest in the caucuses next year as well as in the Legislature, and that he felt confident of winning. He declared that he expected to receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature and of many Republican members.

BRANDED HIS BABY BROTHER.

For branding his baby brother, Samuel, with a white-hot Lincoln penny, Jacob Goldberg, 11 years old, of 242 Delancey Street, was committed to the Jewish Protectory by Justice Deuel in the Children's Court yesterday. Jacob pleaded guilty, and didn't seem to think he had done anything serious.

"I didn't think it would hurt the boy," he said.

The boy heated the penny over a charcoal bucket fire and, handling it with tweezers, slapped it on the baby's cheek. The baby screamed and cried, but before Jacob's mother got home he had branded the child also on the legs.

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meat	300 lbs.
Milk	240 qts.
Butter	100 lbs.
Eggs	27 doz.
Vegetables	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for a year.

But some people eat and eat and grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A large size bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your Physician can tell you how it does it.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Solid Comfort on a Sunday Morning

Riker's Bed Back Rest . . 2.90

Riker's Bed Side Table . . 3.98

A good Breakfast and a Sunday Paper. For Invalids or Tired People.

RIKER DRUG STORES

You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's.

PANAMA LIBEL SUIT QUASHED BY COURT

Judge Hough Holds That the Circuit Court Lacks Jurisdiction Under the Storey Act.

SENT TO SUPREME COURT

Useless to Waste Time, He Declares, on a Question Which Pertains to State Jurisdiction.

After a running fire of argument with De Lancey Nicoll for the defense and Assistant District Attorney Wise for the Government, Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, quashed the indictment against The Press Publishing Company, publishers of The New York World, charging criminal libel in connection with the promulgation of stories about the purchase by the United States from France of the Panama Canal Company. The stories intimated that by virtue of tips passed out by ex-President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Taft at the time the negotiations were undertaken, an American syndicate that included Douglas Robinson, Mr. Roosevelt's brother-in-law; Charles P. Taft, President Taft's brother, and William Nelson Cromwell made a profit of some $36,500,000 out of the $40,000,000 the Government paid for the French company.

As there were no individual complainants in the case, the Government relied upon a statute called "the Storey Act," passed by Congress in 1825, amended down to 1898, making any crime on Government territory punishable in the Federal courts under the laws of the State in which the Government concession in question was located. In this way alone was the publication in The World susceptible of prosecution by the Government in the absence of an individual complainant. This was the first attempt to enforce the statute since the Storey law was passed.

Accordingly, at Tuesday's session, after a jury had been obtained to try the indictment and the Government had put in much of its documentary evidence, it was arranged that Mr. Nicoll should argue before Judge Hough a motion to quash the indictment, based upon the contention that it was never intended to have the crime of libel, which might be punished in any State jurisdiction where the publication was made, punishable at the instance of the Government in the Federal Courts.

The Government relied in bringing the indictment upon the fact that thirty copies of The New York World were taken by subscribers in West Point, on the Government reservation there, and that the Press Publishing Company sent various other copies over to the Post Office for mailing. This, according to the theory upon which the Government acted, amounted to the commission of the crime on Federal territory, and therefore conferred jurisdiction under the Story act, as amended. The defense contended that all this was a device, and that such a proceeding was not contemplated by the men who framed the Storey act.

Mr. Nicoll in his argument went back to the very earliest development of the law of libel, showing the revolt in this country from the strict conceptions of the old English common law and coming down through the passage of the alien and sedition laws by the Federalist Party in 1798, and their expiration three years later. He traced the revulsion of feeling after the expiry of those laws and the legal opinion supporting the contention that it was never intended thereafter for the United States Government to prosecute libels, particularly of a political character. So far as concerned the Storey act, Mr. Nicoll declared that what ought to be considered was the offenses which its framers sought to punish, such as assault and murder on the high seas, which could not be reached by the State enactments.

"Now, when these articles complained of appeared, in the campaign of 1908, the people were accustomed to expect exaggerated statements from the press, and no one paid attention to them," he said. "It was only when Mr. Foulke wrote to the President calling his attention to statements in The Indianapolis News and The New York Sun that the President sent to Congress a message declaring that Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of The World, was at the bottom of the publications, and that these articles constituted a libel on the Government and on the American people.

"This prosecution was not instituted by the present Attorney General. The curious and ingenious mind, which, for the first time in eighty-five years, twisted the statute to meet the ends of this prosecution has now retired to private life, and this case has been left to the present Attorney General to press as a matter of departmental routine. You might as well revive the sedition law, or pass another one like it. That would be a better law than this."

Judge Hough entered into the argument at several places, and he and Mr. Nicoll exchanged views on the question whether the libel was committed at the spot where the newspaper was published or in the territory where it was circulated. Then United States District Attorney Wise replied for the Government that the law of 1825 as amended did cover the prosecution of libel cases. Judge Hough finally interrupted with this:

"I am clear that the construction of the act of 1898 proposed by the prosecution in this case is contrary to the spirit which actuated the members of Congress in passing this law. As this very interesting question can be decided promptly by presentation to the United States Supreme Court, I believe that before the time of this court and the jury is occupied with going into the matter the question of law hanging over the whole matter should be cleared up.

"It is charged here that the crime of sending libelous matter through the mails is punishable at the place of the destination of the libelous matter. If it so be held that the crime of libel on Federal territory is a crime cognizable in the Federal courts, then the question is a broad one. The jurisdiction of any Federal court below the Supreme Court is statutory only. Whatever jurisdiction the courts recognize, must be based upon some act of Congress constitutionally enacted. It cannot be denied that the same crime may be committed cognizable by the State and by the Nation, but this affords no reason to confine the punishment of the offender to one jurisdiction.

"It seems to me that when the reasons for this admitted fact are examined, they will be found to rest upon the fundamental priciple that the National Government is not only supreme, but exclusive of every other authority. It may happen and has happened that a man may break into a store and in so doing may violate a Post Office law, or a forger may break the National banking law, as well as the laws of this State. In both such cases the offenders should be liable to double punishment.

"Here, however, we are confronted by no such question. The law which has been here invoked is, I take it, simply a territorial convenience, and, therefore, in this case, if any crime has been committed, it is to be regarded rather as an offense against the State of New York, which happened to be committed on Government land, than an offense against the Government under the statute. I might decide in favor of the prosecution, and by so doing should lay myself open to the susceptibility of a grave error.

"In this case we have an alleged libel that was published in New York City and sent out into Orange County. Both New York County and Orange County has jurisdiction. But we find that in the distribution in Orange County it happened to be disseminated at West Point, a territory ceded to the Government. Therefore the action comes up in this court. I feel that the burden of proof here rests upon those who try to support their assertion that the intent of Congress in 1825 was to extend to the United States Government the power of punishing offenses other than those primarily committed on the Government property.

"I am, however, clear in my mind that the construction placed on this act by the prosecution is wrong. I therefore more willingly come to the conclusion that the question is one for a higher court than this. I am unwilling to believe that the intent of Congress was that every United States District Court or Circuit Court should be regarded as a court of plenary jurisdiction over a county consisting of Federal land within the district in which the court is located. It is obvious and notorious that most of the relations of life on Federal reservations are under State authority. The burden of proof rests upon the prosecution to show that it was the intent of Congress to intrust to the courts of the United States the punishment of offenses other than those primarily committed on the United States territory.

"On this point the interpretation of the United States Supreme Court should be obtained before the time of this court and the officers of the court and the jurors is taken up by a lengthy trial. It is hereby ordered that the judgment of this court be entered quashing the indictment because it is not sufficiently authorized by the statute upon which it rests."

United States District Attorney Wise, after the decision was rendered yesterday, said: "I am naturally somewhat surprised. I did my best and was prepared for a long trial."

The question of whether the Government will appeal to the Supreme Court as suggested by Judge Hough will come up to Attorney General Wickersham for decision. Mr. Wise would not talk about that yesterday. There was an impression about the Federal Building, however, that the matter would not be pressed further.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Attorney General Wickersham, when told of the quashing of the indictment in the Panama Canal libel case, said:

"I have no comment to make." Then he told a story, the point of which had a significant comparison with the libel case, from which it might be inferred that the Attorney General did not intend to continue the prosecution of the libel suit. He added, though, that he did not wish to be quoted that way.

There is another indictment pending in the District of Columbia growing out of the same publications as those on which the indictment quashed by Judge Hough was drawn, but Judge Anderson of the United States Court at Indianapolis refused to order the removal of the defendants resident there from that State to this city.

"Unless," said Mr. Wickersham, "some of the defendants appeared voluntarily in the District, it would not seem to be possible to submit to the decision of a court and jury the question of whether or not the publications under consideration were libelous unless Judge Hough's decision were appealed from and reversed by the Supreme Court."

Made in France since 1866

BYRRH

The Original and Greatest French Appetizer

The health-giving and fortifying Wine

The comfort of a well-made, perfect-fitting shirt is a revelation to the man hitherto unaccustomed to buying shirts to order.

Almost any man admits the advantages of the custom-made shirt. But a large proportion consider them "extravagant." Much depends upon where they are made.

Our prices are the lowest ever quoted for equal qualities and workmanship, not slightly lower, but *much* lower.

Selections may be made from a stock of imported materials which include the newest and most desirable colorings and patterns—distinctive effects not to be found elsewhere.

PLAIN MODEL SHIRTS, 4 FOR $10. PLEATED MODELS, 4 FOR $12

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO WAIT A DAY

¶ Install Tungsten Lamps now. They reduce your electric light bills two-thirds.

¶ Tell us to call and *prove* it.

Stores and Factories take notice.

United Tungsten Lamp Co.

Broadway, cor. 34th St., Marbridge Bldg. Tel. Murray Hill 1217. Suite 446

PEASE PIANOS

REASONS

Why Every Pease Piano Is a Bargain.

The price of the Pease starts at $325, and while it is the lowest priced Pease Piano, the durability is equal to the highest priced.

It is a full sized piano, the casing made in the choicest veneers—finished inside as well as outside. The action is light and responsive and the flanges are made from brass, which add to its durability.

Pease Pianos have a remarkable record for staying well in tune. It's because of the special way we construct the tuning pin-block. Our catalog explains. Write for it to-day. It's free.

We also have several of our $325 pianos, only very slightly used, fully warranted, to be sold this week at $250 each.

Write for catalog and complete list.

PEASE PIANO CO.

128 West 42d St.,

near Broadway, N. Y.

Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av. | Newark Branch: 10 New St.

"Oh you fellers, say; *Campbell's Soup* today! I'll go look, and watch the cook You keep on and play".

"What soup shall I offer?"

Nine times in ten when that question comes up, you are safe in answering

Campbell's Tomato Soup

It has just the fine appetizing tang to introduce a formal dinner—unless extremely hearty. Prepared as a tomato bisque it is the ideal soup for a dainty luncheon. For the most select occasion or distinguished guest, this pure delicate palatable soup is unquestionably "correct" and eminently satisfying.

The grocer returns the price of any of Campbell's Soups that don't please you.

21 kinds 10c a can

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

Have you written for Campbell's Menu Book?

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY Camden N J

Look for the red-and-white label

¶ Printing of all kinds (except bad) telephone your order or a salesman will call promptly.

CORLIES, MACY & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1857

STATIONERS

STORE: . . 40 John Street

FACTORY: . . 441 Pearl Street

"THE CROWN HAS IT"

Invaluable for use at the theatre—just a little whiff of

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS

will revive and refresh you wonderfully.

Sold Everywhere.

Send 4c. (stamps) for sample of Bathodora (our adorable bath powder), and "Fashion Book of Perfumes." Write to-day to Dept. C.

Crown Perfumery Co., of London. 30 East 20th St., New York.

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

A wonderful reconstructive particularly efficacious after attack of the grippe. Strengthens the heart's action. Builds up vitality. Try it if you feel run down or "losing ground" physically.
W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N.Y.

Overslept?
That means dress in a jiffy! No time to fuss over hole-y socks—Just dive into the dresser-drawer, and seize the first pair of
FAMOUS Holeproof Hosiery FOR MEN WOMEN AND CHILDREN
No need to inspect them, for they're guaranteed free from holes for 6 months—or new hose free.
6 pairs for men.....$1.50
For women and children..$2
Silk Holeproofs. They'll change your notions as to how long silk sox ought to wear. 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, or new hose free, for men $2.
Sole Agents for New York City
Brill Brothers CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 Broadway,
Union Sq., 14th St.,
47 Cortlandt St.,
125th Street.

J. Ehrlich & Sons.
The First Help For Aching Eyes
will surely prove the BEST help and the PERMANENT help if you consult
The Ehrlich Oculists
Ninety-nine times in a hundred eye strain is the cause of all eye troubles; correct glasses are the one and only remedy, but—
The chief danger is delay.
Your sight will not improve of its own accord—in fact, it is certain to grow constantly worse.
WE CHARGE for GLASSES ONLY Perfect-Fitting Glasses as low as $2.50.
J. Ehrlich & Sons.
Oculists and Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 350 Sixth Av., 22d St.
1274 B'way, 33d St. 101 Nassau—Ann St.
217 Broadway, Astor House Block.

Dress Shield
The OMO is the leading high grade Dress Shield. It contains no rubber, is Odorless, Impervious, Hygienic, Durable, Washable. The only shield combining these essentials, rendering it the perfect Dress Shield. Every pair guaranteed.
THE OMO MANFG. CO., Middletown, Conn.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms
Incorporated.
Nos. 333-341 4th av., S. E. corner 25th St.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auctioneer.
Now on Free View.
IMPORTANT
Unrestricted Public Sale
of a rare and valuable collection of
Chinese Antiques
IN
BRONZE, JADES, PORCELAINS, POTTERIES
and other Interesting Oriental Art Objects, also Japanese Color Prints and Antique Stencils
COLLECTED BY THE WELL KNOWN CONNOISSEUR,
KANO OSHIMA
of New York and Tokio, Japan
and sold by his order on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday Afternoons, January 27, 28, 29, at 2 o'clock, and Thursday and Friday Evenings, January 27, 28, at 8:15 P. M.
Catalogues Mailed Upon Application.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
Greatest of all Baby Grands, five feet long, wonderful tone. Upright and Player Pianos of unusual merit. Purchasers desirous of the best at moderate prices should see them. Investigation invited.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St., N. Y.

WATERPROOF TARPAULINS
For Covering Merchandise.
JOHN SULLIVAN & SON,

TOOK VAN NORDEN'S $28,000 IN A TUSSLE

Trust President Says the Two Women Scuffled with Him Near the Waldorf.

OTHER VICTIMS TURN UP

Venerable Brooklynite Identifies One Prisoner as Having Robbed Him a Year Ago.

Warner M. Van Norden, President of the Van Norden Trust Company and head of Van Norden's Magazine, told over again in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday how $28,000 was abstracted from his wallet last Wednesday night after he had casually met May Williams and Bessie Roberts, alias Kittie Dowdell, in East Thirty-third Street, a short distance from the Waldorf-Astoria.

He added some interesting details to his original narrative and although he could not swear that he had seen his money in the possession of either of the young women who have police records here and in Chicago and were arreseted on Saturday charged with the robbery, they were held for trial, after waiving examination, under the same heavy bail, $30,000 in each case, which Magistrate Herrman fixed on Monday.

Mr. Van Norden went to the police court in his limousine car, accompanied by his wife. It was the first hearing of the prisoners and a large crowd had gathered eager to hear the details of the unusual hold up. The trust company President was represented by George Gordon Battle and Dudley Fred Malone. The women had as counsel John J. McCauley and John Connell. Unable to get bail, the prisoners have been locked up in the Jefferson Market jail since their arrest. A squad of Headquarter's sleuths, headed by Inspector McCaffrey, was on hand.

When the ecase was called at 2 o'clock the women came in dressed in fur coats and looking prosperous. Both wore heavy vells and held newspapers before their faces. Magistrate Herrman sternly ordered them to remove the vells and the newspapers, which they did reluctantly. The Roberts woman has strongly marked features. Her companion, May Williams, is innocent looking and attractive.

Mr. Van Norden, wearing the same heavy overcoat with the Persian lamb collar he wore on the night he met the women in the street, said he had gone to his home, 7 West Fifty-seventh Street, at 6 o'clock that evening to dress for a dinner party to which he was invited. He had his wallet containing the $28,000 in his inside coat pocket, he said, and intended putting it in a safe in the house. He was called to the telephone four times, he said, before he finished dressing. The last time he slipped his wallet in the right hand side pocket of his evening suit and forgot all about it.

Dined with Friends.

After dining with his friends, the party, consisting of four went to a theatre. Leaving the theatre about 11 o'clock that night, he walked down to the Waldorf, wrote some letters, mailed them, and started to walk home. As he approached Madison Avenue on Thirty-third Street he said he overtook two women whom he later identified as the prisoners.

One, he said, dropped her handbag and when he stooped to pick it up, the elder woman of the two jumped on him. He remonstrated with them, and finally getting free, continued to his home. It was not until he arrived there that he missed his money. Then he went back to the hotel and reported the loss to the clerk. He also went to the place in Thirty-third Street where he met the women, but found no trace of his money.

In the wallet he had $28,900. The $900 was still intact when he reached home. He notified Police Headquarters the next day, and the reason he gave for not appearing as complainant against the women when they were arraigned on Sunday was that he went out of town on Saturday and did not return until Monday morning.

When cross-examined by Mr. McCauley Mr. Van Norden said he didn't wish to tell the names of the friends he dined with. He said he went to the New Amsterdam Theatre that night to see "The Arcadians."

"As a matter of fact, don't you know that that play is at the Liberty Theatre?" Mr. Van Norden was asked.

"No, I do not," he replied. "I paid very little attention to the piece. I couldn't even tell now what the play was about. I sat with my friends throughout the four acts and did not leave the theatre once."

Mr. Van Norden said he did not stop at any cafés on his way down to the Waldorf.

"How long did this affair in Thirty-third Street last?" asked Mr. McCauley.

"Oh, it was all over in from fifteen to twenty seconds," replied Mr. Van Norden.

"Were you in your sober senses at the time?"

"I was."

The witness said his overcoat was buttoned up at the time he met the women. He admitted that he didn't see either of them with the wallet. When he opened it in the Waldorf he said he saw a number of one thousand dollar bills in it, but didn't count the money. The famous wallet was produced by Mr. Van Norden at this juncture. It is about six inches long by three wide and has an elastic band encircling it. According to his story the women opened the wallet, took out $28,000 in new bills, folded it, and returned it to his inside pocket in the time he stated.

Bridge Policeman Affected.

Mr. McCauley wanted to see the inside of the purse, and as Mr. Van Norden opened it the bridge policeman was seen to turn somewhat pale. It contained a bunch of green and yellow bills about two inches thick. There was such a craning of necks that Magistrate Herrman had to order the court policemen to clear the bridge.

"Have you $28,000 in the wallet now?" asked Mr. Connell.

"Oh, no; just some change," replied Mr. Van Norden seriously.

Detective O'Farrell then told how he and Detective Peabody had arrested the Williams and Roberts women at their homes. According to O'Farrell, the Williams woman admitted that she and the Roberts woman had spoken to a man answering the description of Mr. Van Norden, but denied that they had taken any of his money.

"I didn't get any of the guy's money," O'Farrell said the prisoner told him, "because when I put my hand on him he told me to go away as he didn't want to have anything to do with me. He acted like a man who was afraid of us and afraid he was going to be robbed."

The detective said he took the women to the spot where the robbery was said to have occurred. He found it very dark and just opposite an alley.

During the court proceedings Mrs. Van Norden sat well down in front and seemed to take a lively interest in what was going on. As the prisoners were being led away a white-haired, white-whiskered man who said he was Josiah T. White of Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, edged to the front and said he wanted a chance to look the prisoners over, as he had been held up and robbed of $1,000 in money and jewelry near the Waldorf about a year ago.

The two women were lined up with several others, and Mr. White immediately picked out May Williams as being the one who got his money.

The proceedings were scarcely over when a middle-aged man with a valise, who refused to give his name, said he wanted to take a look at the prisoners himself. He told a similar tale of robbery, but refused to say how much he had lost. He said the Williams woman looked like the one he had encountered, but when some one asked his name he gathered up his valise and vanished. When the detective went to tell the Magistrate about Mr. White's identification, the latter also had disappeared. It was said he had gone to tell his story to the District Attorney. The prisoners, unable to give bail, were taken to the Tombs.

QUEENS OFFICIAL SUSPENDED.

Highway Superintendent Ousted Under Charges by President Gresser.

Patrick J. Leahy, Superintendent of Highways for Queens was suspended yesterday afternoon by President Gresser of that borough pending an investigation of charges against him. News of Leahy's suspension caused a small sensation.

He is a civil engineer, and in the day of old Long Island City, was a stanch adherent of Mayor Patrick Gleason of battle axe fame. He was known as a road builder, and several years ago laid a trail over one of the big glaciers in Alaska for a mining concern.

Efforts made last night to obtain an inkling of the nature of the charges, which will be preferred against Leahy, were fruitless. President Gresser said they would not be made public until some time to-day, when they will be drawn up in legal form and served on the deposed Highways Superintendent. Leahy's home is in 167 Twelfth Street, Long Island City. When seen last night he said there was nothing serious in the charges in store. He attributed the charges to his action last Fall, when he loaned Contractor Joseph A. Boyce of Astoria 118 barrels of tarvir from the Queens corporation yards to complete the work of repairing Old Shell Road between Winfield and Elmhurst.

Investigators, who have been delving into the accounts in the Controller's office are wondering if mention of automobile hire will appear in the charges. According to these investigators they found in the Controller's records that the Highway Department had hired an automobile from Joseph A. Boyce at $6,000 a year, the city to pay the chauffeur, make repairs, supply gasoline, and in event of accident to foot the bill.

LOOKING UP CITY LAND.

New Sinking Fund Commission Wants Its Business in Business Shape.

The new Sinking Fund Commission, which has jurisdiction over all land and buildings owned by the city, held its first meeting yesterday and took steps to place their affairs on a more business-like basis than they found them.

On motion of President Mitchel of the Aldermen it was voted to ask the heads of all city departments to report to the commission on the amount of land used or unused held under them. It is estimated that the city now owns land lying idle which is worth in the neighborhood of $25,000,000.

Deputy Chamberlain Walsh was elected Secretary of the new commission. Ex-Deputy Controller Phillips was Secretary of the last commission. The position carries no extra compensation.

ITALY DECORATES ELLIOTT.

Boston Artist Rewarded for Services to Messina Earthquake Survivors.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—For his devotion to the welfare of the survivors of the Messina earthquake John Elliott, the Boston artist, has been decorated by King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, and the freedom of the Sicilian city has been conferred upon him. Also in recognition of Mr. Elliott's service at Messina the American Red Cross Association has awarded him a medal.

Some years ago the Spanish King conferred upon Mr. Elliott the title of Commander of the Royal Order of Isabella the Catholic.

Army School Closed.

Because of the appearance of diphtheria on Governors Island Miss Grosvenor's school for the children of army officers has been closed and Col. John Van R. Hoff, Chief Surgeon of the department, is taking active measures to prevent an epidemic. There have been five cases and one death on the island. Two are now ill, but it was said yesterday that they were recovering.

Files Brief to Oust the Central.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Burr filed his brief with Referee Herrick yesterday in the city's suit to oust the New York Central from Eleventh Avenue. The briefs of the counsel for the road were filed some days ago. It is expected that the referee will hand down his decision within a mouth, unless there are further points that he wishes counsel to cover.

CITY BREVITIES.

The annual meeting of the New York Anti-Vivisection Society will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Nevada, 2,025 Broadway, Mrs. Diana Belais presiding.

The question of a general strike for higher wages will be decided to-day by the east side Van Drivers' Union, which had a general strike about two years ago.

Mrs. Birdie L. Seligman, who lives at the Hotel Netherland, obtained yesterday from Surrogate Thomas letters of administration on the estate of her husband, Samuel J. Seligman, who died at Deal Beach, N. J., on Aug. 18. She said she did not believe her husband had left a will, and that his property was valued at $200,000. She has a daughter, aged 16, who lives with her.

Kinahan's
L. L.
Whisky
With your next highball, Kinahan's Whisky will lend a flavor and smoothness that will surprise your palate.
And besides---
It tastes better
Ask for it. Know it by the mark—L. L.
KINAHAN & CO., Ltd., Dublin and London.
Sole Agents in the United States
P. W. ENGS & SONS
NEW YORK

LOST HIS DIAMONDS IN A PINOCHLE GAME

Broker Mendham Pledged Them to Lawyer Acer After His $1,700 in Cash Was Gone.

PLAYED ABOUT 24 HOURS

Legal Entanglement Over the Contest and a Deputy Sheriff Takes the Rings.

A pinochle game which began last Sunday morning and ran on without cessation until the following day has blasted a friendship of many years' standing between Maurice B. Mendham, a broker with offices at 20 Broad Street, and Frank A. Acer, a lawyer, of 277 Broadway, and has resulted in a legal complication over the ownership of two diamond rings worth about $1,600.

It has also made Mr. Mendham somewhat weary of pinochle as a means of passing away the time, for the broker says he lost $1,700 in cash besides the diamond rings in the long game between himself and Mr. Acer.

Both Mendham and Acer have enjoyed a reputation as pinochle players, and for many years each has contended that the other was deficient in some of the finer points of the game. Many times they played together, some times with mutual friends in the game, some times just the two matching their skill and luck against each other.

One day last week Mr. Acer suggested that the broker pay him a visit at Whitestone, L. I., on Sunday, where they could play without interruption for a few hours. Mr. Mendham was agreeable, so early Sunday morning he went out to Whitestone with several hundred dollars in his pocket. The game started soon after he arrived and the stakes were set at $100 a game, according to Broker Mendham.

Neither of the men intended to play more than six hours or so, for Mr. Mendham had an engagement in town that evening. For a while the luck seemed to run about even. Some times Mr. Acer would forge ahead two or three hundred dollars, then would drop back. But late in the afternoon he began to win steadily. Mr. Mendham kept pulling out $100 bills, only to see them pocketed by his host.

According to the broker's lawyer he lost his last dollar late Sunday night. He had lost some $1,700. But his faith in his playing was not at all dampened. He thought he could get the money back if he kept on playing, so he suggested that Mr. Acer lend him some money. But, so says Mr. Mendham's lawyer, the host was not inclined to continue the game on a credit basis. He wanted the cash or its equivalent in sight.

Mr. Mendham for several years had been accustomed to wear two rings which he valued highly. One was set with two diamonds and a ruby and the other with a diamond, a ruby, and a sapphire. He wore these rings on Sunday and Mr. Acer glanced at them. Off came one of the rings and Mr. Mendham wanted to know if it was good for $500 in the game. It was, and the game went on for several hours more.

But still luck was against the broker and during the early morning hours of Monday the ring passed over to Mr. Acer, who promptly put it on and admired it. At least that is the way the story is told by Mr. Mendham. The second ring came from the finger of Mr. Mendham and a nominal value of $25 was set upon it by the two players. The game kept on.

During this time the men had eaten now and then as they played. Sandwiches and other refreshments were served, but the game kept steadily on. Daylight found the broker and the lawyer still seated at the card table.

"While people were on their way to work in Whitestone on Monday morning the two men kept right on shuffling the cards," said Jesse Epstein, the broker's lawyer. "And it might have kept up indefinitely had not a quarrel arisen over the last game played. That was around 10 o'clock Monday morning.

"The stakes had been raised to $300 a game by that time, for Mr. Mendham wanted to get back what he had lost. But something occurred at the end of the last game which called it all off. Mr. Mendham contended that the game was his, but Mr. Acer could not see it that way."

Then, so the story goes, Mr. Mendham offered to draw his check for $1,025, the value which had been agreed upon for the two rings. But Mr. Acer declined to take his guest's check.

"How do I know that you won't stop payment on the check before I can get to the bank?" Mr. Acer is alleged to have said. This caused an unlooked-for complication and Mr. Mendham finally agreed, so he says, to let Acer hold the rings until after he had collected the money on the check. The broker went to his office, and Mr. Acer, on arriving here, went to Mr. Mendham's bank and cashed the check. What occurred after that is thus described by Mr. Epstein:

"After cashing the check Acer went around to the broker's office at 20 Broad Street and demanded more money. He told Mr. Mendham that he owed him several hundred dollars more and that he wanted it before he would agree to give up the two rings. Then Mr. Mendham came to me. We obtained a writ of replevin, and, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Altman, went to Acer's office yesterday.

"Acer was there when the Sheriff and I entered, and on his fingers were the two diamond rings. He protested that he had bought them from Mendham, but the Sheriff ordered him to give them up. After an hour's delay, in which Acer consulted with his attorney, he consented to give up the rings, and they are now in the possession of the Sheriff's office. They will be held three days by the Sheriff, and unless some legal action is brought by Acer they will be turned over to Mr. Mendham."

"Mendham is a welcher," said Acer last night. "He stopped payment on a check he drew to me during that game, although I did manage to get two of his checks through the bank before he stopped them. As for those two rings, I bought them from him during the game and paid him cash for them."

In a tourist sleeper
You save money and travel comfortably
All the facts in Santa Fe tourist-sleeper folder
Gen. C. Dillard, Gen. Agt., 377 Broadway, New York City.

Subject: Evening Clothes.
If you are to be "among those present"—even this very night—you have plenty of time to be provided with a Tuxedo or Full Dress Suit, providing you let us help you out. We are first aid to men who need evening clothes in a hurry.
Tuxedo Coats, $15 to $35.
Full Dress Suits, $35 to $50.
WM. VOGEL & SON
Two Broadway Stores: At 44th Street / At Houston Street

WISSNER PIANOS.
Are accounted among the few pianos that have reached the highest standard of musical excellence. Nothing can be done to improve them, unless science and investigation can open up the way to new discoveries.
The superiority of the Wissner Pianos is demonstrated by their extreme popularity among musicians and musical organizations for concert and recital purposes.
Some of the World's leading artists have made their first American tour and incidentally their reputation with a Wissner Piano.
WAREROOMS
96 5th Ave., Cor. 15th St., New York
538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn
603 Broad St., Newark
138 Newark Ave., Jersey City

Buffalo
The only "water-level route" between New York and Buffalo is along the Hudson River and thence through the Mohawk Valley. It is the scenic route by day and the line of travel which insures a complete night's restful sleep.
The Best Trains
West Shore Limited
Pullman Parlor Cars, Buffet Broiler Smoking Car, Standard Day Coaches.
Lv. Desbrosses Street, 8.25 a.m.
" West 42d Street, 8.35 a.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 8.05 p.m.
The Buffalonian
Pullman Buffet Sleeper with Observation Smoking Room, Standard Sleepers and Day Coaches.
Lv. Desbrosses Street, 7.45 p.m.
" West 42d Street, 7.55 p.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 7.15 a.m.
$8 — FARE — $8
West Shore R.R.
Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired.
Address L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway.
Telephone 6310 Madison
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Stern Brothers
DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILORING DEPARTMENTS
For a Limited Period Orders will be accepted
At Special Concessions from Regular Prices
Several Models suitable for Street and Dinner Gowns will be Made to Order, In
Foulards, Pongees, Glacé Satin, French Crepes, Glacé Eolienne and other fashionable materials, from $95.00 Up
Advance Styles of Tailor-made Gowns, of choice materials, at $59.00
Riding Habits of Linen, Side or Cross Saddle, " 35.00
(THIRD FLOOR)
West Twenty-third Street

Atomizers, 30c to $1.50
Rubber Gloves, pair, 44c
Baby Pants, 50c
Hot Water Bottles, 69c
HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

We place on sale today about thirty dozen Men's Derby Hats.
Twelve dozen are Seconds.
These are actually $3 & $4 hats, and the imperfections are so slight as to be imperceptible to any but hat experts.
The price at which they are sold to us enables us to offer them now at:
$1.85.
Included in this Sale are about eighteen dozen of our Regular Stock Derby Hats in Blacks and Browns.
At our Broadway Store only.
Browning, King & Company
Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

ADVERTISEMENT.
TALKS ON TEETH
BY
G. GORDON MARTIN, Inc.
The Coward
A prominent physician came in one day recently to talk teeth.
"I have been reading your ads for years," he said, "but I am the biggest coward that ever was, and it's taken me four years to get where I am now."
After we had assured him that there was nothing about the Martinolar Method of supplying missing teeth to cause him one minute's worry he finally decided to have the new teeth put in.
That man is as proud of these teeth as a boy with a new toy.
"And to think," he said, "that I have been fooled out of this solid comfort for years, just because I judged modern dentistry by the standards I knew years ago, when I was butchered alive by the old-time dentists, makes me feel mighty foolish."
"I'm tickled to death with my new teeth," he said as he went away.
Now, you may be nursing a similar dread of the dentist, and we have told the story of the physician in order to show you that you are not only fooling yourself, but doing an injury to yourself by staying away from us.
We have banished pain from the dental chair. You need not think you are going to be operated upon when you come here.
There is no boring, no cutting, no surgery connected with the Martinolar Method of restoring missing teeth without plates.
Nothing to fear, and you will be just as much of an enthusiast as the physician when these fine looking, firm, serviceable teeth are in place.
Will you come now and let us look your teeth over?
You don't obligate yourself to spend a penny just because you call for the free examination.
If you are too far away to call at once, make a start by reading our book, which will be sent free upon request.
It's the greatest book on the subject of the teeth ever written.
G. GORDON MARTIN
(INCORPORATED)
DENTISTS
(Largest Dental Concern in the World)
Suite 705, 320 Fifth Avenue
(Corner 32d St.)
NEW YORK, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL., 146 Wabash Ave.
KANSAS CITY, MO., 1120 Grand Ave.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., 818 Palace Building.

PROFITABLE REAL ESTATE

A difference of one-half per cent in the interest rate you pay on your mortgage may make the difference between profit and loss on your real estate investment.

Favorable rates for mortgage borrowers are 4½% in Manhattan and 5% in Brooklyn and the Bronx.

We have plenty of money to lend at these rates.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital and Surplus, - $14,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

THE NIGHT & DAY BANK

FIFTH AVENUE & 44TH ST.

Courteous service without regard for customers' balances and a thoroughly modern equipment for the transaction of all banking and safe deposit business are features of this institution.

OFFICERS

SAMUEL S. CAMPBELL, President
FREDERICK PHILLIPS, V. Pres.
THOMAS B. CLARKE, JR., V. Pres.
JOHN A. NOBLE, Cashier

The Best Bitter Liqueur

Underberg

The World's Best Bitters

Refreshing when tired, bracing and appetizing. Ask for it by name, as it is imitated.

Sold Everywhere.

LUYTIES BROTHERS, U. S. Agents, New York.

The Thinnest, Lightest, HANDIEST Way to Carry Your Bills!

Patented HANDY BILL FOLD Aug. 24, 1909

Simplicity itself. Bills slip in or out in a second. No fumbling, no fussing. Eleven different leathers, 50c to $3. Get one anywhere, or send for descriptive leaflet.

A. L. Steinweg & Co 493 B'way, N. Y.
Sole Mfrs. & Selling Agents
Handy Bill Fold Co. Patentees, Newark, N. J.

CROSS GLOVES They Age Respectably $1.50

ESTABLISHED MARK CROSS LONDON

Made in our English workshops — soft — hand sewn — cut with fashionable fulness — worn with comfort like a well-cut garment.

89 Regent St.

MARK CROSS

World's Greatest Leather Stores
210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street

LACKAWANNA
The Road of Anthracite
Best Road to Buffalo

BABY ON FIRE ESCAPE, NEIGHBORS COMPLAIN

Call on Gerry Society to Stop Dr. Towner from Giving His Child Fresh Air.

THOUGHT CHILD ABUSED

Society's Agents Uphold Physician's Plan for Saving a Delicate Infant —Doctor Had Prescribed It.

Dorothy Towner, the sixteen-months-old baby of Dr. Daniel D. Towner, an osteopath, and his wife of 749 President Street, Brooklyn, has been the unconscious cause of much gossip among those living in apartments in Carroll Street, in the rear of the Towner home, since they discovered that she has been kept in a three-foot box on a fire escape in all sorts of weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Towner have put the child every day for a month in a box carefully wrapped up and protected from the cold to give her outdoor treatment as the only way of saving her life. They said last night they had been treating the child in this way ever since she was 6 weeks old, and they alleged they were following the orders of their physician, Dr. Joseph Ferguson of 118 Quincy Street.

Some persons living in apartment houses in Carroll Street who saw the box containing the child from the rear windows of their apartments became so indignant over what they considered inhuman treatment of the child that they complained to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The matter came to a head yesterday when an agent of the Children's Society visited the Towner home. Dr. Towner was attending lectures in Manhattan, but Mrs. Towner led the agent to the box on the fire escape, where the baby was sleeping.

"We are keeping the baby there by the doctor's orders," she said. "She is a twin baby, and has been in poor health ever since she was 6 weeks old. She has not the strength in her bones to hold her up in any position, and Dr. Ferguson advised us to keep her in the air as much as possible. She has improved since we gave her the outdoor treatment."

Mrs. Towner showed the agent that the baby was well protected. The sides of the box were high to shut off a strong wind. The child was clothed in three dresses, a warm blanket, and a hood. The baby was left outdoors in all sorts of weather, and was not affected thereby. When it rained or snowed an umbrella was put up over the box. At other times the only part of the child's body exposed was her face. While the agent was observing the baby an irate neighbor from one of the Carroll Street houses took occasion to shower abuse on them. He and Mrs. Towner withdrew from the window.

H. C. Preston, Superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children in Brooklyn, said yesterday that the complaints against the Towner family over their baby had been investigated.

"There is no reason for taking any action against the Towners," he said. "And there will be no further investigation by this society for the reason that there is no need of it. The child is being treated under a doctor's orders, and the parents are not putting her life in danger by keeping her outdoors. The baby is comfortable, and her condition has improved by their method of giving her all the fresh air possible."

Dr. Ferguson, when interviewed last night, said:

"I attended that case last March, and I have not seen the child since that time. I made a suggestion then to the parents that the baby be kept outdoors as much as possible, and be given plenty of fresh air. They were then living in a place where they had all the conveniences of a backyard. But in an apartment house there seems to be no place where the baby can be kept in the fresh air all day except on the fire escape."

Some of Dr. Towner's neighbors who have been interested in this baby are Thomas F. Fyfe and Mrs. Rourke, a sister of Louis Klopsch, an editor. They live in an apartment house on Carroll Street, in the rear of Dr. Towner's home. Mr. Fyfe went to Dr. Towner and told him what he and some of his neighbors thought of leaving the child in a box on a fire escape. Dr. Towner told him that the matter was none of the neighbors' business, as it concerned only he and Mrs. Towner. Mrs. Rourke is a trained business, as it concerned only him and case that she with other women neighbors reported it to the Brooklyn Children's Society.

Tax Cut from $3,100,000 to $25,000.

George H. Englehard, representing the executors of the estate of Louis A. Heinsheimer, who was a member of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., obtained a reduction yesterday of the assessment on the personal property of the estate from $3,100,000 to $25,000. He swore that the rest of the property has been converted into exempt securities—mortgages, city bonds, and railway real estate bonds.

GONE FROM FALL RIVER BOAT.

Passenger Tells of a Sister's Disappearance on the Sound.

When the Fall River Line steamship Providence arrived here yesterday Capt. N. I. Brighton, her commander, reported to the Leonard Street police that at 10 o'clock Tuesday night one of the passengers, a Mrs. Devine, suddenly missed her sister, Miss Katherine Driscoll, of 114 Herreshoff Street, Roxbury, Mass., with whom she had been talking in the main saloon a few minutes before.

Mrs. Devine told the Captain, he says, that her sister was insane and asked that an immediate search of the vessel be made. Capt. Brighton and the crew of the boat looked from stem to stern for Miss Driscoll, but were unable to find her. When the boat arrived in this city Mrs. Devine said she had decided her sister had jumped overboard.

Miss Driscoll left her sister, saying she was going to get a drink of water. When she had been away fifteen minutes her sister became alarmed.

COMIC SUPPLEMENT BLAMED.

Court Thinks Its Influence Baleful and Says So in a Chicken Theft Case.

A jury in General Sessions yesterday was cautioned by Judge Foster against the baleful influence of the comic supplement when it came to decide the case of a negro charged with chicken stealing. He expressed grave doubts as to the accuracy of the impressions left by such literature.

"I doubt whether the average American man feels a thrill of joy when the mother of the wife of his bosom suffers misfortune," he said, "yet so these papers would have you believe."

After this warning John A. Smith of 843 Courtlandt Avenue, the Bronx, was found guilty of petty larceny. Philomena Aurisy of Mott Avenue and 161st Street, said she saw him departing from her hen yard by way of the back fence on the night of Dec. 11, and a little later he was caught with a bag containing four fat chickens.

He professed no knowledge of these beyond the fact that he had bought them from a butcher, and that they were the kind that lay eggs.

NO MORE FREE SHINES.

Patrons of Shoe Store Stands Made Bona Fide Customers Under New System.

A new theme for dodging the "free shine grafters" has been put in operation by a firm controlling a large string of shoe stores. It has been the custom of the firm to polish free the boots of its customers, and the number of free shines having increased tremendously a plan has been worked out that takes care of genuine customers and ignores the "shine grafters."

Every one has to pay 5 cents for a shine under the new rule, but he receives in return a claim check for the nickel, which can be applied at face value when a purchase is made. Supposing that a man has three "shines" a week, it will take him only about thirty weeks to accumulate claim checks enough to get a new pair of shoes. The system is designed to distinguish between patrons who rarely buy shoes of the house and those who merely patronize the free shine stand.

MEMORIAL TO PROF. PARSELS.

She Was Head of the Normal College Training Department.

A suitable memorial for Prof. Isabelle Parsels, formerly Superintendent of the Training Department of the Normal College, is being planned. Prof. Parsels endeared herself to the Faculty and students of the college by a service extending through thirty-one years. The annual reunion of the Associate Alumnae of the Training Department will be held next Saturday at the college, Sixty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue. Among the invited guests are President Davis of the college, Dr. Thomas Hunter, and C. B. J. Snyder, Superintendent of School Buildings. Plans for the memorial to Prof. Parsels will be discussed. Communications should be addressed to Mrs. Lawrence A. Tanzer, 217 Rich Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Help Asked for Two Young Women.

An appeal is made by the New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women for $125, to send to the country an American girl threatened with tuberculosis. She is 20 years old and is supporting her widowed mother, who has two small children. The same society also solicits assistance in behalf of a partly paralyzed Russian girl, aged 20. It is desired to place her in one of the schools for crippled children for six months, after which it is expected that she will be able to support herself. Ten dollars a month will defray the cost of her maintenance. The Section has cared for 670 girls in the last six months, and there are continual demands made upon it. Miss Ray Perlman of 139 West 112th Street, agent of the New York Section, will receive subscriptions for these cases.

Safety Razor blades resharpened, all kinds, 30c. doz., by Keenedge process. M. Leichter, 113 W. 125th St.—Adv.

RE-ELECT MAXWELL BY A REDUCED VOTE

Ten Members of the Board of Education Turn Against City School Superintendent.

ONE FOR MISS STRACHAN

Food at Cost to the Pupils One of the Reforms Urged by Dr. Maxwell for New York.

Though City Superintendent of Schools William H. Maxwell was re-elected by the Board of Education yesterday by a safe plurality of eight votes, much to the surprise of some present ten out of the forty-two Commissioners at the meeting deserted his standard, either voting for others or not voting at all.

When all the ballots were in it was found that against Supt. Maxwell's thirty-two, with twenty-four necessary for election, four had been cast for Associate Supt. Gustave Straubenmüller, one for Miss Grace C. Strachan, the champion of equal pay for women teachers, and five blanks.

The lack of unanimity in the re-election of Dr. Maxwell was somewhat accentuated by the fact that each of the eight or ten other school officials up for election yesterday received the full vote of the members present. There was expectancy in some quarters that opposition to Miss Strachan, up for re-election as District Superintendent, would develop on account of activity for equal pay, and particularly her frequent trips to Albany for legislation compelling the board to do what it had bitterly opposed, but not a finger was lifted against her.

Besides Miss Strachan, other District Superintendents re-elected yesterday for six years were James M. Edsall, D. L. Bardwell, Joseph S. Taylor, John Jameson, and C. E. Franklin. C. B. J. Snyder was re-elected Superintendent of School Buildings, Patrick Jones Superintendent of School Supplies, and Associate Supts. C. E. Meloney and E. L. Stevens.

Supt. Maxwell's eleventh annual report was submitted to the board, with eighteen recommendations for the betterment of the schools. Among them is one for the provision of food at cost for pupils in all public schools.

Luncheon for the Pilgrims' Head.

At the annual meeting of the Pilgrims, held at the Lawyers' Club yesterday afternoon, Vice President George T. Wilson presiding, this Executive Committee was elected: John J. McCook, George Gray Ward, Robert C. Ogden, George Harvey, Hamilton W. Mabie, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, and Louis C. Hay. It was voted to give a luncheon in honor of the eightieth birthday of President William Butler Duncan on Thursday, March 17.

MITCHEL ENDS SINECURES.

Full Working Day Fixed for Aldermen's Sergeant at Arms.

All of the Sergeants-at-Arms of the Board of Aldermen with the exception of Harry Oxford appeared at the office of President Mitchel yesterday morning at 9 o'clock in response to his order that they report to him for duty. Oxford, who is the proprietor of the Occidental Hotel on the Bowery, at which the Sullivan clan has made its headquarters for many years, sent word that he would arrive later in the morning. This he did, and was served with a copy of the rules for Sergeants-at-Arms, which Mr. Mitchel had drawn up.

They require the actual employment of the nine men from 9 to 5 each day. The places have been more or less sinecures, the men hardly ever appearing for duty except on Tuesdays at the weekly meetings of the board. Oxford receives $1,500 a year, two of the Assistant Sergeants $1,200, and the other six $1,000.

The President's rules read:

Hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., excepting Saturday, on which days the hours shall be from 9 to 12.

On Tuesday of each week, on which date the stated meetings of the Board of Aldermen are held, and on other days when a special meeting may be called, the entire force will be on duty in the Aldermanic Chamber for the purpose of arranging the members' files and such other duties as may be necessary pertaining to the meetings of the board or its committees.

Assistant Sergeant at Arms John McGuire is assigned to duty in the Aldermanic Chamber on every day in the week.

Harry L. Oxford (Sergeant at Arms) and John J. Callahan are hereby assigned to duty in the office of the City Clerk on every day except Tuesday, and except when either or both of their services may be required in the Aldermanic Chamber or Committee Room for duty during committee meetings.

The other Assistant Sergeants at Arms, Edward O'Rourke, J. J. McGlynn, Thomas Leahy, Daniel Buckley, M. W. O'Connell, and J. J. Clary will report for duty each day except Tuesday at the office of the President of the Board of Aldermen for assignment to duty as Inspectors of auctioneers in various parts of the city.

The assignment to the City Clerk's office, the rules say, will be changed from time to time by the President, so that there may be a system of rotation.

E. C. OPPENHEIM'S WILL.

The Greater Part of His Estate Left to His Sisters.

The will of Edward C. Oppenheim, who died on Jan. 23, was filed yesterday. To his two sisters, Heloise F. Van Damm and Hattie E. Lambert, and his brother-in-law, Joseph B. Van Damm, Mr. Oppenheim leaves $10,000 each.

A trust fund of $12,000 is created, the income to go to Hilda Moller of 56 Morningside Avenue, for life, and on her death the principal is to be divided among three of Mr. Oppenheim's sisters, Mrs. Van Damm, Mrs. Lambert, and Mrs. Josephine M. Davis. The income from another trust fund of $35,000 is to go to another sister, Mrs. Emma I. Franklin of Mobile, Ala. Still another trust fund of $140,000 is created, the income to go to Mr. Oppenheim's sister, Heloise, for the joint support of herself and her sister, Addie E. Oppenheim.

The United States Trust Company is made the executor of the will, which is dated Oct. 9, 1909.

LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

BRUT-VINTAGE 1900

All Leading Hotels and Restaurants.

E. La Montagne's Sons

45 Beaver St., New York.

Library Bureau

Card and filing systems

316 Broadway

CAT TAKES A SUBWAY TRIP.

Inspection Foreman Finds It on the Trucks of a Car.

Foreman Flynn of the car cleaners and the other employes in the inspection shops of the Subway at Lenox Avenue and 148th Street were mystified yesterday morning by the discovery of a large black cat clinging in trembling terror to the top of the forward truck of an inspection car which had just been run into the shop after a special trip from the elevated tracks of the Subway on the West Farms line.

The train had just come to a stop over the pit in the inspection yards when Flynn noticed two sharp points of light on the tops of the forward truck. He climbed down into the pit to investigate and discovered the cat crouched down on the top of the trucks. It offered no resistance when the foreman pulled it from its position and took it to the yard offices, but when an inspector entered some time later to look at the cat it made a break for freedom and disappeared.

How the cat got on the trucks of the car is a puzzle to Flynn. The car had been standing all night on the elevated tracks of the Subway of the West Farms line, and was run into the inspection shops with but the one stop when it became necessary to shift the train to the north-bound tracks at 135th Street. On account of schedule it became necessary to stop the train for several minutes at this point, but no other stop was made until the train was over the pits in the Lenox Avenue yards.

Verdict of $20,000 Against Cadillac.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 26.—For the loss of her right hand a jury before Justice Keogh in the Supreme Court here to-day awarded a verdict of $20,000 to Miss Elsie Harrington Fitzgerald, a laundress, against the Cadillac Hotel Company of Manhattan. Miss Fitzgerald sued for $50,000 damages through her lawyer, Thomas J. O'Neill. She was in the laundry of the Cadillac, working at a drying machine, when her arm was caught between the rollers.

F. CHAUVENET'S Red Cap

THE RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY OF FRANCE

Invigorates Permanently.

H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

Protect Yourself!

AT SODA FOUNTAINS OR ELSEWHERE

Get the Original and Genuine HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

"Others are Imitations"

The Food Drink for All Ages

RICH MILK, MALT GRAIN EXTRACT, IN POWDER

Not in any Milk Trust

Insist on "HORLICK'S"

Take a package home

LAST 4 DAYS January Clearance Sale

25-50% OFF

on our entire stock of foreign JEWELRY NOVELTIES

Frederic's

Classic Jeweller

479 5th Ave. at 41st St. 905 Broadway at 30th St.

Your Watch is your Time Table

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

NEW YORK to PHILADELPHIA

A TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR FROM LIBERTY STREET 10 MINUTES BEFORE THE HOUR FROM 23d

NAHAN FRANKO AND ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT, EIGHTH FLOOR

31 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Our February Furniture Sale

BEGINS Monday, Jan. 31—Many of these great values will be on exhibit To-Day, Friday and Saturday at February Sale Prices.

17 Fifth Floor.

Advent of the Smartest Lingerie Gowns

Of the Season at a Very Astonishing Price $14.75

500 Made to be Retailed in Exclusive Shops Up to $27.50 Each. Very Special To-day, at

17 Third Floor.

THIS IS SUCH A SALE OF QUALITY and value as can be found only at Simpson Crawford's. The prestige of the sales of previous years is, no doubt, sufficient to send this choice lot of Lingerie Gowns flying out by night. They are all one-piece Gowns, in the modified Princess style, which will divide fashionable favor with the new and more extreme tunic gown. Each one is a 1910 model, and is novel and original is design.

Of sheer batiste, they are just the right gown for Palm Beach, Havana, or they will be cool and airy for a hot Summer night on a roof garden in New York. Their fair wearers will dine in them in the smartest restaurants, or they will flit through the park in a motor car. Only four of the fifty styles on sale are shown in the illustrations.

Cunning craftsmanship has wrought delicate insertions and embroideries, German Val. lace and myriad tucks into gowns so elaborate that scarcely a plain space remains. Flimsy as they are, they are yet well made and will give you good service with ordinary care, coming from the laundry fresher than ever. No more beautiful and practical Gown can be imagined. Any woman could well use half a dozen of them.

The low price is only for this lot. Later in the season they will sell at $20.00, $22.50, $25.00 and $27.50. 150 of this lot are sample garments and are really worth more; included are some of linen. VERY SPECIAL TO-DAY at..... $14.75

Your Choice of 200 Women's Long Coats in the Popular Styles and Materials

Coats that Were Formerly Priced to $20.00 $8.50

Coats that Were Formerly Priced to $29.50 $15

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE'S FINEST STORE

Is Your Milk Insured?

Are you *sure* of it's purity, richness and freedom from dirt and germs? Your grocer has an insurance policy for you in every can of

Carnation Milk

(EVAPORATED—STERILIZED)

—for every can is your warranty of the pure, rich milk of clean, grass-fed, contented cows, milked under most sanitary conditions. This milk is cooled immediately after milking (to prevent bacteria); the water is evaporated, for convenience; and the rich product sterilized without a moment's unnecessary delay. These conditions also insure it's superior flavor.

Only from *pure* milk could be made the *evenly* smooth, rich creamy product found in every can of Carnation Milk.

"Carnation Milk—the Modern Milkman"

DELICIOUS COCOA.—Four teaspoonsful cocoa, moisten with a little warm water, add three cups water and allow to cook for ten minutes; add one cup *Carnation Milk* and sugar to taste. Allow to come to boiling point and serve.

CARNATION MILK AWARDED THE GRAND PRIZE HIGHEST AWARD SEATTLE EXPOSITION

"THE FRICTIONAL HAND SOAP"
CRETA CREME POWDERED TOILET SOAP
FIFTEEN CENTS THE BOX
Sold by PARK and TILFORD.
ACKER, MERRALL and CONDIT CO.
Dept. Stores and All Dealers in Toilet Articles

Little acts of consideration are what count with women.
Reppetti's
Italian Creams
Old Fashioned
Convey an expression of the sweetest sentiment
60c. a lb.
Delicious Caramels
Standard of Purity and Excellence.
An exquisite flavor about them that imitators can't obtain—12 flavors. They never cloy the taste.
FRENCH PASTRY-ICE CREAM
Orders taken for French pastry, fancy cakes, French Ice Cream and dinner candy.
2125 B'way 46 W. 125th St.
B'way and 42d St. 169 Broadway.
And All Druggists.
Mail Orders Carefully Filled.

New York City's Red Book.
The Eagle Almanac
for 1910.
Now on sale.
All the city official appointments.
Maps and street directories.
Bound in cloth.
Price, 50c.; by mail, 66c.

Globe-Wernicke
'Phone 3870 Franklin
The mark of the Safeguard method for Filing Correspondence, Invoices, Inventory or Stock Records—that insures easy filing and quick finding of any and every business paper.
Globe-Wernicke
Trade-mark is the maker's pledge of quality—your protection against inferiority—your assurance of immediate duplication in every article of office equipment you buy now or hereafter.
Every article priced in plain figures—uniform prices, honest value and an absolute guarantee of satisfaction to all is Globe-Wernicke policy that business men appreciate.
380-382 Broadway New York

CRYSTAL DOMINO SUGAR
2 lb. AND 5 lb. SEALED BOXES
BEST SUGAR FOR TEA AND COFFEE! BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE!

Huyler's
Cocoa
Made from Cocoa Beans of the Highest Grades only.
THE ACKNOWLEDGED BEST IN THE WORLD.
Quality Higher than Price.
Price within the reach of all.
Huyler's Cocoa sold by dealers everywhere in 25c, 15c and 10c cans.

PARTIES IN BRITAIN PLAN NEW CAMPAIGN

Narrow Liberal Margin Taken to Presage Another Appeal to Country Soon.

ASQUITH MOBBED BY WOMEN

Police Rescue Him from Charges of Militant Suffragettes—Premier Is Elected by Reduced Majority.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—With the return of Premier Asquith and War Minister Haldane to-day all the Cabinet Ministers have now been re-elected. Only a few additional returns were received to-night, and the parties now stand:

Government Coalition: Liberals, 233; Laborites, 38; Nationalists, 74.

Opposition: Unionists, 255.

Net gains of the Unionists to date, 98.

Deducting the eight Nationalists still to be returned, the election prophets calculate that the remaining seats will be so divided as to give the Liberal and Labor parties combined a majority of anywhere from fifteen to thirty over the Unionists.

The combined strength of the Liberal, Labor, and Nationalist coalition to-night is more than half the number of members of the House of Commons. A Unionist Government, therefore, is out of the question. As an independent Liberal majority, however, is equally out of the question, only a short life can be predicted for the incoming Government, and, as a matter of fact, both the Liberal and Unionist Parties are looking away from the present struggle into the not distant future when the conflict at the polling booths will be renewed.

The party organizers have already been instructed to keep up unceasing vigilance and to be prepared for an appeal to the country at any moment. There is no doubt that the gains of the Conservatives have been largely due to the constant education of the agricultural population in the arguments for tariff reform, and this education will now be carried into the northern counties and Scotland in the hope of winning these territories at the next elections. The Liberals, on the other hand, will concentrate their attention on educating the country on the questions of free trade and the limitation of the veto of the House of Lords.

As an example of the difficulties facing the Government at the coming session, apart from the House of Lords and the budget, it is probable that the Labor Party will introduce its "right to work" bill which the Government opposed at the last session. This might easily lead to the defeat of the Ministry and to another dissolution.

Following his election, Premier Asquith was mobbed by militant Suffragettes to-day. The women charged time after time in their attempts to reach him, and there were several lively skirmishes with the police before he was conveyed to a place of safety.

Premier Asquith returns to Parliament with an increase of 615 over his former majority, but War Secretary Haldane has a majority less by 435 than he obtained in 1906.

John A. Simon, the Liberal member elected for the Walthamstow Division of Essex, is a well-known barrister and was counsel for Great Britain in the Alaska boundary arbitration case. Lord Willoughby de Eresby, the husband of Eloise, daughter of the late W. L. Breese of New York, is returned as a Unionist from Lincolnshire with a greatly increased majority.

SHIBUSAWA PRAISES Y. M. C. A.

Says Character Counts for More Than Resources in Our Prosperity.

TOKIO, Jan. 23.—Baron Shibusawa, in a recent speech, said he was greatly impressed with the material progress of America, but in analyzing it he had come to believe that it was due only one-third to natural resources, and two-thirds to the enterprising, determined character of her people, and in the development of that character he had been impressed by the important part played by the splendidly equipped Young Men's Christian Associations.

If, he continued, Japan's ability to gain a place alongside America in material prosperity was solely dependent on natural resources, then Japan must give up in despair, but since America's prosperity rested chiefly on character, Japan must exert herself to develop men of similar high character, a field where there is neither monopoly nor limitation.

To develop such men the Baron expressed the earnest desire that Young Men's Christian Associations as efficient as those in America might be multiplied in Japan.

YOKOHAMA HOTEL BURNED.

Bluejackets from American Squadron Help Fight the Flames.

TOKIO, Jan. 26.—The Club Hotel at Yokohama, well known to every tourist in Japan, has been badly damaged by fire.

A squad of American bluejackets was landed from the vessels of the American squadron lying in the harbor and did effective work.

Among those who lost heavily by the fire was the American Vice Consul at Söul, Mr. Gould, who was a guest at the hotel awaiting the coming of his fiancée from America. The bridal presents were destroyed.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 26.—James G. Bailey, Secretary of the United States Legation, presented to President Diaz to-day the commemorative medal of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission.

TOKIO, Jan. 26.—The Rev. Clay Macauley of Boston, a Unitarian minister, who was a resident in Japan for many years, has been decorated by the Mikado with the Fourth Order of the Rising Sun in consideration of Dr. Macauley's pronounced friendliness toward Japan and the fact that during the recent war he was an ardent supporter of Japan.

INDIAN MONARCHY PLANNED.

Details of Conspiracy Against British Administration Learned at Trial.

LAHORE, British Indian, Jan. 26.—It developed to-day at the trial of an alleged Indian conspirator that the plot against the British Indian Government included the establishment of an independent monarchy, with a King, an imperial council of five, a House of Princes, and a House of Commons.

The seat of government was to be at Delhi.

AUSTRIA ACCUSES RUSSIA.

Military Attaché Said to Have Been Involved in Espionage.

VIENNA, Jan. 26.—In connection with the recent charges that the arsenal here has been under espionage, Die Zeit announces to-day that the military authorities have obtained conclusive evidence implicating Col. Martchenko, the Russian Military Attaché here, who left for St. Petersburg last Sunday.

The paper asserts that Austria demanded his recall.

FAIRBANKS IN NAPLES.

Former Vice President Invited to Deliver Address in Rome

NAPLES, Jan. 26.—Charles W. Fairbanks, former Vice President of the United States, arrived here to-day from Constantinople. He expects to remain two days.

Mr. Fairbanks has been asked to speak at Rome on Lincoln's Birthday.

BARONESS VAUGHAN WINS.

Princess Louise Beaten in Litigation Over Property Given by Leopold.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The Court of Appeal to-day ordered the removal of the seals that had been placed on the Château Belincourt, the residence given to Baroness Vaughan by the late King Leopold of Belgium, and dismissed the petition of the Princess Louise, who sought an inventory of the property which her father gave to the Baroness.

Louise was condemned to pay the costs of the action.

BRYAN GETS GOLD MEDAL.

Municipality of Lima Also Presents Tokens to Wife and Daughter.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 26.—The municipality presented a gold medal to William J. Bryan to-day, a medal studded with diamonds and rubies to Mrs. Bryan, and a somewhat similar though smaller token to their daughter.

The ball given by the National Club in honor of Mr. Bryan was a splendid function. President Leguia was present.

STATE LOSES ON WAR CLAIM.

New York's Statement of Pay Due Volunteers Presented Too Late.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—New York State has lost the right to prosecute her claim for pay alleged to be due certain volunteers from the State who served in the Spanish-American war. The claim cannot be collected unless relief is given by Congress or the courts. The law provided that such claims should be presented on or before Jan. 1 last. That from New York did not reach the auditor of the Treasury for the War Department until Jan. 3. Jan. 1 was a legal holiday, and the day following was Sunday.

WILSON AIDS STAGE CHILDREN

Will Petition Massachusetts Legislature to Permit Their Appearance.

A recent decision by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts holding that the child labor laws of that State applies to children on the stage has aroused managers, actors, and friends of the stage to concerted action toward having the law changed. Francis Wilson is particularly active in this direction, and has prepared a petition to be signed in Massachusetts and to be presented to the Legislature as soon as possible.

In this petition Mr. Wilson calls attention to the fact that the law bars from the stage in Massachusetts such plays as "A Midsummer Night's Dream," "The Tempest," "King John," "Richard III.," "A Winter's Tale," "Romeo and Juliet," "Rip Van Winkle," "Peter Pan," and "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Mr. Wilson's interest in the subject has been aroused at this time by the impossibility of taking his present play, "The Bachelor's Baby," to Boston this season.

The petition shows that in England, where the factory laws are very stringent, there is a discrimination in favor of children of the stage, who are not interfered with, and that in New York State child actors are protected but not prevented from appearing on the stage.

In his dressing room at the Criterion Theatre last night Mr. Wilson spoke of the number of famous actors who began their professional life as children, refuting the statement of one of the officers of the Massachusetts Child Labor Society, in which it was said that only a few child actors ever reached eminence in after years, and that the excitement of the life tends to ruin their nervous systems. Mr. Wilson said that actors were long-lived, to judge by the records of their births and deaths, and the evidence was opposed to any idea that acting on the stage tended to shorten life.

The petition will be completed in a few days and sent to Massachusetts, where copies will be distributed for signatures and then sent to the Legislature. Mr. Wilson has the support of nearly all the managers here and in Boston, and expects that good results will come from his presentation of the case to the Bay State lawmakers.

William R. Sill, Press Agent, Bankrupt

William R. Sill, a press agent of 1,445 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,344 and no assets. Among the creditors are Lew Dockstader, $200; John S. Forgotson, $400; Alfred E. Aarons, $100; Young's Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J., $8; Southern Hotel, Columbus, Ohio, $6, and Hotel Worthy, Springfield, Mass., $6, all for borrowed money; Hotel Albany, New York, $47, board; Joshua Jogmady, Atlantic City, $25, board, and Jacob L. Mincer, $450, merchandise. He also owes for groceries, $188; meat, $55; furniture, $28; electrical supplies, $28; restaurant, $30; cab hire, $49; rent, $758; notes, $50; legal services, $140; doctors' bills, $445, and servant, $90.

MACVEAGH SUBMITS HIS NEW BOND PLANS

Bill Sent to Congress Governs Taxes on Circulation Based on Government Issues.

ALL SETTLEMENTS IN GOLD

Defect in Law Providing for Panama Bonds Corrected by a General Provision in Another Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The Administration measures to modify the law regarding the issue of United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness and for fixing the tax rate on National banknote circulation, to maintain the parity of the existing 2 per cent. issue of bonds, were submitted to Congress to-day by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh. The circulation tax bill reads:

Be it enacted, &c., that the rate of tax on National bank circulation secured by bonds of the United States hereafter deposited, bearing rates of interest greater than 2 per cent. per annum, whether the particular bonds have or have not heretofore been used to secure circulation, shall be increased over the tax on circulation secured by 2 per cent. bonds, one-fourth of 1 per cent. each half year for each and every one-half of 1 per cent. excess over 2 per cent. in the rate of interest borne by such bonds.

The other proposed act, intended to remedy defects in the law regarding United States bond and indebtedness certificate issues, follows:

Be it enacted, &c.,

That any bonds and certificates of indebtedness of the United States hereafter issued shall be payable, principal and interest, in United States gold coin of the present standard of value; and that any such bonds may be issued in such denominations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

That any certificates of indebtedness hereafter issued shall be exempt from all taxes or duties of the United States as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority; and that a sum not exceeding one-tenth of 1 per centum of the amount of any certificates of indebtedness issued is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of preparing, advertising, and issuing the same.

Secretary MacVeagh in accompanying letters says:

"The tax on circulation now based on 2 per cent. consols of 1930 and 2 per cent. Panama Canal bonds is at the rate of one-fourth of 1 per cent. each half year upon the average amount of notes in circulation. The tax on all other issues of United States bonds is at the rate of one-half of 1 per cent. each half year on the average amount of notes in circulation.

"These rates operate as a discrimination against the $730,000,000 of outstanding 2 per cent. bonds. As these bonds are only slightly above par and as authority now exists for the issue of bonds for the construction of the Panama Canal to bear not exceeding 3 per cent. interest, the issue of any considerable amount of such new bonds, which under the existing law would be available as a basis for circulation at a tax of only 1 per cent. per annum, would cause them to be considered a much more desirable investment than the existing 2 per cent. bonds and would doubtless cause the 2 per cent. bonds to decline in the market probably below par.

"It is exceedingly important that the market value of these 2 per cent. bonds should be maintained at above par, since any decline below par would probably oblige the Controller of the Currency to call on the banks employing such bonds as a basis for circulation to make good the deficiency."

Secretary MacVeagh says the authority for the Panama Canal bond issue prescribes that they shall be issued in denominations of $100, $500, and $1,000. There should be added authority, he thinks, to issue to the bonds in denominations of $5,000 and $10,000, otherwise the labor of issuing registered bonds in large amounts would be greatly increased.

Provision has been made for payment of the interest on the Panama bonds in gold coin, but no provision is made for payment of the principal in such coin. This omission would render the bonds liable to be paid in standard silver dollars.

RENEWS ATTACK ON CANNON.

Fowler Proposes to Take Him from the Rules Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Representative Fowler of New Jersey, one of the original insurgent Republicans of the House, to-day introduced a resolution providing for a reorganization of the Rules Committee and the removal of Speaker Cannon from that committee. It follows:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives shall, on the 7th day of February, 1910, after the morning hour, proceed to the election of five additional members of the Committee on Rules, four of whom shall be Republicans and one a Democrat.

Resolved, That from and after the passage of this resolution the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall no longer be a member of the Committee on Rules; but that the Committee on Rules shall consist of the four members heretofore appointed and the five members elected under the provisions of this resolution.

Resolved, That the said Committee on Rules, consisting of six Republicans and three Democrats, shall elect one of their number as Chairman of such committee.

Speaking of his resolution Mr. Fowler said: "In my judgment, this resolution expresses the clear and undoubted wish of the people and the now well-settled opinion of the country."

Speaker Cannon, when he saw a copy of the resolution, said: "I don't know of any law to prevent a man from introducing any kind of a resolution he may see fit."

Champ Clark, minority leader, said that it did not provide a sufficient proportion of minority members on the Rules Committee. Representative Norris of Nebraska, one of the leaders of the Republican insurgents, declared that the insurgents stood solidly behind the principles set forth in the Fowler resolution.

More Dreadnoughts for Britain.

PORTSMOUTH, England, Jan. 26.—In well-informed naval circles it is understood that the next British naval estimates will provide for four Dreadnoughts, two armored cruisers, eight small cruisers, twenty-four torpedo boat destroyers, ten submarines, and 5,000 additional men.

WHITE LABEL BASS ALE
FINEST BOTTLED ALE IN THE WORLD
Empty White Label Bottles Redeemed
Pints at 15c. a doz. Splits at 12c. a doz.
THOMAS McMULLEN & CO.
5th Avenue & 42nd Street, N. Y.

To find a Situation see Page 15.

CHARGE $60,000,000 ERROR.

Magazine Men Say Post Office Figures on Second Class Matter Are Too High.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—An error of $60,000,000 exists, according to the Association of American Magazine Publishers, in the Post Office Department's figures on the deficit in carrying second class mail matter. This and other mistakes were alleged in the department's figures upon the basis of which it is proposed to raise the rate for carrying magazines and periodicals through the mails, when some twenty-five leading magazine publishers appeared to-day as representatives of the Periodical Publishers' Association before the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads.

Frank H. Scott, President of the Century Company, said that any increase in the rates on second class matter would affect not only the publishers, who themselves, he said, were by no means wealthy, but the printers, paper manufacturers, advertisers, authors, artists, and the millions of readers of magazines, with whom the publishers would be compelled to adjust the increased burden laid upon them. It would result in greatly increasing the prices of magazines to subscribers, said Mr. Scott.

U. S. BANKING CO. SUSPENDS.

Difficulties of Mexico City Institution Attributed to Payments by President.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 26.—The United States Banking Company suspended today following its failure to make the Clearing House settlement of yesterday's business.

The bank had been allowed until 9:30 o'clock this morning to make the settlement, which it had not been able to make at the close of business yesterday. When the time of grace had passed the notice of suspension was posted on the doors by order of the Board of Directors. The Directors say the suspension was voluntary and for the protection of depositors. They are hopeful of being able to pay the latter in full.

The suspension is attributed to the payment by President Ham of drafts of the Mexico Packing Company, aggregating $2,000,000, which were not accepted in London. It is estimated that nearly $3,500,000 was withdrawn from deposits during the run. It is said that the bank almost met the emergency, but the failure of the Bank of Montreal to provide more funds precipitated the suspension.

ADVERTISEMENT
HOME AIDS TO BEAUTY.
COMPLEXION BEAUTIFIER—A fine complexion beautifier that will soften and whiten the skin and take away that oily, sallow, coarse look, is made by dissolving four ounces of spurmax in a half-pint of hot water and adding two teaspoonfuls of glycerine. Applied to the face, neck and arms, this lotion wonderfully improves the appearance. It is much better than face powder, as it does not show on the face or rub off so easily. It gives the skin a pink, healthy and youthful appearance. Spurmax lotion is inexpensive, and there is nothing better for removing and preventing freckles, cold sores and chapping of skin. You can buy spurmax and glycerine at any drug store.
DELIGHTFUL SHAMPOO—Soap and many high-priced, ready-prepared shampoos are dangerous to use on the hair, as they contain alkali, which takes the life out of the hair and leaves it dry, dull and brittle, and often causes it to become streaky. A reliable, refreshing shampoo is made by dissolving a teaspoonful of canthrox in a cup of hot water. It lathers abundantly, cleans the hair and scalp thoroughly, removes dandruff, and stops itching of the scalp. This shampoo dries quickly and leaves the hair bright, soft and fluffy. You can get a canthrox shampoo at almost any hair-dresser's or you can buy canthrox from your druggist and shampoo with it at home.
HAIR TONIC—Dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair with split ends are caused by the presence of germs. A good quinine hair tonic that will kill the germs, remove dandruff permanently and restore the hair and scalp to a healthy condition can be made by dissolving an ounce of quinozin in one-half pint alcohol, then adding one-half pint cold water. Rub this tonic into the scalp twice a week. It will prove very refreshing, invigorating, and make the hair soft and glossy, and encourage an abundant growth of hair. It is fine for winter use, as it dries quickly.
FACE CREAM—An excellent complexion cream that contains no oils or fats to encourage a growth of hair can be made by dissolving an ounce of almozin in one-half pint cold water and adding two teaspoonfuls glycerine. Stir briskly and let stand over night. There is nothing better for taking out of the pores of the skin the oil and dirt which soap and water will not remove. It makes a harsh, dry skin moist, soft and velvety, with regular applications, and is excellent for massaging, to remove and prevent wrinkles, freckles and blackheads. It is splendid for making large pores in the skin smaller, and fine for rough, chapped face and hands during the cold weather.

DISCONTINUING
The Retail Book Business
Excepting the Rare Book Department
BOOKS OF ALL KINDS AT CLOSING OUT PRICES
DODD, MEAD & CO.
Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

180 Pianos Remain!
Wm. Knabe & Company
Continuation of Our Sale of
Brand New and Slightly Used
PIANOS
AT
Decidedly Reduced Prices!
As previously stated, this stock-riddance is made necessary through the remodeling of our third floor salesroom. We have only nine more days before the workmen will begin their task. The remaining pianos (180) from yesterday's sale will be disposed of regardless of actual value in preference to storing them and paying enormous storage charges.

KNABE, CHICKERING, STEINWAY, SOHMER, WEBER, HARDMAN
and Other Leading Makes
The used pianos offered have been placed in perfect condition by our own experts, and, in most instances, are in better condition than when they originally left their own factory. This stock-riddance must be accomplished within next nine days—hence we have utterly disregarded the actual value of former selling price of every piano offered.
To give an idea of the surprisingly low prices, we quote
UPRIGHTS from $50
GRANDS, $295 Upwards
and PLAYER-PIANOS, $390 Upwards
Convenient Terms of Payment
New Pianos (Selling Elsewhere at $300) at only $190
Terms $5 Down, $5 Monthly
WM. KNABE & CO.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street

Why Grow Old!
LACTAB
(Milk Ferment Tablets)
RIKER DRUG STORES
50 CENTS
Prevent Indigestion Dyspepsia Liver, Kidney & Heart Trouble

When a man sallies forth in evening attire he tries to look his best—and oftimes he pays an exorbitant price to look it. That man does not know Vogel Brothers. There's no high price penalty here, although no Dress Suit or Tuxedo possesses more dignity, character or style than ours. It means many dollars in your pocket to find this out—thousands of wise men have.
Dress Suits, $30 to $55; Tuxedo Coats, $14 to $30
Dress Suits, Special at $30
Fashioned of a fine imported black whipcord, with all the style-features that are demanded by critical men. The coat has long, pointed lapels that are faced to the extreme edge with silk. The shoulders are of moderate breadth and the sleeves are narrow. The long waisted effect and dip at the front of the coat give the figure an erect, military appearance. A great value at $30.
VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

Buns
Rolls
Muffins
Biscuits
Waffles
Pop-overs
Coffee Bread
Made with—
WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
Makes Breakfast a Success
THE BREAKFAST QUESTION

COPYRIGHT 1910 WASHBURN CROSBY CO. MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

PRINCETON SKATERS HOCKEY CHAMPIONS

Tigers Win Title by Victory Over Yale at St. Nicholas Rink by Score of 2 to 1.

KAY STARS FOR VICTORS

Little Player Cages Both of the Goals for the New Jerseyites—Loutrell Gets Lone Point for Bulldog.

The Princeton Tiger is the Intercollegiate Hockey League champion for this season, having captured the title last night in a fierce struggle with the Yale team at St. Nicholas Rink, the score standing 2 goals for Princeton and 1 for the Elis. It was a peculiar fact that the contest marked the first appearance of Yale in the intercollegiate series this season and that it was the concluding one for the New Jersey players. It practically worked out that Yale lost the intercollegiate title after having competed once. Yale's previous games were postponed.

The certainty that a victory for Princeton would eliminate Yale almost before starting served as an incentive for a fierce struggle on the part of the New Haven players, but there was lacking just a shade less ability than Princeton was able to put forth, and the victory by a margin of one tally followed.

No hockey match that has been contested at the local rink this season has brought out the crowd that witnessed the match last evening. Long before the time for the game to commence all the seats in the rink had been sold, and the spectators who would not be denied a chance to look at the struggle crowded several deep around the sides of the rink. As nearly as possible the supporters of the rival sevens were grouped, Princeton having one side and Yale the other, and there was plenty of opportunity for each group to voice its feelings. Here and there a Princetonian or Yale flag showed itself, but for the most part there was little display of college colors.

At the end of twenty minutes of hard play, in which the tide of battle centred alternately around one goal and then the other, the changes coming with lightning rapidity, the Tigers were in the lead by one point, and in the second half there was an even break, with each side scoring once.

If there was any man on the Princeton forward line who deserved greater credit than another, it was little Kay. Though not weighing as much as any other man on the ice, he looked to be overmatched until he began to skate, and then he worried the whole Yale team. Both of the scores which won for Princeton the championship were due to his accurate shots, which were the results of clever play. In the first half Kay received the puck from McKinney near the side of the rink and shot it into the Yale net, and in the second period he carried the rubber down close to the net after a run through the whole Yale team, and scored neatly. Read, too, deserves a great deal of credit, for he was one of the Tigers' best players on defense, dividing honors with Peacock, who stopped repeated tries by Yale. The one score by Yale was a long hit by Loutrell from near the centre of the rink. The line-up:

Yale.	Position.	Princeton.
Williams	Goal	Peacock
Swenson	Point	Blair
Johnson	Cover point	Read
Martin	Rover	Kay
Heron	Centre	McKinney
Merritt	Left wing	Angell
Loutrell	Right wing	Connett

Goals—First half: First for Princeton by Kay in 4:50. Second half: First for Yale by Loutrell in 6:30; second for Princeton by Kay in 11:15. Penalties—Loutrell, 1 minute; Martin, 2 minutes; Johnson, 1 minute; Merritt, 2 minutes; Johnson, 3 minutes; Johnson, 3 minutes. Substitute—Sawyer for Connett. Referee—W. Russell, Hockey Club. Assistant referee—E. Dufresne, Wanderers. Goal umpires—G. Harmon, Wanderers, and F. C. Britton, Hockey Club. Timekeepers—George Stebbins, Crescent A. C., and W. J. Croker, Wanderers. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

YALE BEATEN BY N. Y. U.

Local Collegians Lead at End of Basket Ball by Two-Point Margin.

To the great delight of several hundred spectators, New York University defeated Yale at basket ball last night by the score of 18 to 16 in the University Heights Gymnasium.

The contest was fast, sharp, and hard. First one team and then the other swung into the lead. Many a good try at the baskets was blocked. At the end of the first half Yale led by the score of 12 to 10, and the followers of the Blue five were supremely happy. Their dreams of ultimate victory were shattered, however, early in the second half, when Brodhead and Wachenfeld of the New York University team did some splendid goal shooting from the floor. The line-up:

New York.	Position.	Yale.
Wachenfeld	Left forward	Drew
Smith, Longworth	Right forward	Hyde
Brodhead	Centre	Finnessy, Goodwin, Scudder
Girdansky	Left guard	Murphy
Dale	Right guard	Eames

Goals from the field—For New York University: Wachenfeld, (3,) Brodhead, (4,) Dale. For Yale: Drew, (3,) Finnessy, (3.) Goals from foul—For New York University, Wachenfeld. For Yale: Hyde Finnessy, (2,) Eames. Referee—Mr. Thorpe of Columbia. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Lawrenceville Beats Peddie, 47 to 20.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCEVILLE, N. J., Jan. 26.—Although the Lawrenceville School basket ball team was weakened by the loss of Capt. Johnson and Forward Henry, they easily defeated the Peddie Institute team, 47 to 20. McLanahan, the Lawrenceville centre, scored 23 points. The line-up:

Lawrenceville.	Position.	Peddie.
Stevenson, Ballantyne	Forward	Miller
Lockwood, Heath	Forward	Spear
McLanahan, Baker	Centre	Conell
Waller, Holtz	Guard	Martindale
Shenk, Zimmerman	Guard	Mann

Field goals—Stevenson, (3,) Lockwood, (6,) McLanahan, (8,) Waller, Zimmerman, (2,) Miller, (5,) Spear, Martindale, (3.) Goals from fouls—McLanahan, (7,) Conell.

JACK FROST WINS ICE RACE.

James M. O'Brien's Fleet Yacht Takes Porter Cup on Shrewsbury River.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 26.—Capt. James M. O'Brien's ice yacht Jack Frost won the Porter Cup this afternoon on the Shrewsbury River from three of the fastest boats in the Shrewsbury Club. It was the initial victory for the Jack Frost, and after the race Capt. O'Brien was warmly congratulated.

The Jack Frost led in the 15-mile race from start to finish, defeating the Isabel one minute and three seconds, with the B-Content third. The Drub withdrew on the fifth lap. The summary:

Porter Cup.—Distance, 15 miles; six-lap course of Shrewsbury Club. Jack Frost, J. M. O'Brien, owner; sailed by Capt. Charles Blair. Time—44:07. Isabel, Walter Content owner, second. Time—45:10. B-Content, Walter Content owner, third. Time—48:40. Drub, Edward Fiedler owner, withdrew at 4:35, after sailing five laps.

Some hundreds of fancy waistcoats at revised prices may seem like "chicken feed," contrasted with the thousands of suits and overcoats now marked down.

But the waistcoats are good looking, the revising rather radical, and altogether its an attractive item of the extra value news.

Separate striped trousers also include extra values now.

"Glengariffe" and "Trossachs" are the Scotch names of the new shapes of soft cloth hats just from overseas.

Not expensive either, $3.50.

In six colors.

One of the novelties of our Spring stock of "Stars"—

"Star" shirts with semi-stiff bosoms of French pique.

The price is specially attractive for shirts of this quality. $3.

These "Star" shirts are called Mentone, Cannes, Calais, Vendome, St. Germain, Orleans.

Some folks wonder why our Dollar Glove does not interfere with the sale of our $1.50 walking glove, since the Dollar Glove is palpably as good as many $1.50 gloves.

The answer's simple—our $1.50 glove is a "Special" which compares only with the usual $2 glove.

Both made in England.

Ever try "Lindsay"?

A comfortable Arrow collar now being advertised.

Here of course with all the other Arrows.

Two for 25c.

Cushion shoes appeal to common sense.

A kid-covered cushion of elastic felt makes standing easier.

Soft Vici kid, $5.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st

PALM BEACH GOLF PLAY.

H. P. Farrington Shows Fine Form and May Be the Winner.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 26.—Semi-finals in the eighteen-hole handicap tournament for the New Year's Cup will be played to-morrow, with the finals on Friday. H. P. Farrington of Boston looks like the prospective winner. He made the lowest score in the qualifying round yesterday, and to-day when paired with W. R. Bassett easily beat him, 7 up and 6 to play. The play was a little better than yesterday, when the low score was 80. The scores:

First Division.—First round—H. P. Farrington beat W. K. Bassett, 7 and 6; Robert J. Allyn beat C. S. Brackett, 2 up; F. C. Vanduzen beat A. J. McClure, 1 up; R. H. McElwee beat Arthur P. Clapp, 6 and 5; E. R. Buck beat L. E. Martin, 2 and 1; F. C. Miller beat S. S. Spaulding, 3 and 2; Walter Fairbanks beat W. H. Haight, 5 and 4.

Second Division.—First round—Vincent B. Hubell beat George Brinkerhof, 3 and 2; A. J. Andrews beat D. O. Wyckham, 1 up; I. Schmolzel beat L. M. Stumer, 2 up; H. C. Haskins beat W. A. Sanford, 1 up; C. S. Hand beat L. W. Nieman, 3 up; J. E. Way won from B. Keith by default; F. J. Phillips beat A. E. Smylie, 6 and 5; J. E. Rumbough won from W. L. Rice by default.

Third Division.—First round—John Birkholz beat C. A. Klotz, 5 and 4; Dr. Daniel Karsner beat Louis Hartle, 2 up; E. P. Goodwin beat B. W. Campbell, 6 and 6; F. B. Hastings beat P. C. Band, 2 up; H. K. Bolton won from McNeil by default; A. D. Cook beat H. C. Geiser, 7 and 6; J. P. Robertson beat W. H. Moffitt, 5 up; S. P. Vickers beat W. L. Hodgkins, 3 up.

Yacht for European Racing.

Another yacht intended for racing in European waters has just been designed by Cox & Stevens. The owner of the new boat, a sloop, is Dr. Lennart Peterson of Helsingfors, Finland, and it is his intention to enter the sloop in St. Petersburg, Stockholm, and Helsingfors races in the five-meter class. She will be equipped with American-made sails, but the boat itself will be built in Finland.

She has an over-all length of 29 feet, a water-line length of 18 feet 3 inches, a beam of 6 feet 6 inches, and a draught of 4 feet 7 inches. She has mahogany planking, with frames and keel of white oak, and hollow spars. Her sail area is 410 square feet.

The completed plans will be forwarded to Dr. Peterson some time next week. It is expected that the construction of the yacht will be commenced immediately upon their receipt, and that she will be ready to enter her maiden race sometime in the early Summer.

Dixie Kid Knocks Out Farrell.

Dixie Kid, the negro welterweight, knocked out Jack Farrell, also colored, in the ninth round at the Sharkey Athletic Club last night, with a hard right-hand smash to the jaw. It was the Dixie Kid's fight all the way. He put Farrell to the mat three times in the first round, and in the third round the bell saved Farrell from a knockout. Farrell showed a flash of good form in the sixth and landed several hard body blows on the Kid, but the latter came back, and in the next few rounds put his opponent out.

Yale Football Call for Candidates.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 26.—Capt. Fred Daly of the Yale football eleven to-day issued the formal call for candidates to start the Winter practice. About twenty-five of the candidates will start drill on the gymnasium floor next Monday afternoon and train two or three days a week until college closes for the Easter week vacation. Capt. Daly and Head Coach Ted Coy will direct the drill.

E. P. Mestreau of the junior class has been appointed coach of the freshman eleven for next Fall. He comes from Portland, Oregon.

Clinton Shooters the Best.

The De Witt Clinton rifle team defeated Stuyvesant yesterday in the shoot-off of a tie by a score of 209 to 259. The scores:

CLINTON.		STUYVESANT.	
Brown	35	Grimm	31
Archibald	34	Katz	32
Silberman	34	Smith	34
Lore	31	Hoefler	32
Emmerick	35	W. Curry	33
Boldi	36	Di Pietro	31
Vass	34	De Gaetano	32
Krefeld (Capt.)	33	D. Curry	34
Total	209	Total	259

PLAN TO PROMOTE LOCAL ATHLETICS

Ten Districts of Metropolitan Association to Hold Track Championships.

ENCOURAGE HOME TALENT

Regimental, Gymnastic, and Athletic Clubs Invited to Apply for Sanctions—Events to be Divided Among the Districts.

An extensive plan to promote a greater interest in athletics in the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union has been put forth by the Track and Field Championship Committee, of which Frederick W. Rubien is Chairman. It provides for district track, field, and gymnastic championships under the direction of the districts, which number ten. New Jersey, north of Trenton, and Connecticut comprise a district each, and also the Boroughs of Richmond, Bronx and Manhattan, and Westchester County and Long Island. Besides this New York has been divided into Western, Central, and Hudson River sections. The Western district includes the counties of Niagara, Erie, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Allegany, Steuben, Wyoming, Livingston, Ontario, Yates, Genesee, Orleans, Monroe, and Wayne. The central section comprises Jefferson, Lewis, Oswego, Oneida, Herkimer, Cayuga, Seneca, Schuyler, Tompkins, Onondaga, Madison, Cortland, Chenango, Otsego, Chemung, Tioga, Broome, Delaware, St. Lawrence, Franklin, and Clinton, and the Hudson River includes Essex, Hamilton, Warren, Fulton, Saratoga, Washington, Montgomery, Schenectady, Schoharie, Albany, Rensselaer, Greene, Columbia, Sullivan, Ulster, Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, and Rockland.

Regimental, gymnastic, and athletic organizations desiring to hold championships in track and field events will be granted the privilege upon application to the committee, after stating the events they desire. The only restriction is that the new championship die medals must be awarded for the first three places. Also none but registered athletes will be allowed to compete.

One feature which will be held strictly to is the confining of contestants in a district championship to the actual residents of that district regardless of club affiliations. In other words a resident of Albany could not compete in Manhattan championships even though he was a member of some club in this city.

It is considered that this will do much to promote athletics among school boys, collegians, and others who would perhaps not otherwise be drawn into competition.

Speaking of the matter, James E. Sullivan, President of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U., says:

It is probably the best plan ever hit upon by any Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union to foster athletics and develop home talent. It will mean a great deal for the development of athletics among school boys, colleges, and others in the districts that have been set aside by the Championship Committee, and granted the privilege of holding district championships.

It is not necessary that a club in any one district should apply for all of the events. The clubs in the different districts can hold a meeting and divide the events, each club holding such events as are possible to be held in their own building, or on their own grounds.

Chairman Rubien, who has had years of experience in developing athletic interests, and who is the prime mover in the Church Athletic League of New York, which is now a pronounced success, believes in arranging district championships. It will build up district leagues in all sections of the States of New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey. These championships are closed to actual residents of the respective districts regardless of any club affiliation.

No event will be duplicated in any territory for a year, that is, if a club in Buffalo gives the high jumping championship for that district, no other club in that territory would be given that event until another year's district championships were arranged for. In applying for the privilege of giving any of the championships the applicant can select any event.

Every athlete who competes in the district championships must be registered. He can do this by filing a properly filled out blank with the Chairman of the Registration Committee, H. Oberthoesing, Post Office Box 611, New York City.

A new official die medal, emblematic of these championships, is now being designed. Included in the design will be the seals of the three States which comprise the Metropolitan Association, and each medal will be suitably inscribed.

Any further information regarding these championships will be cheerfully given by the Chairman of the Championship Committee, to whom all applications for any event or events should be addressed.

Rooters for Boston's Relay Team.

Ex-President Edward E. Babb of the Amateur Athletic Union notified Secretary James E. Sullivan yesterday that a delegation of Boston rooters will be on hand at the Pastime games Friday night, especially to see the inter-city relay race in which a Boston A. A. team is entered. Officials of the Boston club who will be present are E. E. Babb, Col. George B. Billings, Charles H. Carter, Paul Keith, and George V. Brown.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

John McGovern, Captain of the University of Minnesota football team for 1909, was operated on for appendicitis Monday night.

Pitcher Frank Smith of the White Sox and Hans Lobert of the Reds have signed 1910 contracts.

The Department of the Lakes Rifle Association will hold its annual competition at the Detroit Rifle Range the latter part of July. The association consists of militiamen from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Kentucky.

Cornell and Michigan Universities will engage in a dual track meet this year, and may follow this with a football and baseball alliance.

J. G. Lathrop, former coach of the Harvard track team, has been chosen track coach at the University of Wisconsin.

"Fighting Dick" Hyland has signed to fight Grove Hayes of Philadelphia in New Orleans on Feb. 5.

The Kentucky Racing Association has decided to ask the State Racing Commission to allot to it April 30 to May 7, inclusive, as dates for racing at Lexington.

The American fancy skating championship will be held this year late in February or early in March at either St. Nicholas Rink or at the new ice arena in Boston. An innovation will be that the meet will be governed by the same rules which govern the European contests.

The skating meet of the Crystal Lake Skating Club will be held at Crystal Lake, Eagle Rock, West Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 29, at 2:30 P. M. There will be three events—half-mile, one-mile novice, and three-mile handicap. The entries will close Jan. 19. The meet is open to all amateur skaters, and is sanctioned by the Eastern Skating Association.

For the second of a series of stags the Brooklyn A. C. has induced "Knockout Jack" O'Donnell to agree to meet Owney Liss in the principal event on Friday night in the club gymnasium, 374 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Rising Tide of High Prices

is submerging worthy families who have always been independent.

Will you help us to give the prompt, judicious aid that alone can prevent suffering and restore self-dependence?

Please send just what you can NOW.

R. S MINTURN, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 E. 22d St., United Charities Building.

N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

S. FULTON CUTTING, President.

JOHN T. BRUSH TO RETIRE?

Rumor in Orange Has It That Knowles Will Be Giants' President.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 26.—The report was circulated in this city to-day that Harry H. Wells, Orange Manager for Public Service in the Gas and Electric Departments, has been selected to succeed Frederick M. Knowles as Secretary of the New York National League Baseball Club. Mr. Knowles, it is said, will be the President of that organization, to succeed John T. Brush, who will retire from active management on account of failing health.

Mr. Wells was asked about the report to-day, but would neither affirm nor deny it, stating that he would prefer that the announcement be made from a source other than him. He is a friend of Mr. Knowles, and their relationship adds strength to the report.

Neither Mr. Brush nor Mr. Knowles is in New York, and, therefore, the report could not be verified or denied last night. It has been rumored for sometime, however, that there would be important changes in the New York National League Club's officials, which included the retirement of President Brush and the promotion of Secretary Knowles to the place vacated by Mr. Brush.

BASEBALL MEN ADJOURN.

Giants' Opening Game at Home Will Be Played April 22.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 28.—The joint Schedule Committee of the two major baseball leagues concluded their work to-night, and the members left for home. It was formally announced that both the long and short schedules will be presented to the National League meeting next month. Ban Johnson, President of the American League, said that either schedule would fit in satisfactorily with his league.

The season will open in the West on April 13. Pittsburg will open at St. Louis. New York will play the first game at the Polo Grounds April 22, and the first game at Forbes Field will be with Cincinnati April 20 or 21. The New York Americans will open their season at home about April 14.

John A. Heydler, Secretary of the National League, returned yesterday from Pittsburg, where he has been attending the meetings of the Rules and Schedule Committees. President Lynch will return to-day. Mr. Heydler is arranging a pamphlet with all the changes in the rules, which will soon be ready for distribution. President Lynch was successful in his effort to make more influential the positon of umpire, who will this year have more authority in the rules to back him up.

One of the amendments provides that the Captain of a team cannot call the attention of the umpire to what he thinks is a violation of the rules. The umpire must see it himself, and the Captain's move in such a predicament is to assume an attitude of absolute silence. Another amendment places the umpire in the reach of a fine, for if that personage fails to announce a change in the line-up when it is given to him by the Captain of a team, he is subject to a fine of $5.

Hereafter a runner going to first will be allowed to turn either to the left or right after he touches the bag. Formerly he had to turn to the right, but now he can turn either way, providing, of course, that he does not attempt to continue toward second base. Clark Griffith's suggestion to make the umpires stay off the field while judging the play fell very flat, and no one seconded the idea. Griffith declared that the umpires get in the way and break up many a good play. The suggestion of Ban Johnson to do away with the pitcher warming up before each inning did not come up for discussion, either.

Yale Nine to Take Easter Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 26.—Yale baseball officials have won their fight for an Easter trip to the South. The Faculty to-day granted permission for the journey, after refusing it two weeks ago. Manager Ford Johnson has opened communication with several colleges, and will announce the schedule for Easter week soon. One of the teams that will be played is Georgetown and another probably is the University of Virginia, but the other games are uncertain.

Four Yankees Sign Contracts.

The first of the new 1910 signed contracts were received by the New York American Baseball Club yesterday from four of the players. The first men to sign and return the papers were Infielder Frank Laporte, and Pitchers J. Vaughn, J. Quinn, and J. Frill.

RICKARD SURE OF HIS GROUND.

Does Not Need to See Governor of Utah About Holding Fight in State.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 26.—Whether the Jeffries-Johnson fight will be held here next July is expected to be settled before the end of the prsent week. Gov. William Spry, it is said, will issue a statement soon, which will finally end the matter.

"Tex" Rickard is going ahead as if he regarded everything settled, but he has not yet seen the Governor, and the meeting between the two is regarded with considerable speculation. Rickard has said that he knows where he stands, and that it is not necessary to see the State Executive at all.

That followers of the sport in neighboring cities and States have taken it for granted that the battle will be held here is indicated by the large number of requests for seats at the big fight. Already there are hundreds of applications on file.

Not only will the Jeffries-Johnson fight never be pulled off in Utah, according to a statement made yesterday by a prominent official of that State, who is visiting this city, but "Tex" Rickard has only himself to blame that such is the case. This official said that there had once been a chance of holding the big fight in Utah, but that, through the public iterations and reiterations of Rickard that he had everything fixed, despite the emphatic hints to the contrary dropped by Gov. William Spry, there was now hardly even the ghost of a chance that Jeffries and Johnson would face each other anywhere on Utah soil.

He said, further, that the present laws of Utah were clearly against permitting prize fights and that there would be no remedial legislation passed between now and July 4, the date set for the battle. If any attempt to pass new laws proved successful, Gov. Spry would veto the new statute, and certainly not enough votes could be mustered to pass the bill over his veto, was the visitor's concluding remark.

"For Gov. Spry to permit the Jeffries-Johnson fight after the verbal war that has raged to advertise it," said this official, "would be to stultify himself and show that he was not any more than the merely titular Governor of Utah. After Gov. Spry said that the fight would not take place in our State, Rickard failed to take the hint and shut up.

"If Rickard had stopped talking along about the time of Gov. Spry's first statement, made, I think, in Philadelphia, over a month and a half ago—all might at this moment have been well and good. But Rickard had to keep on talking and blustering about his 'pull' and—well, he hasn't a chance now to pull off his big fight in Utah."

Watchung Racing In May.

The Watchung Hunt Club of Plainfield, N. J., has received a sanction to hold a racing meeting on its grounds on May 28 and 30. The club has also signified its intention of making application for a meeting in the Fall, but the dates have not been selected.

Frank J. Bryan, Secretary of the Hunts Committee, said yesterday that dates have been allotted for ten days of amateur racing in this section, and that fully forty more days will be applied for by various amateur clubs.

Turfmen to Honor Sanford.

According to a well-defined rumor in Jockey Club circles John Sanford will be the next Vice President of the Saratoga Racing Association. The Board of Directors will meet Monday for the election of officers. The other officers will likely be re-elected. J. H. Alexandre is the retiring Vice President of the association.

WIDE SCOPEOF NEW MOTOR VEHICLE BILL

Provides for a Bureau at Washington and National Registration.

NO CONFLICT WITH STATES

Home State License and "U. S." Tag Will Pass Tourists Through Any State Without Further License.

The new motor vehicle bill which has been introduced in Congress by Representative Cocks of New York is being widely discussed among automobile men. This is a measure which has been advocated for a long time and which will provide a National registration for tourists which will be recognized in every State of the Union. Under this proposed act a new bureau will be created in the Department of Commerce and Labor to be known as the Motor Vehicle Bureau.

The bill provides for an automobile Commissioner to have charge of the bureau at a salary of $5,000 a year, a Secretary at a salary of $2,000 a year, and a clerical force. The clerks' salaries are to be limited to $1,200 a year.

The new National registration tag as provided for by this bill will be a white placard with black numerals not less than three inches long. The initial of the home State of the automobile will be placed before the number, and after the number will be the letters "U. S." At night all cars registered under this proposed measure must carry two lights, one of which must throw its ray on the National registration tag.

The act further provides for the registration of motor vehicles which have already complied with the registration laws of the State in which the owner of the machine resides. It has been drawn up so that it in no way conflicts with the registration laws of any State.

According to the proposed measure the National registration fee will be $5. The granting of this registration will exact from the owner of the machine a complete and detailed description of his machine, his right to operate it, its motor power, and much other information. The National registration tag must be exhibited separately and apart from the number displayed in accordance with the provisions of the State under which the vehicle has previously been registered.

Provision will be made under the new act for the forfeiture of the registration with all its privileges and accompanying fees for violation of any of the provisions of the measure. Any owner who has forfeited his registration will not be granted another license until he has paid a penalty fee of $25, has complied with all the articles required in the first registration, and has paid another registration fee. In the event of a fictitious number being displayed the owner of the machine shall be denied National registration for a period of five years. A certificate is also to be issued with the license number, and the autoist must be ready at all times to exhibit it to the proper authorities on demand. In case the certificate is lost a new one will be issued on the payment of $1.

Automobile men will assemble in Washington next month to attend the hearing on this bill, and are very desirous of having it become a law.

Entries for New Orleans Auto Races.

Purses amounting to more than $5,000 will be distributed among the drivers in the automobile races at the Mardi Gras Carnival at New Orleans on Feb. 5 and 6. The meet will bring together a large collection of racing drivers, and the events will be held on a circular mile track. The list of entries to date are as follows: George Robertson, 90 horse power Simplex; Barney Oldfield, 130 horse power Benz; Ralph De Palma, 90 horse power Fiat; Robert Burman, Buick; Louis Chevrolet, Buick; Ben Kirscher, Darraq; Joe Nelson, Buick; Arthur Chevrolet, Buick; Joe Grennon, Buick; George Clark, Jackson 40; Billy Lynch, Jackson 40; "Speedy" Shaw, Knox; Frank Honey, National; Ellis, Jackson 40; Arthur W. Greiner, National 40.

The meet promises to be one of the most sensational held on a mile course, as many of the men entered are record holders, and there will be much rivalry. Fred J. Wagner of New York will be the starter.

President Eliot for Football Reform.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—In announcing that he had not changed his views regarding football, President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard stated to-day that in his opinion college football must either be abolished or radically reformed. He hoped that the Football Committee would evolve a safer game, and favored a change to the English rugby game.

WORLD'S SKATING RECORD.

Edmund Lamy Wins Quarter-Mile Race at Cleveland in 0:38 4-5.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 26.—With a world's record for the quarter mile within his grasp, Phil Kearney, the New York speed wonder, who has been making Pittsburg his headquarters this Winter, tripped and fell at the Elysium to-night and Edmund Lamy of Saranac Lake, N. Y., amateur champion of the world, crossed over the finish line a yard in advance of Roe and Robson, the Toronto whirlwinds. Lamy's time was 38 4-5 seconds, a new world's record for the distance.

It was a night for record breaking, and the quarter-mile event did not have anything on the one and one-half mile final. Lamy clipped three seconds off the mark of 4 minutes and 28 seconds, made by J. S. Johnson on Feb. 24, 1894.

Champion Lamy failed to qualify in the mile event, tripping and falling on the eighth lap. Robson won the first heat and Kearney the second. The former failed to start in the final heat, and Kearney had comparatively easy sailing, winning in 2 minutes 54 4-5 seconds.

Claud Lamy, the fourteen-year-old brother of the amateur champion, defeated Ben Osickey of Cleveland in their special half-mile race. The summary:

Quarter Mile.—First Heat—First, Kearney; second, Wheeler; third, Enger; fourth, Fisher; fifth, Heffernan. Time—0:41. Second Heat—First, Lamy; second, Robson; third, Roe; fourth, Miller; fifth, Ahlroth. Time—0:40 2-5. Third Heat—First, Sutphen; second, Kaad; third, Brunst, Ebensberger, Launam, and Lang also started. Time—0:40 3-5. Finals—Three men in fastest preliminary heat and two in each of the other two heats qualified. First, Lamy; second, Roe; third, Robson. Kearney, Wheeler, Sutphen, and Kaad also started. Time—0:38 4-5, a new world's record.

Special Match Race, One Mile.—Arthur Hess of Cleveland won from Charles Jacobsen of Jamestown, N. Y., by default, Hess skating less than five laps, while Jacobsen quit after one lap.

One-Mile Race.—First Heat—First, Robson; second, Fisher; third, Leonard; fourth, Kaad. Schwartz, Ebensberger, Heffernan, Miller, and Brunst also started. Time—2:56. Second Heat—First, Kearney; second, Roe; third, Ahlroth; fourth, Hess. Lamy, Lauman, Wheeler, Stuphen, Enger, and Lang also started. Time—2:51.

Final Heat, four men in fastest heat and three in slowest qualified.—First, Kearney; second, Ahlroth; third, Roe; fourth, Leonard; fifth, Hess. Fisher also started. Time—2:32 4-5.

One-Half Mile Match Race.—Claud Lamy of Saranac Lake, N. Y., defeated Ben Osickey of Cleveland for the fourteen-year-old championship of the world. Time—1:38.

One and One-Half Mile.—First Heat—First, Lamy; second, Kearney; third, Sutphen; fourth, Fisher; fifth, Hess. Miller, Robson, Lang, and Schwartz also started. Time—4:50. Second Heat—First, Wheeler; second, Roe; third, Ahlroth; fourth, Leonard; fifth, Lauman; sixth, Brunst; seventh, Kaad. Ebensberger and Enger also started. Time—4:34 2-5.

Final Heat.—Fourd men in each heat qualified, but Leonard and Fisher failed to start. First, Lamy; second, Kearney; third, Wheeler; fourth, Ahlroth. Time—4:25.

One-half Mile Match Race.—Kaad of Chicago defeated Ebensberger of Pittsburg. Time—4:28.

One-quarter Mile Hurdle Race.—First, Robson; second, Ahlroth; third, Fisher. Time—0:50.

No Horse Show or Parade on Speedway.

At a general meeting of the Road Drivers' Association of New York, held at the Hotel Cadillac last night, it was decided not to hold a horse show and parade on the Speedway this year, owing to the heavy expense attached to such a venture and the general lack of interest in it among the public. President Joseph Gibbons, who was in the chair, announced the most important committees for 1910:

Rules Committee, Harry L. Toplitz, Chairman; William J. Lichtenberg, Dr. H. D. Gill, and George H. Huber; Legislative Committee, Dr. H. D. Gill, Chairman; William J. Clark, H. A. Biggs, and Andrew Crawford; Good Roads Committee, William Scott, Chairman; Philip Heipershausen, J. Blackburn Miller, and J. J. Corkery; Brush Committee, Dr. J. H. Forster, Chairman; Thomas G. Hinds, Edward McGaffney, William Cahill, Walter Edelmeyer, H. B. Clark, John McCullough, and T. W. Bassett.

Hueston's Double Pool Victory.

Thomas Hueston, the pool champion, who is matched to play Jerome Keogh for the championship at the New York Theatre Concert Hall, is now putting the finishing touches on his practice at Doyle's Academy. Yesterday he played two games. In the first he defeated E. Seabury by a score of 100 to 64, with a high run of 18. In the second contest he was victorious over M. Winchell by the score of 100 to 7, with a high run of 27.

Boyd Defeats Worcester with Cue.

S. A. Boyd (215) defeated C. Worcester (190) last night in the amateur 18.2 balkline championship tournament at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, by the score of 215 to 168. Boyd, although the high man, had little trouble in making his tally, as he followed the ivories with more accuracy than his opponent, and ran out the necessary 215 in forty-nine innings. Boyd's high run for the game was 25, with an average of 4 19-49, while Worcester's high score was 24, with an average of 3 24-48. To-morrow night C. Scheidig (235) will meet G. M. Millett (225.)

POLO MANAGER GOES WEST.

Frank A. Gill of Point Judith Club to Captain Team in California.

Frank A. Gill, the new manager of the Point Judith Country Club and for some time head of the famous Ranelagh (England) polo organization, left this city yesterday for Corona, Cal. There he is to captain a team of English polo players in a series of games that will be played between them and American teams during the Spring.

Mr. Gill's recent election to the management of the Point Judith Club will not interfere with his duties at Ranelagh. The chief events of the American polo season are scheduled for August and September, which is after the conclusion of the London season. The selection of Mr. Gill has pleased English polo players to a very considerable extent, as well as those of the Paris Polo Club, where he was once manager. They consider his appointment as a distinct compliment to the quality of the European game.

Mr. Gill will return to New York about the end of March, and will then sail for England to arrange for the championships in that country. He will return to the United States on July 23 and assume charge of polo at Point Judith.

The following Committee of Management has recently been elected by the members of the Point Judith organization: Harry Payne Whitney, R. E. Strawbridge, R. L. Agassiz, S. P. Randolph, Louis E. Stoddard, W. A. Hazard, and J. B. Thomas. Twenty thousand dollars is to be expended in improving the Narragansett Pier property of the club. A new field is shortly to be laid out, and the old one will be very considerably improved. A tea pavilion will be erected between the two fields.

Hugh Drury recently brought on some polo ponies from the West to the Barnum Farm, where they will be broken in.

Schlechter Leads In World's Chess.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Dr. Emanuel Lasker, the chess champion, and Carl Schlechter, leading Austrian master, arrived in this city to-day, after having completed the first half of their match for the world's championship in Vienna. Of the five games contested in the Austrian capital the first four were drawn. The fifth was won by Schlechter, who thus achieved the distinction of being the first championship aspirant to establish a lead against Dr. Lasker at so crucial a stage of a match for the title. Neither Steinitz, Marshall, Tarrasch, nor Janowski was able to accomplish as much in their encounters with the present champion. Schlechter has an important advantage in the concluding series to be begun here shortly, his score being three points, whereas that of Dr. Lasker is only two.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

MIDWINTER AUCTION OPENS MONDAY at Madison Sq. Garden

Three Days and Ev'gs

JAN. 31---FEB. 1 & 2

The Annual Auction of

America's Aristocracy of Speed.

450 Light Harness Horses of Highest Class and Breeding, for Track, Speedway and Stud.

Scores of TROTTERS and PACERS with fast Records; GREEN TROTTERS of great speed and promise; YOUNG TROTTERS with valuable stake engagements.

MATCHED TROTTING TEAMS—Speedway, Matinee, and Road Horses with all the good qualities.

Show Winners—High Actors.

STALLIONS of national reputation, speed producing Brood Mares, High Bred Colts and Fillies.

FASIG-TIPTON CO., Madison Square Garden, New York City.

Ed. A. Tipton, Geo. A. Bain, } Auctioneers.

AUTOMOBILES.

RIVERVIEW GARAGE, 271-273 WEST 87TH ST.,

Invites you to call and inspect its new modern garage; high-class storage accommodations; dead storage $7 up; cars for hire.

TIMES SQ. AUTOMOBILE CO. BARGAINS

Largest Dealers in New and Used Cars in the world, no matter what car you want, at Remarkably Low Prices. NEW YORK, 216-217 W. 48th St., near B'way. Also Philad., Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City.

Automobiles

Ready Reference for Buyers

ALCO American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. Tel. 5300 Col.

AMERICAN Roadster—Traveler—Tourist. American Automobile Co., 1720 B'way. Phone 275 Col.

BENZ Benz Auto Import Co. of America, 1599 to 1601 Broadway, N. Y.

BRUSH Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.

COATES-GOSHEN. 1619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 833 Col.

COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

GROUT 45 H. P. $2,500. Garage and Machine Shop. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.

HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.

ISOTTA IMPORT COMPANY, 1,823 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1865-1869 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.

LOZIER 58th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 8853 Columbus.

Marion Flyer Overland CHAS. N. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....30 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....382 Wabash Ave.
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....8.50
DAILY, per Week.....0.12
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial section, per Year.....2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
Add $1.15 per month for postage foreign countries daily and Sunday. 85 cents daily only.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JAN. 27, 1910.

GOOD PRESIDENTS AND BAD TRUSTS.

Why is it that whenever the enormously popular anti-trust law begins to do what it was intended to do the Administration finds it necessary to reassure the country regarding the discretion with which the statute will be enforced? President TAFT tells Wall Street that there will be no "indiscriminate prosecution of important industries." Like President ROOSEVELT, he assures the country that it is safe because of his discrimination between good and bad trusts. This country ought not to depend for the security of its commerce and industries upon the discretion of the President in the suspension of the laws. The statute runs against every combination in restraint of trade. The idea that it runs against only holding companies, or only against $400,000,000 corporations, or only against concerns of whatever size which actually demean themselves in a manner offensive to commercial morality, is not tenable. In the language of Justice WHITE, Congress's power to regulate commerce between the States is general "and includes alike commerce by individuals, partnerships, associations, and corporations." And not only the bad among them, but "every" one of them. The act of 1890 strikes at all.

Now comes President TAFT and says that every means some, and that even the bad among them are to have an opportunity "without great financial disturbance of changing the character, organization, and extent of their business into one within the lines of the law under Federal control and supervision, securing compliance with the anti-trust statute." The end is desirable, but not the method. The case calls for relief as broad as the terms of the statute. What is needed is not a refuge for those selected for prosecution, nor even for those convicted, or those who may wish to secure Federal protection against State prosecution. The statute runs against "every" individual, partnership, association, and corporation which has combined in restraint of trade contrary to the inter-State commerce law as construed by the Supreme Court. It is not admissible even for the President, still less for anybody of less authority, to grant dispensation. Every one in inter-State commerce is threatened, and will feel insecure until the law is amended. In Justice HOLMES's words, "Much trouble is made by substituting other phrases assumed to be equivalent, which then are reasoned from as if they were in the act." It is not possible even for President TAFT to reassure the country by construing the statute differently from the Supreme Court, or by enacting as relief another statute almost as objectionable.

This point is illustrated by the Tobacco Trust case. This combination in restraint of trade is legally guilty, but actually innocent. After an exhaustive trial it was condemned to capital punishment, and the court in passing sentence declared the defendant's character was without blemish. Upon appeal Attorney General WICKERSHAM argued for the Government that the defendant was conceived in sin, and was obnoxious to the statute. If the Tobacco Trust is guilty there is no combination in inter-State commerce which can escape dissolution except by President TAFT's discrimination in the execution of the law. He has sworn to enforce it, and the Supreme Court has declared that no ruin shall prevent it from interpreting the National will as expressed in language of Congress too plain for misunderstanding.

It is a condition which confronts the business world, not a theory. It also is fact, not theory, that when the law begins to bite, the same element which secured the enactment of the law is delighted by the embarrassment which it causes. And it is then that the head of the Nation seeks to reassure the world of commerce that it need not be alarmed by the law. It seems to us that the time for shillyshallying has passed. The law should be enforced or it should be amended. Its existence in its present form affords objectionable facilities for political manoeuvring, we had almost said political blackmail. At the present moment we see the anti-trust and inter-State commerce laws invoked to allay the political resentment roused by a betrayal of the country regarding tariff reform. The country was carried upon professions designed to please the West regarding the tariff, and, the swag being secured by breach of faith regarding revision of the tariff in a manner suited to reduce the cost of living, the Western Republicans are now pandered to by savagery against the trusts. We are more grieved than surprised by such shiftiness. We have too much cross-eyed politics, too much of being in favor of the law and against its enforcement, too much of using the East against the West. We need statesmanship, and politics based upon principle. If the country is denied rest it will get reaction. It is getting to know well both the wheel horses and the idealists. It is anxious after a time of storm to get back again to where it may be as well off as before the reformers began their crusade.

MORE ABOUT SISKIYOU.

The Gold Hill News of Jackson County, in Oregon, blends its lute with the music of The Medford Mail-Tribune, "the strongest string upon whose editorial harp is Siskiyou:

> If Siskiyou proposed ever becomes Siskiyou in fact, the Crater Lake Road will be built, for one thing. Medford will get that coveted Federal building, and perhaps the State Capitol. Present political minnows will become political whales, and the call of public duty will surge strong in many breasts now perforce unvisited by that noble emotion.

Here, at last, are reasons, not vouchsafed us by the jealous Portland Oregonian, for the new star that threatens to project itself into the constellation of States. For the sake of the Crater Lake Road, the hopeful future capital, and the noble emotions of Medford's political patriots, fragments of Oregon and of California have been broken off and are whirling by an irresistible attraction into the orbit of Statehood.

We recognize the belligerency of the Siskiyouans. It may be that their peerless orchards, their rich mines, their tremendous water powers, their fruitful valleys, their ore-laden hills, and tall timber will provide a safe refuge for secession, and that the Rogue River Valley and its contiguous area will in due season blossom under a new and more sovereign name.

THE HONOR OF THE SENATE.

The arrangements for hearings upon the charges of Senator CONGER against Senator ALLDS do not require a thorough investigation, but they permit it, and if there are even a few Senators who insist upon it there is a very good chance to get it.

The plan contemplates first the presentation of written charges by CONGER and a written reply by ALLDS. Much will depend on the nature of the accusation and the evidence produced to sustain it. On the face of the matter it does not seem probable that CONGER will be extremely urgent and efficient in pressing specific charges and in producing adequate proof of them in a transaction which may involve him personally. Since the general charge made by CONGER in the caucus of the "insurgents" has become public he has, in reported interviews, been represented as stating that the occurrence was not unlike many that took place at the time, and has broadly intimated that there existed then a condition of demoralization of a most disreputable nature and worse than anything that could now be discovered. These utterances are distinctly apologetic and do not suggest very aggressive tactics on his part when the issue is joined before the Senate. On the other hand, if CONGER undertakes to sustain his charge at all it is not easy to see where he can stop, and under the guidance and pressure of a competent cross-examiner for him and for his witnesses as well as for those of ALLDS, it is quite possible to extend the investigation and to secure tangible and beneficial results.

The point of real importance is that the Senate should understand that it is not ALLDS alone who is on trial, but the Senate that has chosen him for its leader, the party that has a majority in the Senate, and the men who dictate the conduct of that majority. An inquiry into charges made against a single Senator, made in a sense accidentally and with no intention of following them up, by another Senator who may prove a reluctant accuser in public will be of little value if it be limited to the matter directly specified. But the mere fact that the charge was made and that it has become public puts the Senate itself on trial. Whether the Senate finds ALLDS guilty, or whether it returns a verdict of not proven, or acquits him, it cannot safely stop with him. It must bring out as clearly as possible all the facts directly or indirectly bearing on the conduct of its members. It may be that when this is done it will find itself incapable of fixing guilt that will warrant definite punishment, and still have ample evidence on which to base a clear declaration as to the honor and fidelity of the men involved. If this declaration is adverse—and as to one or both of them that is obviously quite possible—then it will be the duty of the Senate to determine what shall be the consequences, in what way one who has brought discredit on the body of which he is a member can be held accountable for so doing.

The important matter is to turn on the lights. The transaction in which CONGER seems to have been engaged, and in the course of which ALLDS is alleged to have accepted money to influence his action as a member of the Assembly, is described as a "strike bill." Perhaps it was. But it was directed against a practice that was in itself essentially bad, contrary to the public interest, and tending to corruption at Albany or elsewhere. This fact cannot be lost sight of, for, while the "atmosphere" of the Legislature has fortunately changed, there still remain opportunities in plenty for improper influence. The only way to defeat that influence, to preserve the decency of the Legislature, and to root out the evils that undoubtedly exist is to expose all who are in any tangible way connected with the evil practices. Exposure of such men, no matter how long ago they were able to carry on their game, will have a purifying effect. Nothing else than that will fulfill the plain duty of the Senate. Any shirking of this duty will be suicidal from a party point of view, which is a consideration not the highest but possibly well worth weighing.

THE STEEL TRADE.

The significance of the Steel Corporation's report lies less in the magnitude of its business than in the character of the corporation. It is known to be both frank and truthful. It neither holds the umbrella for anybody, nor cuts anybody's throat by unfair competition. Accordingly whenever the Steel Corporation reports we get an X-ray picture of the trade as a whole. When we know what the steel trade is we come pretty near to knowing both what the industrial condition of the Nation is and what its prospects are. Wall Street does not know this. It thinks that the significance of an extra dividend is confined to the effect upon the price of the stock. Neither the dividend nor the price movement interests the Nation particularly. What the country wants to know is how much iron is being made and how much is being consumed.

The report is gratifying in both respects. It is true that the year's earnings are less than some preceding years, and that the balance above the extra dividend is less than half that of 1907. That merely means that 1907 was the top of a rise. The present figures signify—barring surprises—that we are at the beginning of a rise. The balance above dividends is now triple what it was a year ago, and the appropriations for the corporation's benefit are now $18,200,000 against nothing last year. This leaves a surplus a half larger than last year, and a trifle larger than in 1907. It is true that the appropriation for betterments was three times larger in 1907 than now. But it does not follow that all betterment appropriations should be equally large. It is good policy to fatten the plant in good times, and it is because that was then done that it is possible to be just to owners of the property now regarding their expectation of income.

Like considerations apply to the fact that the dividend is increased although the year's earnings are $29,000,000 and $25,000,000 less than in 1906 and 1907. The liberality of the present distribution should be construed by the caution of the earlier years. Dividends, it is true, are declared from past earnings and not from the hopes of the future. Nevertheless estimates of the future rightly enter into considerations of the disposition of funds in hand. Anticipations of lessened profits once inspired caution in this dividend declaration, and rightly, as the event proved. Anticipations of the future now permit a larger distribution than otherwise might be justified. Although the earnings have risen steadily for successive quarters they are so far from exhausting the capacity for profits that orders in hand have been surpassed only at the top of previous booms. It was not until its fourth year that the corporation accumulated a larger total of unfilled orders, and it is necessary to go back to 1907 to find a larger total. If the conditions of 1907 are to recur, and the trust is to benefit by its enlarged earning power, there will be some new figures in large scale production and profit making.

NO TIRED NERVES.

DR. FREDERIC S. LEE, Professor of Physiology at Columbia University, is not a Christian Scientist nor a disciple of WORCESTER. On the contrary, he has for several years, at least, been experimenting with the tissues of the body, observing under the microscope the material changes they undergo in sickness and in health. Yet, in an article appearing in The Popular Science Monthly for February, Dr. LEE has this to say of the nervous system:

> It is not the frail, delicate thing, easily put out of gear, that we at times believe it to be. It is capable of enormous demands on its powers and of enormous resistance. It is the last system to succumb in many diseases and in such a dire condition as starvation. It would seem to be only highly advantageous to the organism that its nervous system should be able to resist the oncoming of fatigue, with all the direful consequences that might follow its advent.

Experiments in the laboratory show that nerves are highly resistant, if not actually impervious, to the processes of fatigue. The poisonous substances of fatigue, chiefly carbon dioxide, lactic acid, and butyric acid, act only on the muscles and secretory glands. In the first stages of their formation, moreover, these substances are not poisons, but stimulants of the physical organism, the producers of the phenomena of "second wind"; the second stage of working power, once achieved, is the more efficient stage, and accounts for the marked superiority of achievement by some men over others. On this point Dr. LEE says:

> The more one studies physiology the more one appreciates the fact that protoplasm possesses an enormous power of work, and that the human body is endowed with marvelous capacity. Whether we shall get our second wind, or, having gotten it, whether we shall utilize to the full our powers of work, is matter of our own will. I believe that few of us live up to our opportunities for accomplishing things.

Whence, then, comes the cry that this is a neurasthenic age? Dr. LEE the physiologist agrees with Prof. WILLIAM JAMES the psychologist that it must come from the type of individual who habitually "energizes below his maximum, and behaves below his optimum." It springs from "the habit of inferiority to our full self." Truly, these are inspiriting words.

NO PRIVILEGED CLASS.

The notion that a man in the employ of the city in the classified service—that is, under the civil service rules—has some sort of indefeasible right to occupation and pay, is again exposed in a case cited by The New York Law Journal. The plaintiff had been suspended without pay by the Borough President in the exercise of his discretion as to employment and expenditure, and the plea was that, so long as there was any work to do, and money appropriated from which it could be paid for, the employé must be retained and paid. The Law Journal sums up the decision of the Appellate Court as follows:

> The business of the city, like any other business, requires the employment of more men at some times than at others. To hold, when fewer men are required, the maximum number must be kept at work so long as there is work which can be given them, or any money with which to pay them, is contrary to every principle which underlies good business management as well as against public policy.

The delusion pricked by this decision is akin to the one that a person in the classified service is "protected by the rules" and cannot be discharged when the good of the service requires. Any person under the rules can at any time be discharged for reasons satisfactory to his superior, and all the latter has to do is to state these reasons and give to the employé a chance to explain. No "charges" and nothing remotely resembling a "trial" is required by the law.

Judge HOUGH'S quashing of the indictment in the Panama libel case is a very appropriate ending for an action most unwisely begun and prosecuted upon the theory, which the court declares to be quite baseless, that the libel was "against the dignity of the United States." The State courts are open to Presidents who feel that they have been libeled.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Weaving May be Near Abandonment.

Enormous as is the superiority of a modern loom over, say, that used by a Navajo squaw, the two machines do exactly the same thing, and now as ever all cloths are the product of three slow and expensive operations—carding, spinning, and weaving. A. CHAPLET, in one of the French trade papers, calls attention to the fact that, as long ago as 1734, the celebrated REAUMUR made two interesting suggestions—that textile fibres would one day be manufactured as the spider produces its web, by forcing a quickly drying gum through minute orifices, and that a new kind of cloth would be produced by a direct and immediate intermingling or felting of these fibres as they formed.

The first of these prophecies was realized in 1889 when artificial silk became an article of commerce; the other has not yet been fulfilled in a practical way, but the problem of unwoven cloth, made out of unspun fibres, has received much attention in the industrial laboratories of Europe, and in theory it has been solved, though the cloth so produced is not yet cheap enough or good enough to be of commercial value. The attempts at its manufacture have proceeded along two lines. The first, and till now most nearly successful, is mechanical, the fibres being arranged upon each other in various ways and patterns as they emerge from the minute orifices from a tank of viscous celulose under the pressure of several atmospheres. The other method is physico-chemical and tries to imitate by deposition of short fibres from solution the sort of felting which is seen in leather.

Nothing approaching in quality our familiar cloths has yet resulted from these efforts, but M. CHAPLET considers them full of promise—quite as much so as were the early experiments with artificial silk. The latter, when first shown, was expensive, irregular, and fragile. "Comparing," he says, "the artificial silk production of that day with the important industry it is now, and observing the extraordinary development of it from year to year, thanks to the unceasing cheapening and improvement of the material, there is nothing incredible in REAUMUR'S prediction, and the specimens of unwoven cloth, poor as they are at present, should not be despised."

To many the statement that the making of artificial silk has become a great and important industry will come as a surprise. Certainly not much is said about it in the advertisements or over the counter.

Young Sidis Suffers a Breakdown.

From Boston comes the news—sure to excite a loud chorus of "I told you so!"—that young SIDIS, the marvelous boy of Harvard, the astonishing product of a new and better system of education, has broken down from overwork and is now in a state of nervous prostration seriously alarming to his family and friends. If this report turns out to be true and unexaggerated, if the boy's illness really is the result of the speed with which his mind has been developed and burdened with learning, the claim of his father to have discovered a vastly better training for children than that which they get in ordinary schools will have suffered, if not absolute refutation, at least a large withdrawal of such interest, respectful and hopeful, as it has hitherto received.

Such withdrawal will not be quite fair, since a single experiment proves as little one way as the other. The very foundation, however, of the case which Dr. SIDIS has been trying to make out is his assertion, first, that his son is not a mental prodigy, but merely a boy whose natural capacities, much like those of other boys, have been brought out in a new and better way, and, second, that this new training of the boy's mind has been in no degree at the expense of his physical health and strength. If, in the general application of the Sidis method of education, these contentions could not be maintained, of course the method is fatally bad and its inventor stands condemned of something much worse than failure.

But it is not yet time to reach a conclusion. Young SIDIS's breakdown may be due less to the ardor of his studying or the extent of his precocious attainments than to the morbid excitements and excessive attention to which he probably has been subjected ever since he leaped into fame as a result of his lecture on fourth dimensional geometry. A good deal of nonsense has been talked and printed about the wonderful mathematical powers which that lecture showed, for in reality they were wonderful only as displayed by a little boy, but it amazed people who do not know that the fourth dimension is nothing more than a particularly vain imagining, not nearly as abstruse or difficult as many a domain of real mathematics.

It is not improbable that these people have pestered the child into a condition of psychasthenia that had nothing at all to do with his work, and that the mistake was not in teaching or letting him learn too much, but in not protecting him from the wearisome exclamations and admirations of injudicious observers.

A Bargain That Hurts the Feelings.

A dispatch from San Antonio, Texas, announces the sale of 100,000 acres of land in that State. There is nothing remarkable about that, since in Texas 100,000 acres are only a good-sized farm. What is remarkable, and, when one stops to think about it, distinctly repugnant to one's sense of both morals and economics, is the statement that the buyer paid for the land, not with money, but with 100,000 gallons of whisky.

Of course the whisky was accepted by the seller as only one remove from money and easily to be converted into it. Land, however, has a peculiar importance and dignity. Ownership of it is not quite like the ownership of other things, since land, all land, in a way belongs to all of us. Upon its use depends general life and happiness in a degree approached by no other possession, and, therefore, just as we resent an owner's neglect of its possibilities, so there is something that hurts when it is traded for something of so much less real and intrinsic value as whisky is.

For whisky, though it hath charms from some point of view, is highly objectionable from others, and, as a balance for land in a big trade, nothing could be less compatible with the essential proprieties. The man who sells land for whisky makes a terribly bad bargain, no matter how much whisky he gets. He could do so much good with the one and can hardly help doing so much harm with the other that the transaction, for a sensitive observer, has an almost criminal air.

TROUBLE WITH HOUSEKEEPERS.

Ten Months' Record with Fourteen Well-Recommended Candidates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the past ten months I have been through a regular "domestic hell," with no less than fourteen women houseworkers. To my several advertisements I have had over 700 replies. Of those selected two proved to be drunkards, three were utterly incompetent as workers, two discharged themselves by remaining out all night without either warning or permission, one admitted strange men to the house at 2 in the early morning, three left before their first week was out without either notice, reason, or explanation; one proved to be subject to intermittent insanity, one was a runaway wife, whose husband came to seek her, accompanied by a lawyer and a little child; one simply flatly refused to get up in the morning until half an hour after breakfast was supposed to have been served, and still another was an incorrigible liar and thief.

Can any of your readers equal or head that hideous record for ten consecutive months' struggle with the "help problem"? If so, I heartily pity them, now that I have learned what it is like. And the most exasperating part of it is that one and all of those failures came with seemingly first-class "references" from former employers and personal sponsors.

Don't fancy that I am looking for any exceptionable abilities or work. I am a retired professional man, with but three in my household; no children, no animals, no ladies of my own to "boss" the housekeeper, very few visitors to "make work." I have been offering a good home, a good room, kind treatment, fair free time, and a salary of $25 a month to boot. The young woman who cannot take and hold this position without trouble or worry has only herself to blame.

Still, the right candidate fails to put in an appearance. Are there then none such remaining in this densely populated city to-day? And if not, then in heaven's name why not?

RETIRED DOCTOR.

New York, Jan. 25, 1910.

The Indictment of L. B. Treadwell, Jr.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Jan. 24 you published an article to the effect that my son, L. B. Treadwell, Jr., late Assistant Secretary of the Yonkers Chamber of Commerce, had been indicted by the Westchester County Grand Jury for forgery in the second degree for the alleged offense of indorsing and appropriating to his own use checks given for membefs for dues.

This indictment is the outcome of his courageous refusal against a demand made on him in writing by two officials of said Chamber of Commerce that he pay over the sum of $529, which they themselves do not claim he owes, but as "apparently collected." His answer thereto shows up their methods and denies that he owes the chamber, and alleges that it is in arrears to him for salary, postage, expressage, entertainment for the trustees and others on its account and demands payment thereof.

Thereupon one of them went before the Grand Jury and procured said indictment ex parte on an alleged unauthorized indorsement of a $3 check for dues, the proceeds of which was credited to the member paying the same and passed to the credit and entered on the books of the chamber under an authorization to collect and apply the same.

The young man has given bonds to meet the charge, and will not be coerced into paying what he does not owe. I ask for a suspension of public opinion pending the outcome of the proceeding, and that you give this card equal prominence with the article you published.

L. B. TREADWELL,
Attorney for L. B. Treadwell, Jr.
116 Nassau Street, New York, Jan. 25, 1910.

Milk from the Purple Cow.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to the "purple cow" controversy, now raging in your correspondence columns, may I suggest one reason in answer to the query: "Why is a purple cow"? The jingle is not original, but much to the point:

> "I never saw a purple cow,
> I never hope to see one,
> But by the purple milk we get
> I know that there must be one!"

The artists and the Milk Trust investigators alike will find this of interest.

CREAM.

New York, Jan. 25, 1910.

THE OFFENDER.

It is the person, not the thing,
That does the wrong, and he,
Who is behind that which offends,
Must pay the penalty.

The fire that burns the house is not
Called into court to stand
And answer for the crime, but he
Who wields the firing brand.

The gun that shoots a man to death
Goes free for what is done,
But he must take the punishment
Who held the deadly gun.

The man behind the corporate crime
Must of himself make good;
The corporation merely does
What he directs it should.

It is the person, not the thing,
Who right from wrong must know,
And he must suffer for the wrong
When Justice strikes the blow.

W. J. LAMPTON.

NO DEATHS AT STONY WOLD.

75 Per Cent. of Tuberculosis Patients Discharged as Cured.

"I have more respect for a microbe to-day than I have for an archangel," said the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman at the annual meeting of the Stony Wold Sanatorium at the Hotel Manhattan, yesterday afternoon. "I have never had trouble with an archangel, but if a microbe should get to work in my corporeal system I don't know what might happen."

He told the Stony Wold workers that they had the alliance of science, which philanthropic workers of earlier days never dreamed of, which made it possible for them to do practical work in their fight against tuberculosis, in distinction to the many people these days who allowed themselves to be guided in work they were doing by "perfect sympathy and imperfect brain."

The sanitarium, which cares for working girls and children having incipient cases of tuberculosis, had the highest percentage of cures last year of any in its history, 71 per cent. of incipient cases among adults being discharged apparently cured and 75 per cent. of children. There were no deaths. Reports were read of girls discharged who are now happily supporting themselves. One of these has a poultry farm, which she has named "Stony Wold."

An interesting feature of the report was that it has been possible this last year with the increased price of supplies to lower the cost of living 16 cents per day per capita. This was partly due to the products of the farm, dairy, and piggery which are maintained by Stony Wold.

The President, Mrs. James Edward Newcomb, presided. Others present were Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Frederic B. Jennings, Mrs. Frank J. Sprague, Miss Blanche Potter, Mrs. Sylvan Bier, Mrs. John Caldwell Coleman, William C. Le Gendre, Miss Ellen Louise Adee, Mrs. Robert Maclay Bull, Miss Gertrude L. Hoyt, and Mrs. Pierre Mali. The Rev. George A. Bottome, vicar of Grace Chapel, also spoke.

ST. PAUL'S ALUMNI DINE.

They Gather at the Astor and Sing the Old School Songs.

Old school songs were sung as in the old days at the dinner given last night by the Alumni Association of St. Paul's School of Concord, N. H., in the north ballroom of the Hotel Astor.

Conspicuous among the ovations was that tendered to James C. Knox, who has been identified with the school for forty-seven years, five years spent as a boy and forty-two as master. After Mr. Knox had talked to "his boys" the ballroom rang with cheers and the orchestra struck up, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

The guests of honor were the Rev. Dr. Henry Ferguson, rector of the school, and the Rev. Samuel S. Drury, vice rector. They were seated at the head table with Dr. Frederick Shattuck of Boston, son of the founder of the school; the Rev. William B. Olmsted, F. W. Rollins, G. R. Sheldon, and W. S. Jones.

Charles F. Ingersoll, President of the Alumni Association, was in the chair, but resigned his seat to Joseph C. Baldwin, Jr., who acted as toastmaster. The 250 guests were seated at small tables, arranged in a semi-circle about the head table. The ballroom was decorated with the colors and banners of the school.

The following officers were elected for the New York branch of the Alumni Association: W. Strother Jones, President; J. C. Baldwin, Jr., First Vice President; the Rev. Hugh Birckhead, Second Vice President; Joseph C. Colt, Third Vice President, and Stewart D. Preston, Secretary and Treasurer.

CORTELYOU FOR FEWER LAWS.

What We Need Is Better Enforcement of Those We Have, He Says.

George B. Cortelyou, President of the Consolidated Gas Company, decried the increasing flood of legislation in this country last night at the annual dinner of the Chenango Society at the Hotel Astor. He quoted statistics to show that last year some 18,000 laws were put upon the statute books of this country. He contrasted this work of our legislative bodies with the comparatively small output of Great Britain.

He asked for fewer laws and better enforcement of those that were made. He said that such organizations as the county societies could greatly influence legislation.

Edward P. Lyon, President of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, painted a sad picture of the decadence of the old kind of farming, the district school, the large size of the families, and the church-going spirit in Chenango and other counties of the State. No longer were people proud to wear homespun, he said. No longer did the milk train permit them to go to church of a Sunday. No longer did the district school thrive, for it was cheaper to haul the children to the town school. And now, he said, few families have more than two children unless a mysterious providence sends twins. And he was sorry for all this.

UNIONS PRAISE ARBITRATION.

Hailed as the Key to Industrial Peace at Building Trades Dinner.

Proclaiming arbitration the key to industrial peace, some 500 men gathered in the Waldorf last night at the seventh annual dinner of the Building Trades Employers' Association. Thirty-three trades which enter into the construction of a house were represented among the guests, along with many city officials and architects.

To nine men who have served more than twelve months on the Executive Committee of the General Arbitration Board the association gave medals last night. The men so honored were Ross F. Tucker, Charles J. Kelly, Frederick Usher, C. G. Norman, A. N. Chambers, W. J. McDermott, D. W. O'Neill, James R. Strong, and J. P. Ryan. In his presentation address George H. Morris of the Steamfitters' Union, Chairman of the General Arbitration Board, told what arbitration has done for the building trades.

EDWARDS TELLS HIS TROUBLES

Street Department Needs a Pension System, Commissioner Declares.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards told the other alumni of Princeton University at the Princeton Club last night of the difficulties he had encountered in clearing away the snow in this city.

Commissioner Edwards said that cleaning the streets of New York was a big job, even when one had 6,500 men to help. He said he needed younger men for the work than many of those now on the city's pay roll, and to that end some pension system should be devised by which the older men could be retired. He showed a picture of a man suffering from "street cleaner's gout," who the department was carrying among others in an easy place because of his length of faithful service.

Mr. Edwards said he thought children should be taught not to throw waste paper or other refuse in the streets, but in the receptacles provided by the city. It would simplify his task very much if they would do this, he said.

Following the address the club presented Commissioner Edwards with a loving cup. James W. Alexander, a former President of the club, presented it. "Edwards is a wholesome, sensible, practical, lovable man," said Alexander. "I hope he will stay long on the job."

WALDO OUSTS SEERY.

Asks Croker's Follower If It Isn't Time He Resigned.

Peter Seery, a follower of Croker when he was leader of Tammany Hall, who has been in the Fire Department for thirty-three years and at a salary of $3,000 a year for the last fifteen years, resigned yesterday at the request of Commissioner Waldo.

Mr. Seery is the Secretary of a brewing company, besides owning saloons of his own. He is some 80 years old. The Commissioner called him to his office yesterday and asked if he did not think his outside business interfered with his duties as Fire Marshall. Mr. Seery replied that it had never done so, but on the suggestion of the Commissioner that he resign he filled out his slip.

The resignation will go into effect on March 1. Meantime Mr. Seery has a month's leave of absence.

RHOADES OPPOSES POSTAL BANKS

Greenwich Savings Trustee Declares Government Agents Incompetent to Run Them.

CAN'T INVEST THE FUNDS

What the Country Needs Is to Have the Present System Extended, Wall Street Banker Declares.

John Harsen Rhoades, Wall Street banker and a trustee of the Greenwich Savings Bank, in an address before the West Side Y. M. C. A. last night, attacked the proposed plan for a postal savings bank, which has been recommended to Congress by the Monetary Commission. Mr. Rhoades held that the Government should not attempt to operate any bank system until it had given the bankers an opportunity to improve the savings bank facilities which, he admitted, were inadequate. He declared that Government officials, put in for terms of four years, could not be expected to run a bank system, either to the advantage of the Government or the depositor.

"If the people were to decide upon this question at the moment," said Mr. Rhoades, "I venture to say that nine-tenths of the voting population would favor the postal savings bank. The general desire for this Government institution is not surprising, when we appreciate the scarcity of real savings banks throughout the country as a whole, the numerous post offices already conveniently distributed for the collection of deposits, and realize that, with the adoption of the postal savings bank, the security of the hard earned savings of the poor would be guaranteed by the United States Government.

"I should like to ask of every citizen favoring a postal savings system what the Government will do with the funds it receives. It is not a question that can be disposed of offhand by the average citizen, or by the average Congressman. It requires the careful thought and experience of the trained financier, for it is a banking proposition pure and simple. And yet many of our Congressmen place little value upon the wise banking opposition to the present postal plan.

"By the postal scheme, the funds deposited will be turned over to the Government officials. Can these inexperienced men, however able they may be in other lines, whose term of office seldom lasts more than four years, be expected to handle wisely the enormous sum which will eventually be in their possession? Should we ask them to do so? As a matter of fact, can any business be successfully conducted by men whose term of office is limited to about four years? While I believe that Federal supervision is often imperative, and perhaps should be extended, yet our form of government virtually prohibits the exclusive Federal management of a business undertaking. Let it go no further than the Post Offices or else our pockets may be emptied through self-imposed, yet indispensable and exorbitant taxation.

"The advocates of the postal savings bank are unquestionably correct in their assertion that, outside of a restricted territory, our present savings bank facilities are inadequate, and it is time that our bankers took steps to extend them. If they wisely oppose the postal savings bank, manifestly they must present an alternative. At present there are many millions in savings deposits lying in the various banks and trust companies throughout the States, but the commercial bank, unless deposits be separately guarded, is not a proper depositary for such funds.

"Admitting, as we are forced, that our savings bank facilities are inadequate, I believe that the establishment of the postal savings bank for the present, at least, is not the true remedy. How, then, shall we take care of the savings of our people? It is every man's duty to encourage thrift, and it is a National duty to entice hoarded funds into circulation for the benefit of the Nation. The lack of proper service is the paramount issue demanding attention, and one which must be settled forthwith."

RESIST CORPORATION TAX.

Four Large Concerns Carry Their Cases to the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—With the fight over the constitutionality of the corporation tax provision of the Payne tariff act inaugurated last week, four more suits involving the same point were enrolled on the docket of the Supreme Court of the United States within half an hour today. Unlike the original suit in which the $20,000 corporation, the Stone Tracy Company of Windsor, Vt., is the centre, all the suits to-day involve big corporations with millions of capital.

Two suits were brought from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Federal district of New York. In one of these Wyckoff Vanderhoef, a stockholder, asked that the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company and its Directors be restrained from payment of the corporation tax on the ground that it is unconstitutional. In the other Francis L. Hine brought suit for similar relief against the Home Life Insurance Company. Two similar suits were docketed from the United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois. They were the causes of Fred W. Smith against the Northern Trust Company and that of William H. Miner against the Corn Exchange National Bank of Chicago. In each of the four cases the suit was dismissed by the Circuit Court. The constitutionality objections urged in each case follow in a general way those laid down in the Stone Tracy case from Vermont.

The attorneys in the four suits filed today will endeavor, it is understood, to have their cases heard with the Vermont case. All hopes of procuring a decision before March 1, the date by which corporations must have made their income returns, has been abandoned. There is hope that the question may be determined before the close of the period for the payment of the tax, June 30.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 26.—Judge Tayler in Federal Court late to-day formally sustained the constitutionality of the corporation tax law in the case of a stockholder against the American Multigraph Company of Cleveland.

$50,000 FOR POOR CHILDREN.

Mrs. Adams Leaves That Sum as a Memorial Fund and Forgives a Nephew

The will of Frances Charlotte Adams, wife of Thatcher M. Adams, who died on Oct. 13, 1909, at Lenox, Mass., was filed yesterday. Mrs. Adams leaves to the Society for the Relief of Half Orphans and Destitute Children $50,000, payable two years after her death. The money is to be placed in a fund known as the "Marion Adams Fund" in memory of her adopted daughter, Marion.

The Children's Aid Society also receives $20,000 upon the death of Mr. Adams, who receives under the will $200,000 absolutely. The residue of the estate is given in trust to Mr. Adams and his nephew, Julian W. Robbins, the income to go to the former for life. On his death the residue is divided among four nephews and three nieces.

Mrs. Adams states in the will that she has omitted to provide for her nephew, Arden M. Robbins, on account of his conduct in connection with the sale of section 32 in Chicago. In a codicil, however, she says she has "determined to forget and forgive" the action of her nephew, and "desiring to leave only pleasant memories" after her death she modifies the original document and leaves her nephew a share in the residue. The will is dated March 10, 1902, and the codicil May 4, 1909. Mr. Adams and Julian Robbins are named as executors.

MISS OELRICHS AND L. M. THOMAS WED

Mgr. Lavelle of Cathedral Performs Ceremony at Home of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Oelrichs.

BRIDE IS ONLY NINETEEN

Bridegroom, a Yale Graduate, Has Been Secretary of the American Embassies at Madrid and Rome.

The wedding of Miss Blanche May Oelrichs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles May Oelrichs of 925 Park Avenue, and Leonard Moorehead Thomas, took place shortly after noon yesterday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Oelrichs. The ceremony was performed by Monsigneur Michael J. Lavelle of the Cathedral in the presence of the relatives and intimate friends of the couple only and was followed by a small reception.

Mr. Oelrichs, father of the bride, who was injured in an automobile accident Tuesday night, was well enough to be present, and gave his daughter in marriage. The latter wore a gown of white liberty satin trimmed with point lace. Her veil was fastened with orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Miss Cecilia May, daughter of Col. Henry May and Mrs. May of Washington and a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor. There were no bridesmaids, but little Miss Kathleen Vanderbilt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, and Master Charles Martin, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter D. Martin, acted as train bearers.

Owing to the illness of Mr. Thomas's brother, William S. Hitt was best man, and Mr. Thomas's ushers were James Barnes, T. Markoe Robertson, Adolph Borie, O'Donnell Iselin, William Post, and Charles and Harry Oelrichs, the brothers of the bride.

Mr. Thomas is the son of the late George C. Thomas of Philadelphia, and was connected with the Drexel banking house for several years. He was graduated from Yale eight years ago, and for a time was Secretary of the American Embassies at Madrid and Rome.

Miss Oelrichs is well known in New York and Newport society, and is the author of a play and several sketches, although only 19 years of age. Her mother was a Miss Blanche De Loosey and a sister of Mrs. Theodore A. Havemeyer, Sr. Mrs. Peter D. Martin is a sister of Miss Oelrichs. The latter made her début last year.

MRS. GOELET ENTERTAINS.

Gives Dinner and Shaw Play, with Arnold Daly, at Her Home.

Mrs. Robert Goelet entertained last evening at her residence, 647 Fifth Avenue, with a dinner of between sixty and seventy covers, followed by George Bernard Shaw's satirical play, "How He Lied to Her Husband," in which Arnold Daly took the chief part.

The dinner guests were seated at several large flower decorated tables in the dining room, and during the dinner Franko's orchestra played.

The drawing room had been turned into a miniature theatre, the stage from the Waldorf-Astoria being used. The chairs were placed not in theatre, but with much more space about them.

The comedy, which was presented here in 1905 by Arnold Daly and his company, was heartily applauded. Mr. Daly played the rôle of Henry Upjohn, Miss Josephine Drake took the part of Mrs. Bumpas, and Maurice Franklin was the husband, Teddy Bumpas.

A seated supper was served at small tables after the play, which was not given until after the opera, as some twenty people were asked in after the dinner. The house was decorated with roses and lilies of the valley.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore A. Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. D. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. Prescott Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Francis K. Pendleton, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Roger Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. W. Earle Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Griscom, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ellis, George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy, and August Belmont.

MISS MORGAN A BRIDE.

Daughter of the Late Rev. G. Brinley Morgan Wedded to John L. Hall.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 26.—Miss Dorothy Brinley Morgan of this city was this noon married to John Loomer Hall of Boston. The ceremony was performed in the chapel of Christ Episcopal Church by the rector, the Rev. Frederick Burgess, assisted by the Rev. T. L. Davies. The bride's father, the Rev. G. Brinley Morgan, was formerly rector of the church. He was killed by an automobile several months ago. The bride is a cousin of J. Pierpont Morgan and of Elsie French Vanderbilt. As she is in mourning only the immediate relatives of both families were present. A wedding breakfast at the Morgan residence on York Street followed the ceremony.

Miss Morgan was attended only by her sister, Miss Emily Morgan, and Mr. Hall was attended by Irving Garfield of Boston as best man. The ushers were Denison Morgan of this city, brother of the bride, and Edward M. Day of Hartford, a Yale classmate of the bridegroom.

The bridegroom is a son of the late John M. Hall, who was President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. He is practicing law in Boston.

Among the guests were Mr. Hall's mothers, Mrs. John M. Hall, and his sister, Miss Florence Hall of Boston, and his sister, Mrs. John E. Owsley, who came with her husband, the former Yale football head coach, from Seattle to be present.

Cotillion of Eighty at Delmonico's.

Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mrs. Edward Nicoll, Mrs. James Fletcher, Mrs. John J. Crawford, Mrs. R. H. Wylie, Mrs. Ralph Holland, and Mrs. Darrington Semple received the members of the Cotillion of Eighty last night in the ballroom of Delmonico's. General dancing was in order till 11:30 o'clock, when a seated supper was served at small tables, after which the cotillion began, with Dr. Joseph A. Robertson dancing with Miss Ellen Semple.

Hammerstein Settles Miss Lee's Suit.

The $100,000 suit of Bruce S. Salter, known among theatrical people as Frances Lee against Oscar Hammerstein, for breach of promise, has been settled out of court. The case was called for trial after several adjournments yesterday in the Supreme Court before Justice Giegerich, and counsel for both parties announced that the claim had been adjusted. The terms were withheld by agreement of counsel.

Marie Dressler Sued by Physician.

Marie Dressler, the actress, has been sued in the Municipal Court, Chicago, where she has recently been, by one of her creditors, Dr. S. S. Bishop, for $500 for professional services. She filed a petition in bankruptcy here on Sept. 3, and by reason of that she alleges that the debt is dischargable in bankruptcy, and William Klein, her attorney, applied to Judge Hand for an order restraining the prosecution of the suit in Chicago. The Judge granted the order and stayed the suit for a year.

Arion Singers at Metropolitan Concert.

The Arion Singing Society of Brooklyn will appear at the concert at the Metropolitan Opera House next Sunday. The chorus will be directed by Arthur Claassen. The soloists at this concert will be Mme. Fremstad and Messrs. Jadlowker and Whitehill. Mr. Bendix will conduct the orchestra.

To find a Business Opportunity see Page 15.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will give a musicale and dance this evening at her residence. Geraldine Farrar, Edmond Clement, and Fritz Kreisler will be the artists, and one of Nahan Franko's orchestras will play.

Mrs. August Heckscher will entertain this evening with a dinner dance at her Fifth Avenue residence for Miss Antoinette Heckscher.

Mrs. James B. Haggin will give a dinner dance this evening at the Hotel St. Regis.

The second of the Cinderella cotillions will take place this evening at Sherry's, and will be preceded by many small dinners.

Mrs. Sidney Lanier Smyth and the Misses Smyth will be at home this afternoon from 4 to 7, at 105 East Thirty-ninth Street.

Mrs. Francis Hoyt Griffin will give a reception on the afternoon of Wednesday, Feb. 2, at 20 Washington Square North.

A sewing class has been formed for the benefit of the Nursery and Child's Hospital, to meet on six Fridays in Lent from 11 to 1 o'clock, at the residences of Mrs. Edward Berwind, Mrs. James Goodwin, Mrs. William Barbour, Mrs. William Kingsland, Mrs. Charles F. Roe, and Mrs. Henry Mills Day.

Mrs. Schuyler Warren will give a dinner of twelve covers this evening for Miss Susan M. L. Gould. The guests will go to the Cinderella dance.

A dinner will be given at Sherry's this evening for Miss Helen Oakman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Oakman.

Mrs. Joseph E. Stillman will be among to-night's dinner hostesses, and will entertain for her débutante daughter, Miss Lisa Stillman.

A benefit for the Mary Fisher Home will take place at the Waldorf-Astoria this afternoon. Will Carleton, Miss Marion Harland, John Kendrick Bangs, and Charles Battell Loomis will give readings.

Mrs. Frederic Bonner will have a bridge to-day at 37 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. William Henry Dougherty and Mrs. Andrew Dougherty gave a bridge yesterday at the Plaza followed by tea. Mrs. John H. Clews, Mrs. Sidney L. Smith, Mrs. N. Edward Thorp, and Mrs. William Mason were at the tea table. Among those playing were Mrs. Francis Wellman, Mrs. Jabish Holmes, Mrs. Amos Morrill, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Mrs. Roland A. Robbins, Mrs. Fritz Achell, Mrs. E. C. Hoyt, Mrs. Hugh Chisholm, and Mrs. Henry Bischoff.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Morris of Chicago, who spent some days at the St. Regis, have returned to Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Pruyn have returned to Albany.

Mrs. Dean Sage of Albany is going to Jekyl Island to visit friends there for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Israel Putnam are at Ormond Beach, stopping at the hotel while their new bungalow is being built. They are the latest New York additions to the Ormond cottage colony.

Dr. and Mrs. J. Blake White are again at Ormond Beach for the season.

Judge Kernochan Weds Miss Howland.

The marriage of Judge Kernochan and Miss Elizabeth Howland, a granddaughter of Frederick Newbold Lawrence, took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Transfiguration, and was followed by a reception at the residence of Mr. Lawrence.

The bride wore a gown of white satin draped with old point lace, and a tulle veil fastened with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids were the Misses Hortense and Natalie Howland, sisters of the bride. They wore pink chiffon trimmed with pink silk, and their large hats were trimmed with white lace, pink tulle, and pink roses, and carried pink roses. Whitney Kernochan was best man. There were no ushers.

NEWMANN—FRANK.

The marriage of Miss Minna Vera Frank, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Frank, to S. Lang Newmann, took place at Sherry's last evening at 6 o'clock. Mr. Newmann is a grandson of the late Capt. Stephen J. Lang, who was one of Kossuth's officers.

Miss Helen Frank, a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor. The bridegroom was attended by two brothers, Dr. Jonas E. and Albert E. Reinthaler. The ushers were Justin Rothschild, Harry Dessauer, Arman Heavenrich, Frederick Spiro, Siegfried Rosenthal, and Lawrence Frank. The flower girls were Misses Ruth Frank and Helen Reinther, nieces, and the pages Masters Edward Reinthaler and Alfred Farmer, nephews of the bride and bridegroom. Among the guests of honor were Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenbaum, grandparents of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Newmann left on the Touraine this morning for a six months' tour abroad. On their return they will live in their new home, Auld Lang Syne, at Douglas Manor, L. I.

SEWARD—WANAMAKER.

The marriage of Robert Bacon Seward and Miss Lulu May Wanamaker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Wanamaker of Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, took place yesterday afternoon in Holy Trinity Church. The bride was attended by the Misses Priscilla Sousa, Helen De Neuville Powelson, Katherine and Adelaide Macdonald, Sarah N. Carpenter, and Pearl Hedenberg. Clarkson Seward was his brother's best man, and the ushers were William McKinley Barber, Clarence A. Pratt, Hiram F. Garretson, and Colton D. Noole.

ALLEN—HALL.

Walter Bateman Allen and Miss Agnes S. Hall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Hall, were married yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. The Rev. Herbert Shipman, rector, officiated. Miss Hall's attendants were the Misses Flournoy Hopkins, Eleanor Downing, Athenais Grymes, Elizabeth Claiborne, Adelina Richards, and Elizabeth Steinman. Thomas W. Russell was best man, and the ushers were James L. Thompson, John Broadhead, George Catlin, Goodwin Smith, Spencer Goodwin, Robert Fletcher, Arthur Allen, Richard Cole, Leonard Fillbie, Arthur Williams, Stanley Resor, and James L. Goodwin. There was a reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hall, 62 West Ninth Street.

O'BRIEN—MATTHEWS.

Miss Teresa E. Matthews, daughter of the late James Matthews of 160 Central Park West and Thomas W. O'Brien, former President of the Board of Education, were married at noon yesterday in St. Patrick's Cathedral. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Lavelle and was held at the Bouvier altar, which was built by the bride's aunt, Mrs. Mischel Bouvier, in memory of her late husband.

James Matthews gave his sister in marriage. Jay O'Brien was his brother's best man. Shortly after the ceremony, which was witnessed by relatives and a few friends of the couple, Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien left for New Orleans, where they will spend most of their honeymoon before returning to New York to make their home.

MAYER—KORN.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Mayer of 41 East Seventy-second Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Fannie Mayer, to William J. Korn. They will be at home Sunday, Jan. 30, from 3 to 6. No cards have been issued.

Theatre Party for Miss La Montagne.

Miss La Montagne entertained last evening with a theatre party and supper for her niece, Miss Dolly La Montagne, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward La Montagne. The young people went to see "The Arcadians" at the Liberty Theatre, afterward going in buses to Sherry's, where the supper was served at one large table in the banquet room. Among those invited were the Misses Alice Kortright, Eleanor Brown, Maude Gwynne Shepherd, Frances Burr, Katherine Motley, Hilah French, Hilda Holmes, Viola Townsend, Muriel Kelley, Margaret French, and Gertrude Munroe Smith.

5 Minutes From B'way.
THERE ARE REASONS
why New York firms and individuals carry "Special" Bank Accounts in "Jersey."
Our hourly messenger service is a material aid.
UNION TRUST CO. of N.J. JERSEY CITY

"TWELFTH NIGHT" AT NEW THEATRE

With Annie Russell as Viola and Oswald Yorke in Role of Malvolio.

SOME CHARMING SCENES

Humor of a Sort in the Antics of Sir Toby and His Friends, but General Effect Is Rather Somnolent.

TWELFTH NIGHT, a comedy, by William Shakespeare. The New Theatre.

Orsino	Matheson Lang
Sebastian	Alexander Calvert
Antonio, a sea captain	Lee Baker
A Sea Captain	Robert Homans
Valentine	G. F. Hanmam-Clark
Curio	Reginald Barlow
Sir Toby Belch	Louis Calvert
Sir Andrew Aguecheek	Ferdinand Gottschalk
Malvolio	Oswald Yorke
Fabian	Henry Stanford
Feste	Jacob Wendell, Jr.
A Priest	Pedro De Cordoba
An Officer	Reginald Barlow
Another Officer	Victor Johns
Servant to Olivia	Robert Vivian
Olivia	Leah Bateman-Hunter
Maria	Jessie Busley
Viola	Annie Russell

If to be pictorially pleasing, to give delight to the eye by a series of excellently planned and harmoniously painted scenes, be the true function of dramatic art, then The New Theatre's production of "Twelfth Night" might be dismissed at once with the high praise that goes to things well and completely done. Certainly the Shakespearean comedy has been translated to its stage in a well-ordered arrangement of scenes and a handsome assortment of sets, with richness of picture and lavishness of dress.

The general result in these respects is eminently pleasing. And for those to whom Shakespeare's plays are not somewhat more than a twice-told tale the whole thing may have its use. It is a play of charming fancy, of capitally contrived scenes of fun, and rich lyric charm, or—it is none of these to the playgoer if it has been too often seen and unless it has the uplift of great acting. In the curriculum of such an institution as The New Theatre aims to be, it is a sort of artistic necessity, no doubt, even without the great players to give it life and spirit. But barring such uplift, "Twelfth Night" is apt to incite to somnolence.

After all, it is rather late in the day to awaken much of a thrill either of laughter or emotion by the sight of the familiar duel waged between a lady in disguise and a cowardly masculine assailant, and even the humorous antics of Sir Toby Belch et al. seem a good deal in line with what is nowadays dismissed as horseplay. Always barring, as remarked, the presence of the great comedians.

There are apparently no such persons in The New Theatre cast, but it may be said with truth that Mr. Calvert, Mr. Gottschalk, and Miss Busley do carry off the scene of bibulous revelry with a spirit and grotesqueric that makes it less of a bore than much that is done before and after. So, too, there is in the scene of Malvolio's deception, in his discovery of the misleading letter, and his taking of the bait, an inherent comic quality that seldom fails to have effect. These things need not be done too well to bring responsive laughter.

But there is also, in "Twelfth Night" a lyric quality, a sweet and gentle melancholy, a poetic mood, which, to be felt in the theatre at all in days when, fiat story itself has lost its novelty, must have tender nursing. And it is here that most players fail, as they failed last night, to create the responsive mental state.

It needed no ghost come from the grave to say that Miss Annie Russell, for all the sweetness of her acting and her gentle woman's charm, could not fill out the music of the rôle and give it voice and utterance in her speech and manner. Her Viola has gentleness and grace to commend it, but little of either poetry or humor, and there should be an undercurrent of the latter even in its sentimental moods. Of the reading of blank verse she, like most of the others, seems to have little understanding, or, having it, has lacked the training and the practice to give it voice.

Such lines as those in which the languishing Viola speaks of ecstasy or hopeless passion, "She never told her love," and, "Make me a willow cabin at your gate," have a rich and swelling harmony to which any attempt at colloquialism is fatal. And there are repeated errors of this sort, not only in Miss Russell's reading, but in that of all the others, who play, in short, without a sense of rhythm or of pace, play, indeed, as if they were in the latest work of Pinero or Henry Arthur Jones, instead of setting Shakespeare on the stage.

With the memory of such a Malvolio as Sir Henry Irving, not to speak of Beerbohm Tree and others of note who from time to time have passed in review, it is hardly to be expected that Mr. Oswald Yorke, a player of very limited attainments hitherto, should inspire great enthusiasm. As a matter of fact his performance is conventionally competent and no more, without the suggestion of any illuminating imagination to give it special interest or value. Miss Leah Bateman-Hunter will have much to learn before her Olivia will be worth serious discussion, but she is young and has shown promise. Mr. Calvert, as has been said, is amusing as Sir Toby Belch, though his fun is somewhat lacking in mellowness, and he still fishes overmuch for lines, but Mr. Gottschalk is decidedly successful as Sir Andrew, sounding a note of proper genuine drollery.

The difficult double is not particularly well accomplished, as Mr. Alexander Calvert certainly does not look the least little bit like Miss Russell. This actor, however, was one of the few in the cast who reads blank verse with understanding. Mr. Mattheson Lang's Duke Orsino is unromantic and lacks charm, and Mr. Wendall's clown is rather heavy. Miss Busley's Maria has spirit if not true color, and Mr. Baker's Antonio is not lacking in proper vigor.

For those to whom "Twelfth Night" is a novelty—assuming that there are such persons—the production will have its uses. And it may give some pleasure. For others it is likely to prove a rather sleepy entertainment. In fact at a late hour, with still an act to come, it seemed almost as if the title "Twelfth Night" might be advisedly changed to "all night." However the performance will probably move more briskly later on.

"Pagliacci" Sung at New Theatre.

"Pagliacci" was sung at The New Theatre yesterday afternoon by Mme. Noria and Messrs. Martin, Forsell, Bada, and Gilly. It was followed by a performance of Costa's pantomime, "Histoire d'un Pierrot."

Theatrical Notes.

John Mason will make his first appearance at the Hackett Theatre in "None So Blind" on Thursday evening, Feb. 3, instead of on Monday, as formerly announced. The postponement was decided upon on account of the numerous theatrical openings next week. The first performance of the play on any stage will be given at the Hyperion Theatre, New Haven, Conn., Saturday night.

The 250th performance of the present show at the Hippodrome will be celebrated next Friday afternoon.

Maxine Elliott has canceled her Spring engagement in London, and all future bookings for Daly's Theatre this season have been shifted on account of the success of "The Inferior Sex" that opened last Monday night.

Lulu Glaser in "One of the Boys" will open at Schenectady, N. Y., to-night. The play is a comedy with music by Rida Johnson Young, author of "The Lottery Man" and "Brown of Harvard."

"Mr. Buttles" will end its run at Weber's Theatre on Saturday night, and will be followed for one week by Henry Lee in his "Life of the World."

Ethel Barrymore will go to Atlantic City this morning for final rehearsals of "Mid-Channel," in which she will make her first appearance in that city to-morrow night. She will come to New York in the new play next Monday.

Cora Maynard's new drama will have its first performance in New York at the Comedy Theatre to-night.

The name selected for the new play in which Hattie Williams is to appear is "The Girl He Could Not Leave Behind Him." The piece is an adaptation by Sydney Rosenfeld from a German farce, and will be staged by William Collier.

Howard Kyle, in a one-act play called "The Combination," made his first vaudeville appearance at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday, taking the place on the bill of Homer Lind, who was obliged to retire on account of illness.

A HISTORICAL CONCERT.

Philharmonic Plays Brahms, Dvorak, and Smetana—Dr. Wuellner Sings.

The fourth concert in the Philharmonic Society's historical series brought the programme last evening to Brahms, Dvorak, Smetana, Wolf, Weingartner, and Mr. Mahler himself as a composer; that is, to the contemporary period, in several of its phases. Brahms was represented by his third symphony; Dvorak by his melodious and agreeable overture, "In der Natur," which has not been played in New York in a good while, and Smetana by the overture to his opera, "The Bartered Bride," which has been very much played here this Winter, both in its proper place, at the beginning of the opera and in concert rooms.

The performance of Brahms's symphony had an abundance of the life and vitality that are inherent in the music. It seemed to suggest, however, that Mr. Mahler was more in sympathy with the beautifully poetic slow movement, exquisitely lyric in its tenderness, and the fiery last movement than with the first two.

Dr. Ludwig Wüllner was the soloist. The most extensive number that he had was Mr. Mahler's contribution to the programme—a set of five "Children's Death Songs," to verses by Rückert. These belong to the class of songs with orchestral accompaniment that modern composers are cultivating with especial interest, and of which they are making almost a new genre. They are something more and more elaborate than lyrics; and these of Mr. Mahler's, in fact, are in the nature of little dramas or dramatic scenes in miniature. Mr. Mahler conceived them as a whole, and for this reason there was a note on the programme requesting that their continuity should not be interrupted by applause. So they were sung and heard. They are mournful, gloomy in tone, and they do not make an immediate appeal; but there is much beauty in them, and much poignant expressiveness. A large part of their importance resides in the orchestral part, which is much more than an accompaniment of the voice. There is here some striking and effective orchestration, skilful enhancement of the mood and thought there are some passages which seem rather bald and others where the composer's inspiration failed him, the set is, as a whole, impressive. The second and fourth seemed, from a purely musical point of view, the most beautiful of the five, marked by the most warmth and spontaneity. Dr. Wüllner sang them with evident sincereity and sympathy; but he was in singularly poor voice and needed all his vocal resources to carry him through.

Miss Hilke, Ill, Postpones Recital.

The audience which gathered yesterday afternoon at Mendelssohn Hall to hear Miss Kathrin Hilke, the dramatic soprano, had to be turned away. Miss Hilke has a bad attack of the grip. Her recital has been postponed until next week. Yesterday's tickets will be good for it. Announcement of the date will probably be made next Sunday.

Lotta Faust's Funeral To-day.

The funeral of Lotta Faust, the actress who died last Tuesday, will be held at the Stephen Merritt undertaking rooms to-day at 12:30 o'clock. The services will be brief. Victor Herbert will play the accompaniment for the singing by George Leon Moore, who will render "If with All Your Hearts," from Mendelssohn's "Elijah," and Louis Gottschalk will accompany Miss Herlein in the singing of "The Rosary." Seats will be reserved for the pallbearers and for Miss Faust's former associates in Lew Fields's productions. The honorary pallbearers will be Lew Fields, Lee Shubert, Glen MacDonough, Edgar Smith, Raymond Hubbell, Alfred Baldwin Sloane, Charles Fields, Ben Von Oppingerr, Frank C. Langley, William R. Sill, A. Toxen Worm, William Wood, Robert Harris, Julian Mitchell, David Montgomery, Fred Stone, Thomas M. Marson, and Harry Fisher. Twelve hundred persons viewed the body at the undertaking establishment yesterday.

Judge Albert C. Thompson.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 16.—Judge Albert C. Thompson of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio died early to-day. He was born in Brookville, Penn., on Jan. 23, 1842. He retired from college at the outbreak of the civil war to enter the Union Army. He was severely wounded at the second battle of Bull Run, and after being mustered out of service at the close of the war took up his residence at Portsmouth, Ohio. He completed his law studies there, and, after serving as Judge of the Seventh Judicial District of Ohio, he was elected to Congress in 1885, serving for three terms. He was appointed Judge of the United States District Court at Cincinnati in 1895. He was Chairman of the Ohio Tax Commission in 1893 and served in the same capacity on the commission to revise and codify the penal laws of the United States in 1897.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES MURDOCK PIDGEON, for many years prominent in the lumber commission and shipping business on South Street, died yesterday morning at his home on the Palisades at Grantwood of a stroke of apoplexy suffered ten days ago. Mr. Pidgeon was 76 years of age, born in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. He went to Boston when young, and there married Charlotte A. Everett of the Edward Everett family of Massachusetts. His wife and three children survive him—Horace D., Florence, and Edward Everett Pidgeon, the latter a theatrical agent.

Mrs. GRANT, widow of ex-Assemblyman William H. Grant of Phalanx, N. J., died yesterday morning of pneumonia, aged 75 years. Mrs. Grant was highly respected, and was a member of Trinity Church of Red Bank. She leaves a son, Thomas Henry Grant, prominently identified with the Monmouth County Club, and Commodore of the North Shrewsbury Ice Yacht Club.

STEPHEN C. BERRY, who watched the first train on the Lackawanna Railroad (then the Morris & Essex Railroad) steam in from the direction of Newark, and who helped to build and rode on the first boat of the Morris Canal, is dead at his home in Dover, N. J. He was one of Dover's oldest residents, and was 86 years old. He was born in the same house in which he died. He is survived by two sons and two daughters.

Mrs. ROSE SOWDEN, the oldest resident of Rockaway, N. J., whose age is set down by her relatives as 104 years, died yesterday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Susan Kelly, of old age. Mrs. Sowden was the widow of Matthew Sowden, and was a native of Cavan, Ireland. Three daughters, eighteen grandchildren, and twenty-one great-grandchildren survive her.

JOHN A. McQUILLAN, formerly a resident of Mott Haven, died on Tuesday in Wichita, Kan., after an illness of several years. For years he represented the publishing house of Routledge & Sons of London, and was well known in the book trade throughout the United States. He left a widow and four children.

ANDREW McDONALD, for many years a clerk of the Supreme Court in Kings County, died Monday night at his home, 86 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 67 years. He was a bachelor.

CHARLES MAYNE a well-known advertising agent in this city and a pioneer in the foreign advertising field, died at Lakewood, N. J., on Tuesday at the age of 61 years. In 1869, with C. Meyen he organized the firm of Meyen & Co., and soon afterward he became sole proprietor. Two years ago he retired from business. He left a widow, a son, and four daughters. He was a member of the Sphinx Club and the Arion Society.

Miss SARAH LAZARUS, daughter of the late Moses Lazarus, died on Tuesday at her home, 38 West Tenth Street, of heart disease. She was a patron of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, having donated a collection of miniatures to the institution. She was a sister of Emma Lazarus, a poet.

Col. CHARLES M. WHELDEN, U. S. A., a member of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler's staff in the civil war and prominent in Masonry, died Monday night at his home in Newton, Mass., at 88 years of age. He was born in Boston, and in 1849 joined the army of California gold-seekers.

SARAH C. CHADSEY, wife of the late Benjamin F. Chadsey and mother of B. F. Chadsey, a lawyer of this city, died on Tuesday in Troy, N. Y. Before her marriage she was Miss Hegeman, and belonged to an old Holland family.

ROBERT L. WOODS, one of the oldest syrup merchants in this city, died yesterday after a brief illness, aged 87, at his home, 205 West Eighty-fifth Street. He left a daughter and a son, Robert L. Woods, Jr., who is President of the company at 428 Broome Street which his father originally formed.

Pursell Mfg. Co.
Caterer for over 40 years
DAINTY ELEGANCE in Service of TEAS, AT HOMES and WEDDINGS
QUALITY DISHES
Command us for estimates and suggestions.
Broadway at 21st St.

'LA BOHEME' AT BOTH HOUSES.

Miss Farrar Mimi at Metropolitan, Mme. Cavalieri at Manhattan.

For the first time this season the same opera was given simultaneously at the Metropolitan and the Manhattan Opera Houses last evening. "La Bohème" was the bill both on Broadway and on Thirty-fourth Street.

At the Metropolitan Miss Farrar was heard for the first time this season as Mimi, a rôle which she has sung here many times in past seasons. She was in better voice last night, and she sang it with better intonation than she has on many recent occasions. Mr. Caruso was the Rodolpho, Mr. Didur the Schaunard, Mr. Scotti the Marcello, Mr. de Segurola the Colline, and Miss Alton the Musetta. Mr. Podesti conducted.

At the Manhattan there was a new Mimi, at least so far as this season is concerned. Mme. Cavalieri sang the part of the consumptive heroine, and sang it far better than she has on the former occasions in which she has been heard here in this rôle. Mr. McCormack's Rodolpho is a praiseworthy achievement. Miss Trentini sang Musetta; Mr. Huberdeau, Schaunard; Mr. Sammarco, Marcello; Mr. Gilibert, Colline. Mr. Daddi's contribution to the evening's entertainment was considerable. Mr. Anselmi conducted.

Benefit for Girls' Athletic League.

At the benefit performance for the Girls' Branch of the Public School Athletic League, at the Criterion Theatre, tomorrow afternoon, some of the prominent actors who will appear are Otis Skinner, Donald Brian, Chauncey Olcott, Margaret Wycherly, Beatrice Forbes-Robertson, Nance O'Neil, and Laura Burt. Those who have charge of the benefit are Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Miss Louise Wingate, and Miss Catherine S. Leverich.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

HUSSEY.—Jan. 23, Flushing, L. I., to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Hussey, a daughter.

McLAUGHLIN.—Jan. 24, Bridgeport, Conn., to Dr. and Mrs. W. J. McLaughlin, a daughter.

Married.

ASH—KING.—Mr. and Mrs. Mervin Ash announce the marriage of their daughter, Alice, to Charles King, Jan. 25, 1910.

HALL—MORGAN.—On Wednesday, Jan. 26, 1910, in Christ Church, New Haven, Conn., by the Rev. Frederick M. Burgess, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Frederick Davies, Jr., Dorothy Brinley Morgan, daughter of the late Rev. and Mrs. George Brinley Morgan, to John Loomer Hall.

HALLETT—CLARK.—On Tuesday, Jan. 25, at the Dutch Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St., by the Rev. Dr. Henry E. Cobb, Florence Josephine Clark to Norman Hallett.

KOPPER — CUNNINGHAM. — Wednesday, Jan. 26, Albert Ryerson Kopper to Ethel Winthrop Cunningham, daughter of the late Graham Price and Matilda Flanagan Cunningham, at Hotel Marie Antoinette, by Rev. George R. Van De Water, D. D.

OVERTON—CORBETT.—On Wednesday, Jan. 26, 1910, at the residence of the bride's parents, Plainfield, N. J., by the Rev. C. L. Goodrich, Elsie Merrio, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Corbett, to Frederic Stanley Overton.

CEELY—KOPPLEMAN.—Jan. 18, Sarah Koppleman to Arthur Ceely.

HOGAN—LARKIN.—Jan. 26, Josephine Larkin to David J. Hogan.

LEWINSON—NEWBURGER.—Jan. 25, Hattie Newburger to Leonard J. Lewinson.

NORMAN—WRAY.—Jan. 25, Eleanor W. Wray to George S. Norman.

New Jersey.

CONNELL—THOMPSON.—Jan. 26, Elizabeth, Grace Thompson to Patrick J. Connell.

FARMER—HART.—Jan. 26, Glen Ridge, Helen Hart to Edward C. Farmer.

MULLER—BENEDICT.—Jan. 26, Newark, Marie C. Benedict to Anthony J. Muller.

SMITH—McCABE.—Jan. 26, South Orange, Josephine McCabe to Peter A. Smith.

TROXEL—BROWN.—Jan. 25, Newark, Bertha Brown to Edward Troxel.

WRIGHT—SPATES.—Jan. 24, Long Branch, Charlotte Spates to Chester Wright.

Died.

BRYAN.—Suddenly, at San Juan, Porto Rico, Jan. 23, Edward Payson of Bound Brook, N. J., beloved husband of Arabella Welch. Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 2, 2 P. M., at Frankfort, Ky. St. Louis and Louisville papers please copy.

BYNNER.—Suddenly, on Jan. 24, Margaret T. Bynner, widow of the late T. B. Bynner, formerly of Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her son, W. B. Bynner, No. 151 Beach St., Arlington, N. J., to-day (Thursday) upon arrival of train leaving foot of Chambers St. 10:18 A. M. Interment at Greenwood.

CONNOR.—Jan. 25, Harold Francis Connor. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Thursday afternoon, 1:30.

CUMMINGS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 25, Charles Frederick, son of the late Thomas P. Cummings, in his 68th year, at his late residence, 100 East 17th St., N. Y. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

DEXTER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 25, at the Hotel Netherland, after a brief illness, Mary Elizabeth Phelps, widow of George Dexter. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Henry U. Palmer, 216 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 27, at 2.30.

EVERSON.—Rachel Anna, beloved wife of Charles Everson, Jan. 26, 1910, in the 63d year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 17 Clarendon Place, Orange, N. J., Friday evening, Jan. 28, at 8 o'clock.

FAUST.—On Jan. 25, Charlotte (Lotta) Faust, aged 29 years. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., on Thursday at 12:30.

FOXTEN.—On Wednesday, Jan. 26, 1910, at her late residence, 305 West 150th St., Ellen Dempsey Foxten, beloved wife of Thomas Foxten. A solemn requiem mass for the repose of her soul at St. Aloysius Church, 132d St. and 7th Av., Saturday, 29th, at 10 A. M.

HENVE.—On Jan. 26, 1910, W. Joseph Henve, in his 85th year, at the residence of his son, Henry R. Henve, 3,253 Perry Av., Bronx. The remains will be taken on Saturday morning to the parlors of J. Winterbottom & Son Company, 194 Spring St., at 9 o'clock; thence to St. Alphonsus' Church, West Broadway, where a requiem mass will be offered for the respose of his soul at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

IRVINE.—On Jan. 23, 1910, Mary Margaret, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Irvine and Mary Gurrell. Funeral from her late residence, 108 West 61st St.; thence to the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 59th St. and Columbus Av., where a solemn high mass of requiem will be offered up for the repose of her soul at 11 A. M. Interment at Calvary.

KEILEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 25, Mary L., widow of William Keiley and daughter of the late Matthew and Rachel Kelley, in her 63d year. Funeral private.

KIRK.—On Tuesday evening, Jan. 25, Anna Kirk, wife of the late Edward C. Kirk. Funeral private.

MARTIN.—Jan. 25, Mary Martin. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d. (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Thursday afternoon, 1:30.

WAGNER
"Selections from the Music Dramas."
Arranged for the piano by Otto Singer. Preface by Richard Aldrich.
"Lyrics for Soprano"
"Lyrics for Tenor"
"Lyrics for Baratone and Bass"
Edited by CARL ARMBRUSTER. Prices each $1.50 paper; $2.50 cloth gilt.
A Guide to the Ring of the Nibelung
By RICHARD ALDRIC

Brown Brothers & Co
59 WALL STREET.
Investment Securities
MEMBERS OF THE
New York, Philadelphia & Boston
Stock Exchanges.

New York State
Tax Exempt 4s
and other Tax Exempt Bonds
Price on application
N. W. HARRIS & CO
BANKERS
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Comparative Value
of
Industrial Preferred Stocks
We have arranged the average earnings for six years of 21 leading industrial companies, with special reference to the comparative investment values of their preferred stocks.
Free on request — Booklet 101M.
Bigelow & Company
BANKERS
49 Wall Street New York
Telephone 7194 Hanover

January Bond Circular offering a variety of selected issues yielding from about 4% to 6%
Mailed on Application
N.W. Halsey & Co.
BANKERS
49 WALL ST., NEW YORK
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

Chicago & Northwestern
"RIGHTS"
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Schmidt & Gallatin
MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Bertron, Griscom
and
Jenks
BANKERS
40 Wall Street, New York
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

WE WILL BUY
100 Amer. Brake Shoe Com.
100 American Surety
200 Buff. & Lake E. Trac. Com. & Pfd.
50 Del., Lack. & West. Coal
100 Hartford Carpet Com.
48 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
100 Standard Coupler Com.
50 Wells Fargo "Rights"
WE WILL SELL
10 Adams Express
70 Amer. Coal Products
50 American Express
35 Bliss (E. W.) Pfd.
$10,000 East. Penn. Ry. 5s
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Com. & Pfd.
50 Sen-Sen Chiclet
200 Standard Oil Cloth Com. & Pfd.
50 Union Gas & Elec. of Cinn. Pfd.
25 Wells Fargo New Stock
We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
J.K.Rice,Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover, 33 Wall St., N. Y.

BANK & TRUST CO. STOCKS.
For Sale.
25 Chemung Canal Trust.
15 Home Insurance Company.
25 Lawyers Mortgage Company.
50 Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust.
50 Morton Trust Company.
40 Realty Associates.
Wanted
50 Albany Trust Company.
25 Bryant Park Bank.
100 City Investing Common.
50 Commonwealth Trust Company
25 Columbian Nat. Life Ins.
100 National Surety Company.
50 Westch'r & Bronx Title Guar.
Quotations on all Bank and Trust Company Stocks Furnished on Application.
Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Broad 4996. 52 Beaver St.

4% BONDS
Yielding Over
5.30%
This issue of bonds has an active market on the New York Stock Exchange. Special letter No. 20 on application.
Trowbridge&Co.
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
New York New Haven
111 Broadway 134 Orange St.

Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville 6s
Clark, Dodge&Co.
51 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks in Sharp Recovery—Call Money Rates, 2@3½ Per Cent.

SENTIMENT MORE CHEERFUL

Securities Respond to Clearer Washington Advices—Copper Merger Negotiations Progress—Low Call Money Rate.

The course of prices in yesterday's stock market made it plain that Wall Street had at least recovered from the extreme fright which it professed on the previous day over the reported outline of the Administration's plans concerning corporations as outlined in the Washington dispatches. American issues in London were heavily bought before the opening of the Stock Exchange here, and prices had advanced well beyond Tuesday night's levels under the stimulus of this buying. In our own market wide openings, in all cases at advances, were the rule, and as a result of short covering and genuine purchases for investment, together with the everpresent semi-speculative buying, morning levels were maintained, and in many cases bettered substantially before the close of business. It seems probable in the light of yesterday's market movement that the very natural unsettlement of sentiment caused by the Washington dispatches on Tuesday was deliberately aggravated by the operation of a group of powerful speculators working for the fall of prices. If this was actually the case the technical market position is rendered just so much stronger. One of the unfortunate effects of such markets as we have been witnessing of late, whatever their moving cause may have been, was disclosed in the weekly review of the iron and steel trade situation issued by a publication of authority in that trade, The Iron Age. In its editorial discussion of the situation it reported the iron market as having shown signs of hesitation in the past week, and asserted that this, in connection with "the unsettling of security values," had put optimistic sentiment to the test. It is apparent that the best thing which could happen for the general financial situation would be early decisions in the Tobacco and Standard Oil cases from the Supreme Court, and prompt movements by the Administration against any corporations it deems to be operating in violation of the law. However obscured the position in this respect may be at the moment, it will probably be found that the real intention of the Administration is, as Mr. Hill put it so clearly following his interview with the President in Washington on Tuesday, to put an end to the sins and not to the corporations. Among news developments of the day were the announcement of important steps in the long negotiations for a merger of leading copper properties, with the Anaconda as the absorbing concern, and the December earnings statement of the Atchison, with its unexpected showing of a loss of $1,420,000 in net after an increase of $221,000 in gross returns. The stock increases by subsidiaries of the Pennsylvania Railroad reported had been foreshadowed some time ago.

Call money rates fell to 2 per cent. during the day for the first time since the end of August last year. In itself such a rate is not of great importance, but it is interesting as confirming the opinion now widely held among bankers that present money market ease will hold for some time to come. On routine transactions with the Government the banks reported a small loss, but are still well ahead on the week. In the foreign exchange market business was much quieter and rates lost practically all of their advances of the previous day.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Amalgamated Copper Co.
Bowery Bank.
Detroit Edison Co. for annual meeting.
Nineteenth Ward Bank.
Sen Sen Chiclet Co.
United Cigar Manufacturers' Co., common.
Utah Copper Co. for rights.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American District Telegraph Co.
Mosler Safe Co.
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.
South Side Elevated Railroad, Chicago.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days; 4 per cent. for ninety and one hundred days; 4@4¼ per cent. for four and five months; 4¼ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4¼@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2¾ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2½ per cent., up ¼ per cent.; Berlin, 3 per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $413,404,079; balances, $10,046,364; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $819,077.

The local banks have gained $1,900,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.8615@$4.8625, sixty days at $4.8555@$4.8380, and cables at $4.8655@$4.8670.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 1-16@5.17¼ less 1-32 for cables, and 5.17¼ less 3-32@5.17¼ less 1-16 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95 1-16 plus 1-32@95¼ for cables, 95 1-16 less 1-32@95 1-16 for sight, and 94½ less 1-32@94⅝ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, $1 premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 24½d per ounce, and unchanged in New York at 52¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—With a cessation of selling pressure trading in local stocks to-day was of smaller volume than for several sessions past, and the tone of the market was steadier. Dealings were largely confined to Swift & Co. and Sears-Roebuck common, both of which reacted after opening at advanced prices. Stockholders of the United Boxboard Company have received a circular signed by the Reorganization Committee, in which the latter defined their position against recent attacks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
450	American Can	11⅝	11¼	11⅜
205	American Can pf	77	76½	77
25	Am. Radiator pf	130	130	130
10	Booth Fisheries	35	35	35
305	Chicago Pneu. Tool	40	39½	40
50	Chicago Rys., Series 2	30	30	30
50	Chicago Subway	4¼	4¼	4¼
30	Chicago Telephone	129½	129	129
10	Chicago & O. P. Elev.	3½	3½	3½
5	Chi. & O. P. Elev. pf.	7½	7½	7½
25	Com. Edison	118	117¼	117¾
3,600	Com. Edison rights	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
369	Diamond Match	108	107	108
225	Illinois Brick	81	80	81
8	National Biscuit	113	113	113
70	National Biscuit pf	122½	122½	122½
80	National Carbon	107	107	107
16	People's Gas	110	110	110
85	Quaker Oats	163	161	163
30	Quaker Oats pf	105	105	105
50	Quaker Oats receipts	161	161	161
804	Sears-Roebuck	153½	153⅜	154½
201	Sears-Roebuck pf	121	121	121
205	South Side Elevated	54½	53	53
810	Swift & Co.	103⅝	102½	103⅜
310	United Boxboard	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Jan. 26, 1910 900,880
From Jan. 1, 1910 21,233,944
Corresponding period last year 15,541,729

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
12⅛	12¾	400	Allis-Chalmers	12⅝	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	+ ⅛
45	47	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	46½	46½	46½	46½	- ½
83⅝	83½	53,500	*Amalgamated Cop	81	83⅝	79⅞	83⅜	+5⅝
37¼	37¾	3,300	Am. Beet Sugar	35⅛	37½	35	37½	+3½
90¼	94	200	Am. Beet Sugar pf	90	90	90	90	...
11⅜	12	2,200	Am. Can	10⅝	11⅝	10⅞	11⅜	+ ⅛
76⅜	77	1,000	Am. Can pf	76	77	76	77	+1⅝
63⅝	64¼	3,100	Am. Car & Foundry	64½	64½	63½	64	+1⅜
61½	62	100	Am. Cotton Oil	62	62	62	62	+1½
280	290	40	Am. Express	280	280	280	280	...
39¾	40	400	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	39⅝	39⅝	39½	39½	+ ⅛
22	22½	1,150	Am. Ice Securities	21¼	22⅜	21¼	22⅜	+1⅜
14⅞	15⅛	550	*Am. Linseed	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
40¼	40⅝	100	*Am. Linseed pf	41	41	41	41	+2⅛
52	53	1,800	Am. Locomotive	52	52	51⅜	52	+1½
112	114	200	Am. Locomotive pf	112½	112½	112	112	...
5⅝	6	1,100	Am. Malt	6	6	5⅝	5⅝	- ⅜
35	38	400	Am. Malt pf	34⅜	35	34⅜	35	+1
93¼	93½	21,520	Am. Smelt. & Ref	91⅝	93½	90⅝	93¼	+4
108⅜	109	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	108⅞	108⅞	108⅜	108⅝	+ ⅝
61⅛	61⅜	1,200	Am. Steel Foundries	60⅛	61⅛	60⅞	61⅛	+1⅛
121½	122½	1,200	Am. Sugar Refining	120⅜	122⅜	120¼	122⅜	+3⅛
120	122	20	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	122	122	122	122	...
137⅛	137½	2,135	Am. Tel. & Tel	136	137¼	136	137	+1½
92¼	94½	400	Am. Tobacco pf	92⅜	92⅝	92⅜	92⅜	- ⅛
33½	35	550	Am. Woolen	34⅜	34⅞	34⅜	34⅞	+ ⅜
100½	103	300	Am. Woolen pf	100⅛	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	+ ⅜
52⅜	52⅞	28,020	*Anaconda Cop. Min	50⅜	52⅞	50½	52⅞	+3⅜
117¼	117½	22,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	116⅜	117¼	116⅜	117¼	+1⅜
103⅛	103¼	510	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103⅛	103⅛	103¼	103¼	+ ⅛
128¼	128½	900	Atlantic Coast Line	126¼	128¼	126½	128½	+2½
115⅝	115⅞	2,500	Baltimore & Ohio	116	116½	115¼	115⅝	+ ⅜
3	3½	570	Batopilas Mining	3	3⅝	3	3⅝	+ ⅛
31	32	400	Bethlehem Steel	30¼	31	30¼	31	+1
62¼	64½	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	62	64	62	64	+1½
72⅞	73	7,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	73	73⅝	72½	73	+1½
153½	155	600	Brooklyn Union Gas	152	153	152	153	+1½
32⅝	33½	130	Butterick Co	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
180¼	180½	800	Canadian Pacific	179	180¼	179	180¼	+1⅜
41¼	41½	6,500	Central Leather Co	40⅝	41½	40⅝	41⅛	+1⅜
298	305	200	Central R. R. of N. J	300	300	300	300	-3
84	84½	20,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	85	85⅝	83½	84½	+2½
60	60⅝	700	Chicago & Alton	61	61	60	60	+1⅜
31¼	31½	800	Chi. Gt. Western new	32	32½	31	31½	+ ⅝
147⅝	147⅞	11,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	147	147⅝	146⅜	147⅝	+1⅝
166¼	166½	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P pf	166¼	166¼	166	166¼	+1½
157½	158½	1,650	Chi. & Northwestern	156½	158¼	156½	158¼	+2½
..	..	6,971	Chi. & N. W. rights	14⅛	14⅜	14	14⅜	+ ⅜
4½	5	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
10¾	11¼	100	*Chi. Un. Tr.pf.t.r.sta	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	- ¼
77½	79	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	77½	77½	77½	77½	+ ½
41⅜	41½	4,700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	41⅛	41⅞	41⅛	41¼	+1⅜
58	58¾	3,100	Colorado & Southern	57⅛	58	57⅛	58	+1⅛
81	81½	700	Col. & South. 1st pf	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	...
80	81	100	Col. & South. 2d pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ¼
13¼	14	4,410	Col. & Hock. C. & I	17	18	13	13	- ⅝
145	145¼	12,450	Consolidated Gas	145	146	143⅞	145⅛	+3⅞
19½	19¾	1,375	Corn Products Ref	20	20	19⅝	19½	+ ⅛
174½	175	1,235	Delaware & Hudson	174½	173	173	174½	+ ⅝
42⅜	43	1,300	Denver & Rio Grande	42½	43	41⅝	43	+2⅛
79½	80¾	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	80	80	80	80	+ ½
10	10	10	Detroit United Ry	62¼	62¼	62½	62½	...
500	100	500	*Distillers' Securities	33	33⅜	32⅝	33	+1
100	100	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	- ⅛
550	100	550	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	27	27	26¼	26¾	...
100	100	100	Du Pont Powder pf	86	86	86	86	-1½
8,200	100	8,200	Erie	29¼	29⅝	28⅝	29¾	+1⅜
1,000	100	1,000	Erie 1st pf	47⅜	47⅝	45⅞	47⅞	+1⅝
300	100	300	Erie 2d pf	36½	38¼	36½	36½	+1⅜
900	100	900	General Electric	151¼	155	151¼	153	+2½
5,500	100	5,500	Great Northern pf	134	134⅜	132½	134⅜	+2½
2,650	100	2,650	*G. N. certs. ore prop	73⅝	73⅝	71⅝	73	+1
100	100	100	Havana Electric	93	93	93	93	+ ⅞
300	100	300	Illinois Central	142⅜	143½	142⅜	143½	+1⅛
14,300	100	14,300	Interborough-Met	21	21⅞	21	21⅝	+1¼
9,100	100	9,100	Interborough-Met. pf	56¼	56½	55½	56½	+1½
1,025	100	1,025	Int. Harvester	117	121½	119	121½	+3½
300	100	300	Int. Paper	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	- ⅛
200	100	200	Int. Paper pf	55	55	55	55	+ ⅛
1,000	100	1,000	Int. Steam Pump	40⅝	40⅝	40⅜	40⅜	+ ⅝
300	100	300	Int. Steam Pump pf	86½	87⅜	86½	87⅜	+1⅛
1,925	100	1,925	Kansas City South	37⅝	38⅜	37⅝	38⅛	+1⅛
1,100	100	1,100	Kan. City South. pf	68	69⅜	68	68¼	+1⅛
3,750	100	3,750	Laclede Gas	104¼	105¼	104½	105¼	+1⅛
100	100	100	Lake Erie & Western	22½	22½	22½	22½	+ ½
100	100	100	Lake Erie & West. pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	+ ½
2,300	100	2,300	Louisville & Nash	144½	145¾	144⅜	145¾	+2⅜
600	100	600	Mackay Cos	87½	88	87	88	+1
300	100	300	Mackay Cos. pf	77½	77⅝	77¼	77⅝	+ ⅛
300	100	300	Manhattan Elevated	137½	137¾	126⅜	136⅜	...
600	100	600	Mercantile Marine	6⅝	7	6⅝	7	+ ⅛
200	100	200	Mercantile Marine pf	21	21	21	21	+1
100	100	100	Minn. & St. Louis	45	45	45	45	...
950	100	950	M., St. P. & S. S. M	134	136	134	136	+2½
200	100	200	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf	153	153¾	153	153¾	...
4,800	100	4,800	Mo., Kansas & Texas	43	43⅝	42¼	43⅝	+1⅝
100	100	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	72	72	72	72	+2½
1,200	100	1,200	Missouri Pacific	69	69¼	68¾	69¼	+1⅝
350	100	350	*Nat. Biscuit Co	112	112	110¼	110¾	+ ¾
100	100	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123	123	123	123	-2
300	100	300	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	+ ⅜
500	100	500	Nat. Enam. & S. pf	95	95	94⅝	95	-1
2,900	100	2,900	Nat. Lead Co	82⅝	84¼	82⅜	84¼	+2⅜
4,000	100	4,000	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	27¼	27⅝	27	27⅝	+1¼
900	100	900	N. Y. Air Brake	84	84	82⅝	83	-1
12,025	100	12,025	N. Y. Central	118½	119¼	118¼	119⅜	+2⅞
600	100	600	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	60	60	60	60	+ ½
225	100	225	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	156	156½	156	156¾	+ ½
800	100	800	N. Y., Ont. & West	44¾	45	44¾	45	+1½
1,300	100	1,300	Norfolk & Western	96¼	96¼	96	96½	+1½
1,400	100	1,400	North American	77⅝	79½	77⅝	79½	+3½
5,500	100	5,500	Northern Pacific	136½	136⅞	135¼	135⅝	+ ⅜
100	100	100	Ontario Mining	3	3	3	3	+ ⅛
100	100	100	Pacific Mail	33½	33¾	33½	33½	+1⅜
1,300	100	1,300	Pacific Tel. & Tel	37	37	33	35½	- ⅛
21,640	100	21,640	Pennsylvania R. R	132⅜	133¼	132	132⅞	+1½
1,900	100	1,900	People's Gas, Ch	109⅝	110¼	109⅜	110¼	+1½
530	100	530	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	97½	98¾	97½	98¼	+1½
2,100	100	2,100	Pittsburg Coal	21⅜	21⅞	21	21⅞	+1⅜
1,900	100	1,900	Pittsburg Coal pf	73	73	71	71½	- ⅛
1,400	100	1,400	Pressed Steel Car	43¾	44	43	43	+ ¼
100	100	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	104	104	104	104	...
240	100	240	Pullman Co	103½	103⅝	103¼	103⅝	+1⅜
100	100	100	Quicksilver pf	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
700	100	700	*R'way Steel Spring	45¼	45¼	45	45	+ ⅛
100,600	100	100,600	Reading	156½	158¾	156⅜	157⅞	+3½
100	100	100	Reading 1st pf	91	91	91	91	+1½
600	100	600	Reading 2d pf	101	103	101	103	+3
2,000	100	2,000	Repu. Iron & Steel	37½	38¼	37¼	38¼	+1½
1,300	100	1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	100¾	101	100	101	+1
8,600	100	8,600	Rock Island Co	42¾	42¾	41⅞	42½	+1⅝
700	100	700	Rock Island Co. pf	84	84	82½	82½	...
500	100	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	53	53⅜	53	53⅜	+1⅛
1,100	100	1,100	St. Louis Southwest	29	29	28½	28⅞	+ ⅛
400	100	400	St. Louis Southw. pf	73	73	72½	73	+ ⅛
200	100	200	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I	78	78¼	78	78¼	+1½
43,700	100	43,700	Southern Pacific	128¼	129⅝	128¼	129⅜	+2⅛
6,700	100	6,700	Southern R'way ext	29¾	30¼	29½	30	+1⅛
1,800	100	1,800	South. R'way pf. ext	66	67½	66	67	+2
1,200	100	1,200	Tennessee Copper	34⅝	35¾	34⅝	35½	+1⅞
1,710	100	1,710	Texas & Pacific	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝	+1⅜
1,250	100	1,250	Third Avenue	16	16	15½	16	+ ⅛
100	100	100	Tol., R'way & Light	11¼	11¼	11½	11½	+ ⅛
46	100	500	Toledo, St. L. & W	46⅜	46⅜	46	46	+1
68	100	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	67	67	67	67	...
112½	112¾	800	Twin City Rap. Tran	111⅜	112	111¼	111⅜	+ ⅝
10⅝	10⅞	100	Union Bag & Paper	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+1
75	75	100	Union Bag & P. pf	70	70	70	70	...
187⅜	187⅞	91,960	Union Pacific	187½	188	186⅝	187⅞	+2⅝
99½	99⅝	1,300	Union Pacific pf	99	99⅝	99	99½	+ ⅛
118½	120¾	100	United Dry Goods	119	119	119	119	-1¼
111¼	111⅝	187	United Dry Goods pf	111⅞	111⅞	111⅛	111⅞	+ ¼
36	38	600	United Rys. Invest	34	36	34	36	+3
58⅜	59	1,525	United Rys. Invest.pf	57	59	57	59	+2½
28	29	75	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	27½	27¾	26¾	26¾	...
78	82	800	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf	79⅜	79⅜	77⅜	78⅜	+1½
77	77⅛	800	U. S. Realty & Imp	77⅛	77⅛	77	77	- ½
44½	45	900	U. S. Rubber	44	45	44	45	+2
111⅛	112	1,397	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	111½	112	111½	111⅝	+ ⅝
78	80	400	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	78½	79½	78½	79½	+1½
84¼	84⅝	241,500	U. S. Steel	83⅞	84⅝	83¼	84⅛	+2⅛
122⅝	123	3,700	U. S. Steel pf	122	123	121⅝	123	+1⅝
53¼	53½	5,260	Utah Copper	52½	53½	51⅝	53½	+1⅝
52	52⅜	4,550	Va.-Caro. Chemical	52	52⅜	51¾	52	+1¼
..	..	100	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	66	66	66	66	- ⅛
21¼	21¼	2,800	Wabash	21⅛	21½	21	21¼	+ ⅜
47⅞	48¾	6,500	Wabash pf	48	49	47⅝	48¾	+1⅝
47⅜	48¼	500	Western Md. 4th pfd	40¼	40¼	48	40	+1½
70⅝	72	500	Western Union Tel	70	71	70	70½	+ ⅛
72	73	1,200	Westinghouse E. & M	72	73	71⅝	73	+2
123	123	200	Westinghouse 1st pf	121	123	121	123	+3
5⅝	6¼	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+3
11	12	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ¼
6¼	7¼	140	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	- ¼
46½	47	20	Wisconsin Central	46½	46½	46½	46½	...

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	..
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¼	102½
4s, r., 1925	114¼	115¾
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115¾
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	.100	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	.100	101
Adams Exp.	245	260
Alb. & S.	280	..
Am. Ag. C.	44½	45¼
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	104
A. C. & F. pf.	.116½	118
Am. Coal	.100	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	.101	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	25
Am. Sm. pf., B.	88½	89
Am. Snuff	.250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	95½	99½
A. T. & C.	77	77
Ann Arbor.	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	50
B. & O. pf.	93¼	94½
Bruns. Ter.	15	64
B., R. & P.	95	105
B., R. & P. pf.	.128	138
B. & S. pf.	..	70
Canada So.	68	70
Cent. L. pf.	100	106½
C. & S. A. Tel.	.117½	120
C. & A. pf.	60	69
C. B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	58¾	60
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W. pf.	.200	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	145	150
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	.100	170
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	.103	103½
Col. F. & I. pf.	.112¾	..
Cons. Coal	105	..
Corn Pr. R. pf.	83	86
Crex Carpet.	52	61
D., L. & W.	..	610
D., M. & Ft.	4	12
D. & M. pf.	..	65
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	90	90
F., M. & S.	..	75
F., M. & S. pf.	..	90
Fed. Sugar.	40	65
Fed. Sugar pf.	..	93
Gen. C. Co.	93	96
Gen. C. Co. pf.	.103¼	104½
G. R. & W.	80	..
H. B. Claflin 1st pf.	..	98¾
Hav. E. R. pf.	.94½	99¾
Hock. V. r.	101	120
Hock. V. pf.	..	90
Homestake.	84½	90
Ill. C. r.	98	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	..	95
Int. H. pf.	.124	125
Int. Power.	..	30
Iowa Cent.	22	24
Iowa C. pf.	42	45
Jol. & Chi.	100	..
K. & M. r.	45	55
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	..	75
K. & T. M.	7¼	9
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	.128	133
Lacl. G. pf.	90	100
Lake Shore.	400	400
Long Island	64	66
L. & W. C.	200	..
Manh. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach.	3	6
Md. C. pf.	50	..
Met. St. R.	20	24¾
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. S. T. pf.	92	..
M. & St. L. pf.	..	75
M. St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	..	82
M. St. P. & S. St. M. leased line	91¾	92¼
N. C. & St. L.	.131	135
Nat. L. pf.	108¼	110
Nat.

$100 $500 $1,000
First Mortgage Bonds
To Yield 6%
Secured by property having title legalized and assured by FEDERAL PROVISION, on a completed project which is under State Supervision.
Send for Booklet describing Irrigation Bonds as an Investment.
Blake & Reeves
BANKERS
34 Pine Street New York

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton 2d 4½s, 1937
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville 4½s, 1952
Hudson & Manhattan (McAdoo Tunnel) Bonds & Stocks
Western Transit Co. (N. Y. Cent.) 3½s, 1923
Canada Southern 1st and 2d Mtg. Bonds
M. WOLFF,
27 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Telephones 6557-6558-6559 Broad.

VALUABLE RECORD
Containing Prices and Statistics of
RAILROAD and INDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONS
Sent upon Request.
STANLEY B. McLEAN
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
32 BROADWAY, N. Y.

American Light & Traction
American Gas & Electric
Denver Gas & Electric Co.
Empire District Electric Co
All marketable public utility securities.
Williams, McConnell & Coleman
40 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 5621 John.

WANTED
Liberty National Bank
Coal & Iron National Bank
Royal Baking Powder Pfd.
LUTZ & COMPANY
BANK & TRUST COMPANY STOCKS.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 273 Broad.

U. S. Light & Heating
7% PREFERRED STOCK
At present price yields over 8%
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
Gilbert, White & Co.
UNLISTED STOCK AND BONDS
Tel. 525-526 Rector. 20 BROAD ST., N. Y.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY.
We Offer a Bond
GUARANTEED and ASSUMED as to PRINCIPAL and INTEREST, and ENDORSED by the above, to net nearly 5%.
Dominick & Dominick
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
INCORPORATED
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS & REPORTS
218 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.
Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala. San Diego, Cal.

George M. Young & Company,
59 Cedar Street, New York.
Investment Securities

U. S. Light & Heating
Amer. Brake Shoe & Fdry.
Circular upon request.
JONES & CO.
30 Broad St. Phones 213-214 Broad.

Potter, Choate & Prentice
Members New York Stock Exchange
BANKERS
55 WALL ST. NEW YORK

Chicago First Mortgages
in amounts from $10,000 to $200,000, netting from 4½ per cent. to 5½ per cent. Descriptive circulars on request.
Peabody, Houghteling & Co.
(Established 1865) 181 La Salle St., Chicago

SIMON BORG & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

National Park Bank
Metropolitan Bank
Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co.
J. A. MORRILL
5 Nassau Street,
Telephone, 1329 Rector.

Dallas & Waco Guar. 5%, 1940
Detroit United Railway 4½%, 1932
Des Moines & Fort Dodge 1st Guar. 4%, 1935
San Antonio & Aransas Pass Guar. 4%, 1943
Bush Terminal Cons. 5%, 1955
Southern Iron & Steel 4s-5s, 1929
Utah Light & Power Cons. 4%, 1930
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

WE OFFER
Butte Electric & Power Co. Common Stock.
Prices on application.
MEGARGEL & CO.
BANKERS
5 Nassau St. New York

Scrip of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co. Bought & Sold.
Taylor, Smith & Evans
Members New York Stock Exchange
Phone 7355 Hanover. 49 Wall Street.

Hudson & Manhattan (McAdoo Tunnel) Bonds & Stocks
Canada Southern 1st & 2d Mortg. Bonds
Western Transit (N. Y. Ctrl.) 3½s, 1923
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville 4½s, 1952
M. WOLFF,
27 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Telephones 6557-6558-6559 Broad.

FISK & ROBINSON
GOVERNMENT BONDS
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
New York Boston Chicago

Erie R. R. Prior Lien 4s, 1996, Registered
Pitts., Lake Erie & West. Va. 4s, Nov., 1941
Pennsylvania Co. Coll. Trust 4s, April, 1921
Penington, Colket & Co.
115 BROADWAY, N. Y.
MEMBERS N. Y. & PHILA. STOCK EXCHANGE.
Telephone Cortlandt 1154-5.

N. Y., Ontario & Western 4s
Amer. Dist. Tel. of N. J. 5s
New Orleans Terminal 4s
SEESSELBERG & BANIGAN
8 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 3030 Rector.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Close Watch on Buying Orders.

In markets like those witnessed on Monday and Tuesday there always goes forward buying of stocks on a large scale by the larger interests of the financial district for the purpose of support. Unless the buyers are convinced of the culmination of the decline, the stock bought is for sale upon the first symptoms of market strength. Traders were observing very closely yesterday the selling of those stocks which stood most in need of help on Monday and Tuesday to determine whether the source of supply corresponded to that of purchases on the preceding day. Some of them thought they detected selling of this kind and promptly turned upon the market on the theory that the bigger interests thought they could get back the stocks they were letting go at prices even lower than those of Tuesday. There is a certain danger in jumping at conclusions of this kind. It can be readily understood, for example, that the part of yesterday's selling of Union Pacific which traders thought to represent liquidation of stock bought to support might represent only a small fraction of the entire amount taken over at lower prices, the balance being held for a real rise.

***

A Loan Seeker's Experience.

In the out-of-town comment on the sagging markets of the last fortnight are to be found the familiar assertions, couched in the usual sarcastic terms, which inevitably follow a fall in prices on the Stock Exchange, to the effect that all of the damage is confined to an area bounded by Fulton Street, the two rivers, and the Battery sea wall. This statement will carry no conviction to one man at least. He is a manufacturer in the Mississippi Valley, who reached Wall Street on Tuesday morning in pursuance of an arrangement made several weeks earlier by which he was to obtain on Tuesday from bankers here a million and a quarter dollars on his plant, which is worth at least twice that much. Ignorant of the market collapse, he visited the bankers for the purely formal closing of the transaction, as he supposed, only to be invited to look at the ticker; to consider the great depreciation which had taken place in all securities, and the necessity for keeping plenty of money in hand to protect other securities, and, finally, to return to the Mississippi Valley empty handed with the suggestion that he return in several weeks and, "if things looked better," resume negotiations.

***

His View of Hocking Smash.

One trader who lost a considerable sum of money in the Hocking collapse because his judgment was too good, had so far recovered his equanimity yesterday as to confide to a friend, who was condoling with him, that the whole episode was really a "Shocking affair."

***

Two New Stock Issues.

The announcement of new stock issues was made yesterday by two subsidiaries of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, namely, the Pennsylvania Company and the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway. The Directors of the Pennsylvania Company, at a meeting in Philadelphia, declared a stock dividend of $16.67 a share, while the Directors of the Panhandle allotted to stockholders 12½ per cent. in new common stock for subscription at par. Both companies recently advanced their dividends. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company owns all of the $60,000,000 outstanding stock of the Pennsylvania Company, which in turn controls the Panhandle through ownership of $22,470,000 of Panhandle preferred and $16,632,000 of its $23,647,000 common stock.

***

Pennsylvania Dividend.

Under the proposed change from a semi-annual to a quarterly dividend payment period, the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company are scheduled to meet for dividend action on Tuesday of next week. The recent increases in the dividends of subsidiaries and the financing by two of the most important of these, as announced yesterday, has, of course, lent color to recent reports of an increase in the Pennsylvania Railroad's own dividend. While the payment may be advanced in accordance with such reports, it is understood that there is no unanimity of opinion on this point in the Directorate.

***

Anaconda and the Merger.

The strength displayed by the copper shares yesterday, particularly by Anaconda, was explained late in the afternoon by the issue of a formal call to Anaconda stockholders for a special meeting on March 23 to increase the capital stock of the company in order to take over a number of other concerns. While gossip has been more or less busy with the names of the companies to be merged with Anaconda, no definite announcement regarding them has been made, nor have the terms of the merger been disclosed, so upon the most interesting point of the "copper merger" Wall Street is still considerably in the dark.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 26.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.
1,030	Crucible Steel	16¼	16	16
240	Crucible Steel pf.	89¼	89	89
20	Fireproofing	8½	8½	8½
300	Fireproofing pf.	27¾	27¾	27½
15	Harbison W. Ref. pf.	94	94	94
15	Federal St. & P. V. T.	25¼	25¼	25¼
822	Mfrs. L. & H.	23¾	23¼	23¾
165	Ohio Fuel	56¼	56	56¼
50	Pittsburg Brewing	23¾	23¾	23¾
125	Pittsburg Coal	21¼	21	21½
850	Pittsburg Coal pf.	71¾	71	71¼
150	River Coal	10¼	9¾	9¾
50	River Coal pf.	25	24½	25
110	U. S. Steel pf.	84½	84½	84½
10	U. S. Steel pf.	122	122	122

BONDS.

$2,000	Pitts. & Bir. Tr. 5s.	105	105	105
3,000	Pittsburg Brewing 6s.	99½	99½	99½

UNLISTED.

25	Kansas Gas	39¾	39¾	39¾
3,000	Mt. Elliott	81c	81c	82c
270	Ohio Fuel Oil	7¾	7¾	7¾
200	Pure Oil	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,000	San Toy	35c	35c	35c
500	Silver Peak	80c	80c	80c
45	Union Gas	136	135	135

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 26.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¼	8½	Jackpot	7	7½
Elkton	70¼	71	McKinney	44½	45
El Paso	66¼	68¾	Old Gold	4	4¼
Gold Dollar	10	11½	Portland	95	96
Findlay	10½	12	Vindicator	76	77
Isabella	18	18½	J. Sample	9¾	9¾

FINANCIAL NOTES.

John W. Gates has returned from Texas. He denies any interest in the stock market.

Lee, Higginson & Co. are offering $5,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Western Electric Company at 99 and interest, yielding 5.10 per cent. Owing to the heavy subscriptions the books will be opened and closed simultaneously this morning at 10 o'clock.

The stockholders of the North American Company, at their annual meeting in Newark, N. J., yesterday, elected these Directors: Edward Q. Keasby, James Campbell, Edward M. Bulkley, Adolphus Busch, Fred Vogel, Jr., and James F. Mortimer.

At the annual meeting of the American Piano Company E. J. Knabe's place in the directorate was filled and an additional Director elected. The two new Directors elected were Albert B. Boardman and Howard T. Armstrong. William Knabe was not re-elected a Vice President, although he remains in the directorate. L. E. Edgar was elected Treasurer, succeeding G. L. Eaton, and J. H. Shale was elected Secretary, succeeding Charles Keidel, Jr.

The best way to find Lost articles—see Page 15.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Close Uncertain in London After Erratic Fluctuations.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Money was dearer to-day, owing to month-end requirements, and discount rates hardened in sympathy.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was irregular. Home rails were supported on favorable dividends and American shares recovered sharply, but consols declined on dearer money and prospects of further Government borrowings. Foreigners and Kaffirs were quietly steady.

American securities opened firm and from ½ to 1¼ above parity. Covering orders and fresh buying carried values to a higher level, with United States Steel, Southern Pacific, and Union Pacific leading the advance. Realizing followed and prices declined a fraction. In the afternoon New York alternately bought and sold, and after a series of erratic fluctuations the market closed uncertain, with values ranging from 1 to 2½ points above yesterday's New York closing.

Bar silver steady, 24¼d per ounce.
Money, 2@2½ per cent.
The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¾@2 13-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 2¾@2 13-16 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—French industrial and railroad shares were weaker to-day, but foreign securities were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 98 francs 65 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 20 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was rather steadier. Yesterday's declining market in New York had little effect on prices here.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Chge.
Consols, money	82½	..	..	— ½
Consols, account	82½	..	..	—3-16
Anaconda	10¾	49⅞	49¼	— ⅝
Atchison	120	116¾	115½	— 1¼
Canadian Pacific	184¾	180½	178½	— 1½
St. Paul	151	146⅝	145¾	— 1½
Erie	29⅜	29	28	— 1
Erie 1st pf.	49	47⅝	47	— ⅝
Illinois Central	147	143	142	— 1
Louis. & Nash.	152	147⅜	143½ex	— ⅝
N. Y. Central	121	117⅜	116½	— 1¼
Pennsylvania	67¾	133⅛	131⅝	— 1½
Reading	80¾	156⅛	154⅝	— 1½
Southern Pacific	132½	128⅝	126¼	— 2½
Union Pacific	192½	187¼	185½	— 1½
U. S. Steel	86¼	83⅜	82¼	— 1½
U. S. Steel pf.	126	122¾	121½	— 1¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	3	Esperanza	3	0	9
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	3
El Oro	1	8	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—The advance in the Boston copper shares continued without interruption to-day, and late in the afternoon the gains were very large in all of the leading issues. Utah Copper recorded an advance of over three points on small transactions. North Butte went up 2¾, and Arizona Commercial, Butte Coalition, Copper Range, Isle Royale, Miami, North Lake, Osceola, Superior, Tamarack, and Smelting all made gains of a point or more. Lake Copper, which was the most active issue throughout, was strong at the start, but, in the afternoon the gain shown was less than a point. Amalgamated was a strong feature of the late afternoon, New York buying forcing the price up nearly four points. The general list closed steady and with stocks in good demand. The complete list of transactions follows:

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$30,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92¾	92½	92½
1,000	A., Top. & S. Fe 4s	100	100	100
5,000	A. G. & W. I. S. 5s	69	69	69
40,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97¼	96⅞	97⅛
6,000	K. C., M. & B. 4s	93½	93½	93½
4,500	K. C., M. & B. inc. 5s	91	91	91
4,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98¾	98¼	98¾
2,000	N. E. Cotton Y. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
5,000	New River 5s	78½	78½	78½
1,000	Shannon 6s, full pd.	106	106	106
1,000	United Mult. 4½s	96	96	96
1,000	Western P. & T. 5s	98¾	98¼	98¼

RAILROADS.

314	Boston Elevated	133	132	133
106	Boston Suburban pf.	75	75	75
74	Boston & Albany	231	230	230
10	Boston & Maine	149	149	149
25	Fitchburg pf.	130	130	130
70	Mass. Electric	18	17¾	17¾
79	Mass. Elec. pf.	81	80¼	81
60	N. Y., N. H. & H.	158¾	156	156¾
110	Union Pacific	188	186⅝	188
10	West End	95	95	95

TELEPHONES.

1,370	American	137½	136¼	137½
78	Cumberland	147¾	147	147
6	Mexican pf.	6	6	6
10	Western pf.	90½	90½	90½

MISCELLANEOUS.

150	Am. Agr. Chem.	46	45	45
38	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	102	101½	102
12	A., G. & W. I.	10¼	10¼	10¼
630	Am. Pneu. Service	8¼	7½	8¼
420	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	20½	20½	20½
73	Am. Sugar Ref.	121½	120	121½
298	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	121	119½	121
165	Am. Woolen	34¾	33½	34¾
167	Am. Woolen pf.	102	101½	102
10	Col. Fuel & Iron	41¼	41¼	41¼
35	Eastern Steamship	80	80	80
100	East Boston Land	10	10	10
30	Edison	239¾	239	239½
3,807	Edison rights	3½	3	3¼
50	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	106	106	106
165	General Electric	152¼	152¼	152½
657	Mass. Gas	79½	78	79½
32	Mass. Gas pf.	95	94	94½
25	Mergenthaler	216½	216½	216½
30	N. E. Cotton Yarn	121¾	121¾	121¾
3	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	113½	113	113
170	Reece	5½	5¼	5¼
350	Rotary Rifle	12¾	12¼	12¾
28	Seattle Elec. pf.	105	104½	105
687	Swift	104	102¾	103½
57	Torrington pf.	27	27	27
376	United Fruit	169	168	169
465	United Shoe	68¾	68¼	68¾
131	United Shoe pf.	30	29½	30
4,847	U. S. Steel	84¾	83¼	84½
50	U. S. Steel pf.	122½	122	122½

MINING.

790	Adventure	8¾	8¼	8¾
5,210	Amalgamated	83	79⅞	83
14	Allouez	47	46	46
310	Amer. Zinc	32	31¾	31⅞
10	Anaconda	51⅞	51¾	51⅞
1,590	Arcadian	8	7½	8
2,375	Arizona Commercial	42¾	41½	42¾
100	Arnold	1¾	1¾	1¾
120	Atlantic	10	9¾	10
325	Batopilas	3	2¾	3
4,385	Boston Cons.	20¼	20	20
1,685	Boston & Corbin	20½	19¾	20½
3,520	Butte Coalition	26½	25¾	26½
915	Butte & Balaklala	11¾	10⅞	11¾
1,250	Calumet & Arizona	70¼	68	69¾
29	Calumet & Hecla	640	640	640
265	Centennial	30	29½	30
1,000	Copper Range	80	79	80
65	Daly-West	8¾	8½	8½
405	East Butte	11	10¾	10¾
120	Elm River	1¼	1¼	1¼
780	Franklin	18¼	18	18¼
7,187	Giroux	10¼	9¼	10
168	Granby	96	95	95
306	Granby rights	1¾	1	1
2,220	Greene-Cananea	10¼	9½	10¼
1,355	Hancock	24½	23¾	24
330	Helvetia	5	4¾	4¾
640	Isle Royale	24	23	24
525	Kerr Lake	9¼	9	9¼
200	Keweenaw	4½	4	4½
9,666	Lake	78	74	78½
755	La Salle	16	15⅞	16
685	Mass	8	7	7¾
100	Mayflower	1½	1¼	1½
65	Mexico	4¾	4½	4½
1,495	Miami	24¾	23¾	24½
100	Michigan	7	7	7
790	Mohawk	69¼	67½	69
1,320	Nevada	24½	23¾	24
480	Nipissing	10¾	10	10
2,434	North Butte	43½	41	42¾
3,692	North Lake	16¼	15	16
750	Ojibway	9½	9¼	9¼
210	Old Dominion	46	45½	45½
60	Osceola	157	156	156½
150	Parrot	20¾	19¾	20⅝
112	Quincy	86	85	86
1,885	Shannon	15½	15	15½
455	South Utah	3½	3¼	3½
1,425	Superior	59	58	58⅞
1,062	Superior & Boston	15	14½	15
1,576	Superior & Pitts.	14	13¾	14
65	Tamarack	84	84	84
467	Tamarack rights	25c	10c	25c
170	Trinity	9¼	9	9¼
625	U. S. Oil	38¼	37	38¼
1,090	U. S. Smelting	47¾	46½	47¾
640	U. S. Smelting pf.	51½	50½	50½
890	Utah-Apex	4¾	4½	4¾
845	Utah Cons.	41	39½	41
60	Utah Copper	52¾	52¾	52¾
640	Winona	11	10½	10¾
42	Wolverine	145	140	142
150	Wyandotte	2¾	2½	2¾

Gary Elected to Erie's Committee.

Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, was elected a member of the Executive Committee of the Erie Railroad Company at a meeting of the Directors yesterday. Judge Gary's entrance into the Erie's directorate is recent.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review is a complete record of the week's Wall Street business and reliable publication for reference for investors and financiers. Details of every bond and stock dealt in, the changes and the Curb. Information on every side of finance. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grain Irregular, Closing Firm—Provisions Strong on Decrease of Swine—Cotton Develops Better Tone.

Wheat worked upward, and the close was at about the highest of the day. The movement was due to the firmer speculative conditions, reports of a bad storm in the Northwest, and firmness of cash wheat and failure of stocks to accumulate, notwithstanding the free movement. Last week, with the receipts about double last year, there was an increase in the visible of 17,000 bushels. This week the receipts are slightly larger than last week, and in three days have gained 1,100,000 over last year, but the increase in milling is an important factor. In the Northwest, last week, the flour output was 379,000 barrels, against 274,000 last year. This has been going on for a long time, and explains the absence of accumulation. Export interest is slow, but cash wheat is firmly held. No. 2 red was quoted $1.80 in elevator, domestic rate, nominal free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.26; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.26; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.20¾.

Corn showed depression most of the day. It opened up, but broke, with a good deal of selling, partly influenced by the report of the number of hogs in the country showing feeding requirements decreased just to the extent of the decrease in the supply of swine. The receipts were larger, showing a gain of 500,000 bushels in three days over last week, and there were reports of selling by some leading Western interests.

Spot corn was quiet, with No. 2 quoted at 74c elevator, domestic, and 72½c nominal, export rate; No. 3, 71½c; No. 4, 69½c, and steamer, 71¼c.

Oats were influenced by the weakness in corn. Prices eased off, and there was considerable pressure on the market and rather slow demand. Receipts have been increasing at the interior, and the demand for cash property has been disappointing. Natural white oats were quoted 52¼ to 55c, track; white clipped, 53½ to 57c.

Provisions showed a strong recovery from the break of yesterday. There was a good demand and at times quite active trade. Prices were influenced by the report of the number of swine in the country, showing a decrease of 6,365,000 from last year and a decrease of 15,094,000 from the Census Bureau report of ten years ago. Shorts were good buyers, and there was a much better tone in the market.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.19	$1.17½	$1.18⅝	$1.18¾
July	1.09½	1.08¾	1.09½	1.08⅞
Corn—				
May	..	..	78	78
July	..	..	75¾	75¾
September	..	..	75½	75½
Oats—				
May	..	..	52¾	53¼

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—May wheat, $1.18⅞@$1.19; puts, $1.18¼@$1.18⅜; calls, $1.19⅛@$1.19¾.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
January	..	..	1.12¾	1.11⅝
May	1.11¼	1.09¾	1.11⅛	1.10½
July	1.01¼	1.00¾	1.01⅛	1.01
September	97¾	96¾	97⅛	96⅞

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.12⅛@$1.12¼; downs, $1.09⅞.

Corn—				
January	..	..	63¼	63¾
May	67¾	66¾	67	67⅜
July	67½	66⅝	66⅞	67⅛
September	67¼	66¼	66¾	67¼

May ups, 67⅝c; downs, 66⅝@66¾c.

Oats—				
January	..	..	47¼	47
May	47¾	46¾	47⅛	47⅜
July	44⅝	43¼	43¼	43⅝
September	41¼	40⅞	41⅛	41¼
Lard—				
January	..	..	11.85	11.70
May	11.65	11.55	11.62½	11.50
July	11.57½	11.45	11.57½	11.42½
Ribs—				
January	11.47½	11.35	11.47½	11.32½
May	11.30	11.17½	11.27½	11.17½
July	11.27½	11.20	11.27½	11.17½
Pork—				
January	..	..	20.30	20.05
May	20.80	20.47½	20.75	20.52½
July	20.75	20.60	20.70	20.52½

COFFEE.

Coffee was quiet, with total sales of 15,250 bags. At the opening the market was steady and unchanged to 5 points advance, and during the session prices hardened a little, closing at a net gain of 5 points for all positions. Havre closed at a net advance of ¼ to ½ franc, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig higher. Rio was 75 reis lower.

Spot coffee steady; Rio 7, 8¼@8¾c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	6.70	6.70	6.70@6.75	6.65
February	6.70	6.70	6.70@6.75	6.65
March	6.80	6.80	6.80@6.85	6.75
April	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.80
May	6.90	6.90	6.90@6.95	6.85
June	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.85
July	6.95	6.95	6.95@7.00	6.90
August	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
September	6.95	6.95	6.95@7.00	6.90
October	6.90	6.90	6.95@7.00	6.90
November	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
December	6.95	6.95	6.95@7.00	6.90

COTTON.

Cotton was very firm, after a rather irregular morning, and closed at a good net gain for the day. The market early was a little higher on the cables, but after the influence of this on prices had been exhausted the market ran off 15@20 points on the weakness in the New Orleans market, and the selling by local professionals. Later the prices were advanced, influenced by the strength of the stock market, and a more bullish interpretation of the statistical developments of the day. The receipts were small, and the exports large. Spot markets showed firmness, and the Southern holder is still very diffident about accepting declines.

The Census Bureau report on the cotton stocks in the country and the supplies available since Sept. 1 was considered a bullish statement. The figures made the carry over Sept. 1, 1,483,585 bales; ginned to Dec. 31, 9,250,085 bales; imports, 48,784 bales; total, 10,781,454 bales. The distribution has been: Home consumption, 1,747,244 bales; exported, 3,774,714 bales; stocks in mills Dec. 31, 1,597,187 bales; held in independent warehouses, 2,548,702 bales; other stocks, 1,128,607 bales. The figures on the home consumption were the bullish ones showing no decrease in the rate of consumption, and with a use the balance of the season the same as for the first third of the year, the total consumption will be slightly in excess of last year.

Some weakness has been produced by the prices named by the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company. The prices which this concern has named for the Fall line of goods, while at a substantial advance compared with last year, was lower than some of the competitors, and was lower than generally expected, and in this respect was considered rather of a bearish statement.

The receipts of cotton at the South for the day were considerably less than the exports, while Southern spot markets were unchanged to ¼c higher.

Spot cotton quiet, 15 points advance; middling uplands, 14.50c; middling Gulf, 14.75c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	14.30	14.00	14.41@14.43	14.43
February	..	..	14.35@14.40	14.16
March	14.41	14.08	14.38@14.39	14.18
April	..	..	14.31@14.34	14.21
May	14.45	14.20	14.41@14.43	14.29
June	14.37	14.30	14.36@14.38	14.29
July	14.38	14.18	14.36@14.37	14.29
August	14.00	13.87	14.00@14.01	13.96
September	13.03	12.92	12.98@12.99	12.90
October	12.61	12.49	12.56@12.58	12.58
November	..	..	12.32@12.33	12.38
December	12.37	12.30	12.33@12.35	12.40

Market, near months firm, distant barely steady at 20 points advance to 7 decline.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

Announcement of the copper merger stimulated speculation in the closing dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The overnight advance in the general market caught a short interest, which, however, was not an especially heavy one, as there had been a pronounced disposition on Tuesday among the floor traders to cover outstanding bearish contracts. There was some renewal of short selling as the session progressed, but this was offset by commission house buying. In the aggregate transactions were heavy, totaling 124,100 shares, distributed among sixty-three different issues.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
11,730	Amal. Copper	80½	83½	80	83½
180	Am. Beet Sug.	35¾	36⅜	35¼	36⅜
100	Am. Can	11¾	11⅝	11½	11⅝
780	Am. Car & F.	64½	64½	63½	64¼
50	Am. Cot. Oil	61⅝	61¾	61¼	61¼
50	Am. H & L. pf	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
90	Am. Ice	21⅜	21⅜	21¼	21½
10	Am. Linseed	15	15	15	15
610	Am. Loco.	52	52½	51½	51⅝
9,710	Am. Smelting	91½	93⅜	90⅞	93⅜
140	Am. Sugar	120½	122¼	120¼	122¼
1,300	Anaconda Cop.	50¾	52⅝	50¼	52⅜
1,150	A., T. & S. F.	116⅜	117¾	116¾	117
70	Balt. & Ohio	116	116	115¾	116
760	Brook. R. T.	73¼	73¼	72¾	73
290	Cent. Leather	40⅞	41⅜	40¾	41⅜
900	Ches. & Ohio	84½	84½	83¾	84¼
10	C. G. W. new	32	32	32	32
1,310	C., M. & St. P.	146¾	147¾	146¾	147¾
730	Col. Fuel & I.	41¼	41⅝	41¼	41¼
50	C. & H. Coal	21	21	15	15
930	Consol. Gas	146	146	144	144⅝
260	Corn Products	20¼	20½	19½	19½
60	Den. & R. G.	42¼	43	42¼	42¼
770	Erie	29¼	29½	28¾	29½
20	Erie 1st pf.	48	48	48	48
80	Gt. Nor. pf.	133½	134	133½	134
50	Gt. N. Ore ctfs.	73¼	72	72	73½
540	Inter.-Met.	21½	21⅞	20¾	21⅜
200	Inter.-Met. pf.	55¾	56½	55

SOFT COAL MINERS FOR GENERAL STRIKE

Union Leaders Expect International Movement If Operators of Any District Refuse Increases.

LEWIS IS DEFEATED AGAIN

United Mine Workers' Convention Overrules President for Second Time—Agreement with Western Federation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 26.—That a general strike of the miners of the bituminous coalfields of the United States and Canada will be called if the mine operators of all or any of the districts refuse to sign contracts granting an increase of wages, was the opinion of many leaders in the convention of the United Mine Workers of America to-day.

President Thomas L. Lewis, in discussing the proposition of some of the leaders that the entire delegate body should go to Toledo next week for the wage conference with the operators of Ohio, Indiana, and Western Pennsylvania, urged that wage contracts should not be signed by any districts of the union until all should have obtained from the mine operators a uniform increase in wages.

Duncan McDonald, President of the Illinois district, one of the leaders of the element in the convention opposed to the policies of President Lewis, heartily supported Lewis in his announced plan to make the strike general if a strike is necessary in any district.

No formal motion was made, but delegates from different parts of the country advocated that as the results of the wage conference at Toledo next week for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana will be the basis of action in all the districts the whole convention should adjourn here at the end of this week to reconvene at Toledo next week. Final action was deferred.

The matter will come up again in the report of the Wage Scale Committee. President Lewis introduced a resolution that the miners should continue at work after the expiration of the present wage contract, March 31, until a new contract is signed or a strike is called, and that no definite date for a strike be set in this convention.

President Lewis was defeated decisively to-day for the second time during the convention. The roll call of the convention on whether or not the delegates from nine local unions of Central Pennsylvania should be seated resulted in a vote of 1,327 against and 1,009 for.

The announcement of the Tabulation Committee was read at the opening of the convention to-day and was received with cheers by the faction opposed to the administration of President Lewis, who favored seating the delegates.

A plan was adopted for a working agreement between the coal miners and the Western Federation of Miners. It provides that the Western Federation shall re-enter the American Federation of Labor and generally work to a final amalgamation of the organized metal and coal miners of North America. The plan must now be approved by the convention of the Western Federation of Miners.

IRON AND STEEL NOTES.

The Effect of Unsettling of Security Values Seen in the Trade.

The leading trade authorities in commenting on trade conditions take account of the unsettling of security values as having an effect on business confidence. The Iron Age says:

The iron market has shown signs of hesitation in the past week, which, in connection with the unsettling of security values, have put optimistic sentiment to the test. Interest in pig iron transactions for the second half of the year has been checked, and a number of consumers of pig iron who were expected to buy soon for such deliveries appear to have retired from the field. However, there has been some large buying, including considerable tonnages of malleable Bessemer in the Central West, and basic iron from Eastern, Southern, and Central Western furnaces. The pig iron market is easier, and in some cases the prices heretofore named for the first half of the year are now made on third-quarter deliveries. Lake Superior ore firms report sales of nearly 15,000,000 tons of merchant ores, Bessemer grades being practically all taken, while non-Bessemers have been heavily bought. The estimate that 50,000,000 tons of lake ores will be shipped this year is based on the continuance through the year of the present 32,000,000-ton rate of pig iron production.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Business in the iron world has been contending not only with the angry elements of nature but also with the fears of men, and while diminution of buying is noticeable in some lines there is so much business on the books that mill activities would continue uninterrupted for quite a long time even if orders were to decrease much more than they have. The prospect of National interference has had a depressing effect, but the recent reassuring statement from the White House and the conservative manner in which business has been carried on in making contracts for iron and steel products give reason for the confident hope that there will be no permanent check upon prosperous conditions.

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS.

The following securities have been admitted to listing on the Stock Exchange:

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company $5,500,000 additional refunding mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1934, making the total listed to date $83,422,000.

Pere Marquette Railroad Company $11,137,600 first preferred stock, $771,100 second preferred stock, and $15,924,800 common stock, with authority to add from time to time $12,200 first preferred stock, $299,600 second preferred stock, and $335,300 common stock on official notice of issuance in lieu of conversion of outstanding the total to be listed $11,169,800 first preferred stock, $1,070,100 second preferred stock, and $16,260,100 common stock.

Distillers Securities Corporation $458,000 additional first mortgage twenty-five-year 5 per cent. convertible coupon bonds, due 1927, with authority to add from time to time, prior to Jan. 1, 1911, $1,933,000 additional on notice of issuance under the terms of this application, making the total to be listed $16,000,000.

United States Rubber Company on and after Feb. 2, 1910, $3,561,400 additional first preferred stock on notice of issuance and payment in full under the terms of this application, making the total to be listed $39,324,400.

Wells Fargo & Co. on and after Feb. 7, 1910, $16,000,000 additional capital stock on notice of issuance and payment in full, making the total to be listed $24,000,000.

Philadelphia Company $2,500,000 convertible 5 per cent. coupon debentures, due 1919, with authority to add from time to time, but prior to Jan. 1, 1911, $2,500,000 additional on notice that they have been sold and distributed, making the total to be listed $5,000,000.

International Steam Pump Company $8,500,000 first lien twenty-year 5 per cent. sinking fund bonds, due 1929.

Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company $6,480,000 collateral trust Series A 4 per cent. coupon bonds, with authority to add from time to time prior to Jan. 1, 1911, $473,000 additional on notice of issuance and sale.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

A controversy between the Government and I Phillips & Co. of New York regarding the classification of velvet ribbons was settled yesterday in favor of the Treasury Department. The question before the board was whether silk is the component material of chief value, or whether cotton or other vegetable fibre is the material of chief value used.

Collector Loeb decided that silk was the leading material of value used in the goods, and the merchandise was accordingly returned at the high rates prevailing under the silk schedule. Among the several claims made by the importers was that cotton predominated in the ribbons, and that the correspondingly lower duty should attach. General Appraiser Fischer, who writes the decision for the board, says that, as the importers have failed to submit proof in support of their contention, Collector Loeb's assessment under the silk provision of the tariff must stand.

R. H. Macy & Co. were unsuccessful in upsetting a claim made for lower duty on flax towels. The classification under the tariff turned upon the question of the weight of the articles. The customs authorities exacted duty accruing on towels weighing over 4½ ounces per square yard, whereas Macy & Co. maintained that the towels weighed less than 4½ ounces. General Appraiser De Vries finds, in his decision for the board, that the towels are heavier than the tariff line of demarkation, and therefore must pay the higher rates.

BACK DIVIDENDS PAID UP.

Republic Iron and Steel Reports Substantial Improvement in Business.

In submitting a statement of income of the Republic Iron and Steel Company for the six months ended Dec. 31 last, showing an increase of $669,752 in net, $352,062 in balance for dividends, and a decrease of only $399,867 after the payment of back dividends and the regular dividends on the preferred stock, amounting in all to $2,172,937, Chairman John A. Topping of the Executive Committee of the company, commented on the company's business in part as follows:

"The general improvement in business anticipated in the last annual report has been fully up to expectations, and the net earnings for the period of this report show substantial improvement as compared with the six months' period for the year ended Dec. 31, 1908, but as compared with a similar six months' period of 1907 less profits were made. The reduction in profits as compared with the 1907 period is due entirely to lower prices on sales of manufactured products. As a result of appropriations and expenditures for improvements and labor-saving devices, the cost of production has been largely reduced, notwithstanding the fact that labor rates and cost of general supplies are substantially on the basis of 1907.

"The tube works referred to in the last annual report have been substantially completed, and it is expected that operations in this department will begin not later than March, 1910. Sales from tubular products will add volume and diversity to the business and will strengthen the earning power of the company. Substantial progress is being made on the construction of the Hazleton Steel Works referred to in the last annual report. The outlook for the future is encouraging, with prospects of better average prices and an increased volume of business."

FOUR MONTHS' COTTON TOTAL.

For Period Ended Dec. 31 Census Bureau Reports 10,791,454 Bales.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—According to a report issued by the Census Office today the total supply of cotton for the four months' period ended Dec. 31 was 10,791,454 running bales. This was made up as follows: 1,483,585, held Sept. 1, 1909; ginned during period, 9,259,085 bales; net imports, 48,784.

In the distribution of the cotton it was reported that during the four months' period 1,747,244 bales were consumed, 3,774,714 were exported, 1,597,187 held in mills, 2,548,702 held in independent warehouses, while other stock amounted to 1,123,607.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were disposed of yesterday at auction at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

For account of Trustees.

3 shares Erie, Chenango & Susquehanna Valley Railroad Company, $100 each, 190½.

3 shares New York, Lackawanna & Western Railway Company, $100 each, 127.

7 shares Morris & Essex Railroad Company, $50 each, 185.

16 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 165¾.

17 shares Consolidated Gas Company of New York, $100 each, 144½.

7 shares Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad Company preferred, $100 each, 77½.

7 shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $100 each, 70.

1 share Interborough-Metropolitan Company common, $100, 21.

3 shares Interborough-Metropolitan Company preferred, $100 each, 55½.

21 shares Union Pacific Railroad preferred, $100 each, 99¼.

16 shares Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, $100 each, 100.

22 shares Pullman Company, $100 each, 192.

3 shares Delaware & Bound Brook Railroad, $100 each, 191.

3 shares American Telegraph and Cable Company, $100 each, 75¼.

7 shares Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railroad preferred, $100 each, 160.

3 shares Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company common, $100 each, 155½.

7 shares Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 202.

3 shares Delaware & Hudson Company, $100 each, 173.

$2,000 City of New York 3½ per cent. tax extempt corporation stock, due Nov. 1, 1954, coupons May and November, accrued interest to be charged, 88.

Rights to subscribe for ten shares Bank of Lawrence, L. I., $150.

66 shares Knollwood Cemetery, $1.20 per share.

By Order of Executors.

$12,000 Consolidated Rubber Tire Company 4 per cent. debenture bonds, due 1951, 34½.

3 shares Mechanics and Traders' Bank of New York, $100 each, 46.

800 shares White Knob Copper and Development Company preferred, $10 each, $137.

200 shares White Knob Copper and Development Company common, $10 each, $29.

100 shares Phoenix Consolidated Copper Company, $25 each, $25.

12 shares Standard Cordage Company, $100 each, $7.

25 shares Oriental Bank, (in liquidation,) $71 per share.

6 shares National Reserve Bank, $100 each; ½ rights National Reserve Bank, $130 per share.

5 shares Mercantile National Bank, $100 each, 171.

165 shares Third National Bank, $305.

By Order of Administrator.

All the right, title, and interest of the late George Peterson as a member in the Retail Coal Exchange of the City of New York, also eight mortgage bonds of $25 each, $35 lot.

15 shares Van Norman Educational Institute, $5 each, $9 lot.

Sundry book accounts, notes, &c., $11 lot.

For account of Whom It May Concern.

50 shares Savoy Trust Company, $100 each, $102.

100 shares Brooklyn City Railroad Company, $10 each, 197.

3 shares Brooklyn Borough Gas Company, $100 each, 90.

1,440 shares Novel Utilities Company of New York, $5 each, $125 lot.

10 shares German-American Insurance Company, $100 each, 571.

56 shares Merchants' National Bank, $50 each, 184½-185.

5 shares New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, $100 each, 1120.

4 shares Importers and Traders' National Bank, $100 each, 571½.

10 shares Aetna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, $100 each, 307½.

500 shares Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Company, $100 each, 17.

300 shares St. Louis & Southwestern Railroad Company common, $100 each, 28.

$20,000 Second Avenue Railroad first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due February, 1948, 47.

$25,000 Metropolitan Street Railway refunding 4 per cent. bonds, due April, 2002, 25.

10 shares Trust Company of America, $100 each, 351.

10 shares Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, $100 each, 300.

6 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company, $100 each, 558.

$25,000 Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Company collateral trust sinking fund 6 per cent. bonds, due 1965, accrued interest to be charged, 31.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to Be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, Mar. 15, 1911	98¼	98¾
Am. Cigar B 4s, Mar. 15, 1912	96¾	97¼
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, Mar., 1910	100	100⅛
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅝	100⅛
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅛	100⅜
Interboro 6s, May, 1911	103⅝	104
K. C. Ry. & L. 6s, Sept., 1912, nom.	96	97
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, Mar., 1910	99⅜	100
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, Mar., 1910	100	100⅛
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Minn. & St. L. 6s, Feb., 1911	99	99½
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100	100⅛
Pennsylvania 5s, Mar. 15, 1910	100	100⅛
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101¼	102
Westingh. E. & M. 6s, Aug., 1910	100¼	100⅜

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.11	Hale & Norcross	.59
Andes	.23	Kentucky Con	.15
Belcher	1.20	Lady Wash. Con	.15
Best & Belcher	.27	Mexican	1.70
Bullion	.17	Occidental Con	.36
Caledonia	2.05	Ophir	2.05
Challenge Con	.52	Overman	6.07
Chollar	.29	Potosi	.88
Confidence	1.30	Savage	.45
Con. Cal. & Va	1.75	Sierra Nevada	.72
Con. Imperial	.07	Union Con	.23
Crown Point	1.15	Utah Con	.10
Gould & Curry	.37	Yellow Jacket	1.30

Silver bars, 52¼; Mexican dollars, 45@45½; drafts, sight, 6@7½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 10@12½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	1.36	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.11	Goldfield Con. M	7.52
McNamara	.27	Great Bend	.02
West End	.22	Jumbo Extension	.25
		Lone Star	.02
		Red Hills	.03
Atlanta	.16	Sandstorm	.02
Blue Bell	.02	Silver Pick	.07
Combination Fract.	.34	BULLFROG.	
Crackerjack	.01	Montgomery Mtn	.02
Daisy	.06	Tramps Cons	.06

IMPROVEMENTS FOR B. & O.

Big Addition to Rolling Stock and Trackage Promised by President.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 26.—The addition of 250 locomotives, reconstruction of bridges so as to accommodate the heaviest freight trains, the building of a third track over the Alleghanies in order to facilitate the movement of trains, and enlarged switching facilities is the promise made by President Daniel Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to the delegation from the Shippers' League of West Virginia, which called upon him to-day relative to what the visitors through their spokesmen declared was inadequate service on the part of the railroad company.

The committee consisted of fourteen members of the Shipping League, among them being ex-Gov. A. B. Fleming of West Virginia, Col. John T. McGraw, and Col. J. M. Guffey, the last named from Pittsburg.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 26.—Baltimore Trust advanced 6 points, to 310, to-day, but there was no news to explain the rise. A few weeks ago a tentative offer was made to individual stockholders to pay 335 for a majority of the stock. The price then advanced sharply, but gradually receded. It is believed that the Board of Directors has a majority of the shares, and that a control cannot be obtained at the figure named. International Trust gained a full point, to 139; Consolidated Coal lost a full point, to 112. Northern Central was ½ easier, at 123½. Sales were: Shares, 1,250; bonds, $82,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	95	95	95
4,000	Con. Gas 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
4,000	C. & O. (Big Sandy) 4s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
2,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	96	96	96
1,000	Ga., Car. & Nor. 5s	104½	104½	104½
1,000	Ga. & Ala. con. 5s	104	104	104
3,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	97½	97⅝	97⅝
1,000	Norfolk Ry. & Lt. 5s	99	99	99
31,000	Seaboard 4s, stamp'd	84	83⅝	83⅞
5,000	Seaboard 3-yr. 5s	99½	99½	99½
5,000	Seaboard 10-yr. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	United Rys. 4s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
1,000	West. Maryland 4s	84½	84½	84½

STOCKS.

150	Baltimore Trust	310	310	310
65	Consolidation Coal	112	112	112
20	First National Bank	137½	137½	137½
75	International Trust	139	138	138
35	Merchants' Bank	180	180	180
15	Northern Central	123½	123½	123½
505	Seaboard Co. common	25½	25	25
275	Seaboard Co. 2d pf	45	44½	45
10	Union Bank	121	121	121
100	United Rys	13	13	13

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CANADIAN NORTHERN—	1910.	1909.	Increase.
3d week Jan.	$185,100	$115,000	$69,200
July 1-Jan. 21	7,335,100	6,013,500	1,321,600
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
3d week Jan.	951,000	850,000	101,000
July 1-Jan. 21	29,683,090	26,390,534	3,292,556
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
3d week Jan.	1,050,820	937,654	113,166
July 1-Jan. 21	32,222,642	29,316,984	2,905,658

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE for December—

	1910.	1908.	1907.
Mileage	9,839	9,869	.....
Gross	8,388,776	8,168,070	8,140,482
Exp. and taxes	6,303,240	4,721,137	5,825,065
Net	2,026,527	3,446,942	2,314,817
Gross, 6 months	52,897,541	47,283,004	48,739,628
Exp. and taxes	35,416,345	30,200,525	35,550,381
Net, 6 months	17,481,196	16,992,479	13,189,247

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG for December—

Gross	701,833	566,123	515,623
Exp. and taxes	452,886	395,157	444,642
Net	248,947	170,966	70,981
Other inc.	35,704	33,375	62,031
Total inc.	284,651	204,341	133,012
Gross, 6 months	4,704,878	3,732,390	4,453,191
Exp. and taxes	2,926,286	2,695,452	3,086,198
Net, 6 months	1,778,592	1,036,947	1,366,993
Other inc.	166,070	178,159	278,874
Total inco.	1,944,663	1,215,107	1,645,658

TRI-CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY for December—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross	204,859	178,259	26,600
Expenses	110,659	96,652	14,005
Net	94,200	81,606	12,594
Gross, 12 mos	2,038,728	1,819,077	219,651
Expenses	1,148,141	1,069,317	78,824
Net, 12 mos	890,587	749,760	140,827

Miscellaneous Earnings.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC COMPANIES for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	1,921,073	1,772,653	1,780,074
Expenses	1,328,901	297,329	1,320,063
Net	592,172	475,327	459,411
Chgs. and taxes	444,654	432,827	436,436
Surplus	147,518	42,500	22,975

NORTH AMERICAN COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

Total receipts	2,023,418	1,723,186	1,610,965
Rent, taxes, &c.	316,542	274,024	206,822
Undiv pr	*1,706,876	1,449,162	1,404,643
Dividends	1,489,665	.....	1,117,211
Surplus	217,211	1,449,162	287,432

*Equal to 5.73 per cent. earned on the $29,793,300 capital stock, as compared with 4.86 per cent. earned on same stock last year.

OLD DOMINION COMPANY OF MAINE for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Divs on stock owned	465,735	155,245	310,490
Int. on spl. loan	23,333	22,597	736
Total	489,068	177,842	311,226
Boston exp. and taxes	7,109	4,997	2,112
Surplus	*481,959	172,844	309,115
Divs. paid	439,867	146,622	293,245
Surplus	42,091	26,222	15,869
Prev. surplus	29,215	2,992	26,223
Total surplus	71,306	29,215	42,091

*Equal to 6.57 per cent. on the $7,331,125 capital stock.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL for the six months ended Dec. 31—

Net earn. from operation	*1,901,399	1,231,647	669,753
Int. and div.	72,212	27,807	44,905
rec. on inv.	1,973,61	1,258,954	714,657
Total profit			
App. for recon'n	312,177	193,382	118,795
imp. & deprec.	127,684	74,004	53,680
Exting'm't fund	439,862	267,387	171,475
Total deductions	1,533,749	990,967	543,782
Net profits	199,357	208,637	†9,280
Interest	1,334,392	782,330	552,062
Surplus	794,796	.....	794,796
Pref. dividend	39,596	782,330	†242,734
Surplus	5,920,535	4,699,536	1,221,009
Prev. surplus	6,460,131	5,481,857	978,274
Total surplus	1,378,140	1,378,140	
Prev. account	5,081,991	5,481,857	†399,866
P. & L. surplus			

*Net earnings from operation after deducting charges for maintenance and repairs amounting to $598,375, as against $401,850 last year.

†Decrease.

‡Equal to 5.34 per cent. on $25,000,000 preferred stock.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

MEYER FISHBONE.—Eugene D. Alexander has been appointed receiver in bankruptcy for Meyer Fishbone, manufacturer of infants' dresses of 16 Greene Street.

JACOB JACKERSON.—It was erroneously stated yesterday in the report of the schedules in bankruptcy of Jacob Jackerson, dry goods merchant of 66 East Broadway, that the Union Exchange National Bank was a creditor for $4,000. The bank is a creditor for $1,600 only.

RATEAU SALES COMPANY.—Walter E. Winship has been appointed receiver by Judge McCall of the Supreme Court for the Rateau Sales Company, dealer in machinery and steam generators of 2 Rector Street. Application for the voluntary dissolution of the corporation was made on April 6, when it was stated that the liabilities were $143 and the nomnal assets $9,432.

ANDREW W. KNOX.—Andrew W. Knox, printer of 55 Grand Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $12,324 and assets of $20 stock of stationery. The debts were principally contracted from 1905 to 1907. Among the creditors are William A. Ferguson, $8,250 money loaned; Charles Faber, Brooklyn, $2,500 loans; A. S. Flanagan, $695 loan, and William C. Wilker's Sons, $690 rent of store at 55 Grand Street.

HARTMETZ & HABENSCHADEN.—John Hartmetz and Peter Habenschaden, composing the firm at Hartmetz & Habenschaden, who formerly kept a cafe and lunch room at 27 Cooper Square, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $12,170 and nominal assets of $1,500, an equity in the cafe which they claim was appropriated illegally by the foreclosure of a chattel mortgage of $4,000 on the place. The place was sold under foreclosure of the mortgage about Dec. 1. Among the creditors are Jaburg Brothers, $2,808 for merchandise; Harry Lederman, $1,600, and William Pilgrim & Son, $900. The firm was formed on May 11, 1908, and they had another place on Sixth Avenue from January to August, 1909.

A. SIRAGUSA & CO.—Louis A. Viviano has been appointed receiver in bankruptcy by Judge Hand for A. Siragusa & Co., wholesale flour dealers at 316 East Twelfth Street, with a bond of $3,000. The liabilities are $7,000, and the assets consist of accounts, $500, and flour, $200. It was stated that Matteo Di Fiore, one of the partners, issued a check for $1,750 to M. Santangio, an uncle, which was certified by the bank, but was not paid, as the bank was notified by another partner that it was not used for firm purposes, and the bank was served with a restraining order from paying out moneys belonging to the alleged bankrupts, but it as the opinion of the bank's attorneys that the order does not restrain, as the check had already been certified and the money withdrawn by the bank from the funds of the alleged bankrupts and is now a part of the funds of the bank.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Apatow, Morris, et al.—Robert Rossman Co., $727.

Auerbach, Max—Bennett, Sloan & Co., $116.

Blaumer, Julius, (not summoned,) et al.—S. Kramer, $308.

Baldauf, Helen—A. Weintraub, $2,673.

Backer, Abraham, et al.—M. E. Jaffee, $216.

Bortner, Harry, et al.—I. Goldberg, $489.

Belth, Rudolph, et al.—P. Weinberg, $128.

Bernstein, Joseph, et al.—Same, $126.

Carpel, Edward—L. P. Morton, $139.

Conterno, George W.—N. Serracino et al., $123.

Cantor, Samuel, et al.—J. Palmieri, $4,063.

Clough, John D., trustee—Gatti-McQuade Co., costs, $120.

Davis, Harrie—S. A. Kerr et al., $115.

Detwiller, Thomas N.—W. R. Hensey, costs, $135.

Same—J. F. Dowling, costs, $103.

Dean, Susan—I. Stern et al., $390.

Eichner, Nathan and Ethel, et al.—State Bank, $117.

Euell, Paul—Peck Bros. & Co., $2,575.

Fogel, Samuel, et al.—State Bank, $117.

Freadman, Joseph and Adolph, et al.—Robert Rossman Co., $727.

Franklin, James N.—Nason Mfg. Co., $179.

Falle, George E.—Knickerbocker Trust Co., $7,458.

Farrel, Patrick—A. Guoss, $367.

Frankel, Simon—L. Richmond, $224.

Gordon, Hyman—A. A. Silberberg, $219.

Greif, Samuel, et al.—I. Goldberg, $459.

Guttenberg, Jacob—J. Fried, costs, $116.

Hessel, Albert C.—L. B. Leavitt, $1,219.

Haggerty, Dennis F.—G. S. Kelley, $214.

Hein, Isa W.—J. Rubins Co., costs, $180.

Horowitz, Harry—H. Neumann, $1,408.

Jackson, Jerome A., et al.—City of N. Y. et al., costs, $126.

Jansen, Herman G.—C. H. Pond, $242.

Joline, Adrian H., et al., receivers—M. Rubinsky, costs, $104.

Keller, Jacob—National Powder Co., $352.

Korkemas, Richard S.—City of N. Y., $206.

Kozeluh, Klara—J. C. Bogert Co., $412.

Kirka, Stephen—H. Rosenson, costs, $114.

Krezer, Abraham, (not summoned,) et al.—H. J. Cohen, $271.

Leibel, Adam—City of N. Y., $108.

Lipton, Jane M.—Same, $113.

Linden, Augusta—H. H. Fries, costs, $125.

Lamb, Arthur J.—I. Caryll, $1,771.

Lobravico, Giovanni B.—City of N. Y., costs, $148.

Lithauer, Leo—S. Bookman, $241.

Luhrsen, Ernest F.—A. A. Carpenter, $14,663.

Levin, Hyman, et al.—M. E. Jaffe, $210.

Levy, Philip, et al.—H. J. Cohen, $271.

Levine, Benjamin, (pot summoned,) et al.—Same, $271.

Meara, John J.—City of N. Y., $199.

Matz, Harry, et al.—Robert Rossman Co., $727.

Meehan, Catherine—City of N. Y., $162.

Mayo, John G.—Same, $206.

Meyer, Louis—Same, $206.

Moretsky, Hyman—Same, $199.

Markowitz, Isidor—Same, $235.

Marshall, Robert R.—Morewood Realty Holding Co., $293.

Minden, Henrietta—W. Colgate, $108.

May, William A.—J. E. Jaques, $244.

Moss, Jacob—C. A. Sparks, $309.

Maurer, Mary E.—S. Friedman et al., costs, $198.

McNulty, Patrick H., et al.—City of N. Y. et al., costs, $126.

McCoy, Rosina, et al.—R. Riegelmann, $1,031.

O'Donnell, Charles—Stillman Appellate Printing Co., $180.

Porta, Michele—M. Ajello, $284.

Provenzano, Iuigi—J. Fucito, $4,381.

Price, William A. and Edith Y.—American Bonding Co. of Baltimore, $658.

Photiades, Nicholas J.—Hilson Co., $126.

Reid, Robert H. and Izzella W.—H. Guttmann, $216.

Rich, William C.—J. F. Taylor et al., $284.

Rifice, Filippo—C. Torre, $274.

Rosoff, Samuel R., (not summoned,) et al.—H. J. Cohen, $271.

Riegelmann, John, et al.—R. Riegelmann, $1,031.

Robinson, Douglas, et al., receivers—M. Rubinsky, costs, $104.

Storm, George—Charles F. Schmidt & Peters, $345.

Schattman, Benjamin—S. Schwersenki, $115.

Saymon, Max, et al.—S. Kramer, $303.

Sganga, Jacob—M. S. Guerrier, $1,005.

Tonnele, John L.—J. J. Geohegan, $411.

Teft, Thaddeus T.—Same Co., $120.

Tennyson, Herbert—E. Gross, $161.

Wechtel, Frederick—J. Rowland et al., $711.

Wittman, Samuel—S. Roth, $419.

Wolper, Max, et al.—J. Palmieri, $4,663.

Xganga, Kandra & Co., (not summoned,) et al.—Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum, $115.

St. Paul Construction Co. et al.—same, $115.

St. Paul Construction Co.—American Forge and Iron Co., $320.

Northwestern Athletic Club—C. J. Dieges et al., $324.

Cella Phos Syrup Co.—J. R. Costen, $838.

Hudson Companies—J. Kelly, costs, $112.

National Mfg. Co.—American Colortype Co., $1,440.

Baker, Smith & Co. and Roebling Construction Co. et al.—City of New York, costs, $120.

Lochinvar Realty Co.—A. A. Carpenter, $2,842.

Black Realty Co.—D. S. Phinny, $321.

Colman Stable Co.—D. D. S. Polhemus et al., $100.

United Tea Stores Co.—H. J. Volby, $410.

Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—S. Kerster, $216.

Same—same, $204.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Levin, Jacob, et al.—J. H. Parry, April 4, 1904, $102.

Meyer, Jacob, et al.—J. H. Parry, April 4, 1904, $102.

Lesser, Pincus—H. T. Feldman, Dec. 10, 1909, $116.

O'Brien, or Ward, John, et al.—People, &c., Jan. 5, 1910, (vacated,) $6,000.

Devine, Thomas F., et al.—People, &c., Jan. 5, 1910, (vacated,) $6,000.

Bonwit, John—J. Neudorfer, Jan. 26, 1910, $647.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Epstein, J., Baltimore Md.; A. R. Katz, neckwear; Hotel Netherland.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. Keenan, waists; 31 Union Square.

Filenes, William, Sons, Company, Boston, Mrs. A. M. Moore, infants' wear and muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.

Phillipsborn Company, Cleveland, Ohio; S. Wilson, cloaks, suits, and millinery; 4 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. Herman, housefurnishing goods; 37 West Twenty-sixth Street; The Hermitage.

Shoenau, W. H., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. H. Shoenau, dress goods and hosiery; 75 Leonard Street.

Halle, Schwarz & Skall Company, Cleveland, Ohio; S. M. Skall, furnishing goods; 74 Leonard Street.

Ree-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. H. Rice, sweaters, underwear, and piece goods; 377 Broadway.

Meyer, Wise & Kaichen, Cincinnati, Ohio; Sig. Wise, woolens; S. B. Meyer, woolens; 258 Church Street.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; C. L. Maas, domestics and linens; 684 Broadway.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; C. Poole, laces and ladies' neckwear; 75 Spring Street.

Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss M. V. Gormley, laces; 31 Union Square.

Weil, P., Company, San Francisco, Cal.; Miss G. Cohen, muslin underwear and waists; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Stone-Fisher Company, Seattle, Wash.; Miss Randle, millinery; 684 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Kann, S., Sons' Company, Washington, D. C.; Miss C. Monderfeld, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Star Millinery Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; S. H. Strickland, silks; The Hermitage.

Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; H. L. Bartlett, silks; 396 Broadway; The Bresslin.

Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; L. P. Garrett, furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.

Steiger-Dudgeon Company, New Bedford, Mass.; J. L. Bowie, dress goods and silks; Hotel Cadillac.

Clarke-Eddy Company, Portland, Me.; H. R. Cole, linens; 88 Franklin Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Gray-Reid-Wright Company, Reno, Nev.; J. H. Gray, ladies' wear; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

Wallenstein & Cohn Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan.; F. J. Kindt, cloaks and suits; Hotel York.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; W. Edgill, boys' clothing; 31 Union Square.

Armstrong, Caton & Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. N. White, silks and ribbons; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Halle Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; F. L. Carter, white goods; 31 Union Square.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Manchester, clothing; 104 Worth Street.

Shepard-Norwell Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Flynn, ladies' wear; Mr. Lichtenstein, dry goods; E. C. Farrington, upholstery goods; F. B. Milliard, millinery; 31 Union Square.

Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss G. N. Stimson, ladies' wear; Miss McKenna, fancy go

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Raleigh Hotel Property Sold by Whitney Estate—The Clipper Building, an Old Landmark, Figures in Big Deal—Another Waterfront Sale.

The Raleigh Hotel property, an old Broadway landmark, formerly known as the New York Hotel, was sold yesterday by the heirs of the Stephen Whitney estate through Mrs. L. G. Johnson and Whitney Kernochan, as brokers, to the Robert Fulton Realty Company.

The old hostelry consists of two five-story structures adjoining the Broadway Central Hotel, and occupies a plot fronting 50 feet at 663 and 665 Broadway, facing Bond Street. The plot extends westerly for 200 feet into Mercer Street, where there is a frontage of 50 feet.

This parcel was included in the other realty of the Whitney estate, principally situated downtown and in the lower east side tenement section, which figured in two auction sales last year. At each offering the hotel was bid in by the heirs.

In part payment the buyers give the Robert Fulton apartment house, at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and Ninety-fifth Street, a six-story elevator structure, on a plot 108.8 by 173.6 by 100 by 133. The deal is said to involve considerations amounting to about $800,000. On the Broadway plot it is planned to erect a twelve-story store and loft building for the use of Isaacs Brothers, clothing merchants and manufacturers, who have been located at Broadway and Great Jones Street for over twenty years. The Messrs. Isaacs are largely interested in the Robert Fulton Realty Company.

The Riverside Drive apartment house will be held by the Whitney estate as a permanent investment.

This is the second sale that has taken place this week in the middle Broadway section, which has sunk into a lethargic condition of late years. On Monday I. Randolph Jacobs purchased from the Gallatin estate 454 Broadway, a five-story loft building, on a lot 25 by 100, for about $125,000, as an investment.

Old Landmark in $750,000 Deal.

A series of transactions involving about $750,000 was reported yesterday by Louis Hein, who sold for the Bradhurst Realty and Construction Company, Leopold Kahn, President, to Herman F. Bindseil the Colonial Court, comprising the entire northerly block front between Eight Avenue and Bradhurst Avenue, 225 by 100, consisting of two seven-story elevator apartment buildings, with stores on the Eighth Avenue frontage, each building 112.6 by 100. One is situated on the northwest corner of Eighth Avenue and 150th Street, the other on the northeast corner of Bradhurst Avenue and 150th Street, opposite Colonial Park.

Mr. Hein has also sold for Herman F. Bindseil to the Bradhurst Realty and Construction Company the five-story iron-front building formerly known as the Clipper Building, an old New York landmark, now known as the Federal Building, situated at the southeast corner of Centre and Leonard Streets, 57.6 by 40.

For Herman F. Bindseil, Mr. Hein has sold to the Bradhurst Realty and Construction Company 32 West Ninety-sixth Street, a four-story and basement high-stoop brownstone residence built by James Kilpatrick. Each of the above buildings is incumbered with only first mortgages.

Another Waterfront Purchase.

A large parcel of East River waterfront property was sold yesterday by the firm of Leonard J. Carpenter for the estate of William C. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Ellen S. Auchmuty, and F. Augustus Schermerhorn. The purchase, which was made by Godfrey Knoche, an architect and builder, affects eleven lots, comprising the southwest corner of Seventy-third and Exterior Streets, which have been in possession of the Schermerhorns since 1817. The property is situated in the brewing centre, but what it will be utilized for could not be learned. Last week the Richard Smith Clark estate sold the block front on Avenue A, from Fifty-third to Fifty-fourth Street, to William C. Evans, and eight adjoining lots were purchased by the Consumers' Brewing Company.

Deal in the Loft Zone.

Irving L. Kempner has bought from John J. Murphy and Fredericke Benz 209 and 211 West Twenty-sixth Street, two four-story buildings, on plot 49.2 by 98.9. Haberth & Gabel were the brokers.

Sells Stuyvesant Park Dwelling.

Pierre M. Clear has sold for Margaret G. Maxcy to a client 325 East Seventeenth Street, opposite Stuyvesant Park, a four-story dwelling, on lot 14 by 92. The new owner will make extensive alterations and occupy it as a residence.

Dr. Frederick Ackerman has bought from Karoline Hoffart, for occupancy, 91 Second Avenue, a four-story dwelling, on lot 24.3 by 100, near Fifth Street.

Builder Buys Bronx Lots.

A valuable Bronx plot, consisting of about five lots on the west side of the Southern Boulevard, 193 feet south of 182d Street, formerly belonging to Ginsburg & Hoffman, has been sold to a builder for improvement.

The property has a frontage of about 138 feet on Southern Boulevard and Crotona Parkway, 200 foot wide thoroughfare, and is diagonally opposite the Zoological Gardens in Bronx Park. It measures 135.10 on the southerly end and 90 feet at the northerly end, with a rear of 132.2 feet.

Clement H. Smith has sold to a client 1,757 Topping Avenue, a frame dwelling, on plot 50 by 95.

Fifty-two Acres in Queens Sold.

Fifty-two acres in the Trains Meadow section of the Second Ward of Queens has been sold by Burton Thompson for Dr. Oliver Livingstone Jones. The sale was made to clients of A. C. Orndorff.

The property sold has a large frontage on Flushing Avenue. It is bounded on the east side by the Old Bowery Road, over which passes the only line of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit that enters this section, which line runs to North Beach.

It is understood that the property was held at $6,000 per acre. If is a part of a tract of 192 acres, the remainder of which runs out to and faces on Flushing Bay. Dr. Jones has owned the property for about fifteen years.

Recent Buyers.

William J. Rodenbach and Catherine Wigand are the purchasers of the two five-story flats 137 and 139 West 101st Street, sold recently through McKee, Haywood & Co. The buyers will make extensive alterations to the property.

William Thom is the buyer of the plot, 32 by 100.9, on the south side of Ninety-sixth Street, 117.6 feet east of Broadway, sold recently through L. J. Phillips & Co.

N. C. Rogers of the law firm of Merrill & Rogers is the buyer of 19 East Fifty-sixth Street, reported sold recently.

Mount Vernon Values Increase.

Steven B. Ayres and Frank S. Beavis have sold for the owner to Lillian Nugent a lot on South Fulton Avenue opposite the proposed site of the new station of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company. This sale is interesting as an evidence of the increased valuation caused by the construction of this railway. Two years ago the lot was sold for $600; a year ago it was offered for $1,200, and no customer could be found. It has now been sold for more than $2,000, and the new purchaser can resell at a profit.

Wood Estate Brings $250,000.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co., 18 East Thirty-fourth Street, have sold to a Western client the property belonging to the estate of William H. S. Wood on Indian Field Road, twelve acres and buildings, 1,500 feet of water front.

It is probably one of the handsomest water fronts at Greenwich. The property has been held at $250,000. The new owner will spend $50,000 in improving the house, and will then occupy it.

Patten Sale Very Successful.

A total of $290,290 was secured at auction yesterday by Bryan L. Kennelly for the realty holdings of the late Thomas Patten. This was about $32,000 more than the estate anticipated.

The bidding was very spirited, especially on the 44 West Twenty-eighth Street parcel, which started at $60,000, and was carried by a number of bidders up to $94,250, at which price it was secured by the One Hundred and Seventy-fourth Street Construction Company, of which Ignatz Roth is President. A very large and representative crowd attended the sale and testified to the healthful condition of the real estate market by actively bidding on the different parcels offered. The other parcels in the Patten estate were sold as follows: 1,716 First Avenue to Mrs. Millie Segal for $20,800; 1,714 First Avenue, to Abraham Wolff for $21,150; 1,712 First Avenue to Lowenfeld & Prager for $21,150; 413 East Eighty-sixth Street to L. Molz for $21,600; 415 East Eighty-sixth Street to Frank Eberhardt for $18,000; 417 East Eighty-sixth Street, to Frank Eberhardt for $18,000; 1,701-1,703 First Avenue and 339 East Eighty-eighth Street to T. J. O'Keefe for $70,000.

Mr. Kennelly also sold 64 Washington Place West for the estate of Mary B. Benjamin for F. L. Haber for $16,250; also for the owner 433 East Eighty-sixth Street, to L. L. Richman for $11,250.

Dyckman Taxpayers to Meet.

The Dyckman Taxpayers' Association will hold its annual meeting this evening in the office of John N. Golding, 547 Fifth Avenue. A number of prominent speakers will address the meeting, which will be of special interest because of the large number of transfers made in this section during the last few weeks.

Remsen Johnson on "Contracts."

Remsen Johnson of the Jere. Johnson Company will lecture on "Contracts" before the students of the real estate law class conducted by the Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A., this evening. Mr. Johnson's lecture is the first in a new series for real estate men covering the essentials of real estate law.

To Enlarge Far Rockaway Hospital.

Negotiations are in progress by the officers of St. Joseph's Hospital at Far Rockaway for the purchase of a plot of land adjoining the hospital building on the west, for the erection of a new brick and steel addition. The present hospital consists of a small frame building, which for some time has been too small for the constantly growing demands made upon it.

Victoria Club for Offices.

Plans have been filed for making over the four-story clubhouse the headquarters of the former Victoria Club, at 15 West Thirty-second Street, into an office and store building, the change of occupancy being made for the estate of Townsend Wandell as owner at a cost of $7,500 from designs by F. C. Zobel.

Recreation Hall for Interborough Employes.

George H. Pogram, as architect for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, filed plans with Building Supt. Miller for enlarging the big Harlem carhouse and inspection headquarters of the company at Lenox Avenue and 148th Street by adding a two-story concrete annex, 95½ feet long and 62 feet wide, the second story of which will be fitted up as a recreation hall for the Interborough men, the lower floor being an enlargement of the inspection quarters. The improvement is to cost $30,000.

Foreclosure Near Fifth Avenue.

Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, will sell at public auction on Thursday, Feb. 17, at the Exchange Salesroom, the row of four-story houses at 20 to 26 West Thirty-sixth Street, right off the corner of Fifth Avenue, and within 125 feet or so of the Gorham Building, at the southwest corner of the avenue and Thirty-sixth Street. The size of the plot is 65 by 98.9.

The suit is brought by Henrietta M. Schroeder-Burley through her attorneys, House, Grossman & Vorhaus, against George Nicholas and the Jennie Clarkson Home for Children. It is a Supreme Court foreclosure sale by direction of George F. Langbein, referee.

Mr. Sherman is also auctioneer in the sale of 7 and 9 West Thirty-ninth Street, adjoining Fifth Avenue, which is to take place on Wednesday, Feb. 9. This is also a Supreme Court sale, by direction of Henry H. Sherman, referee.

Notes.

C. E. Haskell has leased for Herman Wronkow the entire building at 5 State Street, to Davis, Turner & Co. for a term of years.

Louis Fischer of Reisenweber's has closed a nine-year lease for the new Brighton Beach Casino, at the foot of Ocean Parkway, Brighton Beach.

Walter J. Salomon has rented seven stores at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street for a term of years from the time that trains run from the Pennsylvania terminal to the Hygrade Wine Company, which is going to have a store facing on Seventh Avenue as well as at Thirty-fourth Street, in order to obtain the benefit of the trade which might come up Seventh Avenue, or the Pennsylvania lane.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Washington Place West, 64, s s, 44 ft w of Washington Square West, 21x55, four-story dwelling; trustee's sale, to Anne Benjamin, $16,250.

28th St, 44, s s, 173 ft e of 6th Av, 26x98.9, five-story building, with stores; voluntary sale; to 174th Street Construction Company, $94,258.

86th St, 413, 415, and 417, n s, 96 ft e of 1st Av, three four-story flats, each 28.4x90.8; voluntary sale; No. 413 to Louis Molz, $21,600; Nos. 415 and 417 to William J. Frey, $18,000 each.

1st Av, 1,701, n w corner of 88th St, 50.8x100, five-story flats, with stores; also 88th St, 339, adjoining, 25x100.8, five-story flat; voluntary sale, to John G. O'Keefe, $70,000.

1st Av, 1,716, s e corner of 89th St, 25.6x81, five-story flat, with stores; voluntary sale, to Joseph L. Buttenweiser, $26,800.

1st Av, 1,714, e s, 25.6 ft s of 89th St, 25.1x81, five-story flat, with stores; voluntary sale, to William Wolff's Son, for a client, $21,150.

1st Av, 1,712, e s, 50.7 ft s of 89th St, 24.11x81, five-story flat, with stores; voluntary sale, to Lowenfeld & Prager, $21,150.

86th St, 433, n s, 239 ft w of Avenue A, 18x110.8x irregular, four-story tenement; voluntary sale, bid in at $11,250.

86th St, 434, s s, 218.8 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2, four-story tenement; voluntary sale, bid in at $19,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

90th St, 302, s s, 90 ft w of West End Av, 20x100.8, three and four story dwellings; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Feb. 2.

78th St, 334 and 336, s s, 270 ft w of 1st Av, 40x102.2, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Soloman Feiner, $40,409.

By Samuel Marx.

172d St, 511 and 513, n s, 187.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 43.9x94.6, five-story flat; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, John L. Williams, $37,900.

172d St, 515 and 517, n s, 231.3 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 43.9x94.6, five-story flat; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, John L. Williams, $41,420.

By Joseph P. Day.

Brook Av, 1,488, n e corner of St. Paul's Place, 84.2x100.6x28.4x109.1, four-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Soloman Moses, $25,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

149th St, s s, 552 ft e of 7th Av, for a two-story brick storage house, 61.11x95.6; Interborough Rapid Transit Co. of 165 Broadway, owner; G. H. Pegram, architect; cost, $30,000.

113th St, 530 West, for an eight-story brick flat, 50x96; 530 West 113th Street Co. of 103 Park Av, owner; Milliken & Moeller, architects; cost, $150,000.

Aqueduct Av, e s, 310.31 ft n of 181st St, for a two-and-a-half-story brick dwelling, 26x40; William C. Bergen of 180th St and Andrews Av, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost, $9,000.

Aqueduct Av, e s, 347.82 ft n of 181st St, for four two-and-one-half-story brick dwellings, 26x40 each; William C. Bergen of 180th St and Andrews Av, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost, $36,000.

180th St, n e corner of 3d Av, for a one and two story frame store and dwelling, 50x105.2¾; Marcus Beckmann of 2,170 Bathgate Av, owner; Charles Stegmayer, architect; cost, $8,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

32d St, 15 West, to a four-story brick store and loft; estate of T. Wandell of 157 East 83d St, owner; F. C. Zobel, architect; cost, $7,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 26.

CAMBRELING AV, e s, 332.2 ft s of Pelham Av, 50x100; Oscar W. Riggs to John C. Moora of Montclair, N. J., $1.

CAMBRELING AV, e s, 332.2 ft s of Pelham Av, 50x100; John C. Moora to Oscar W. Riggs of Glen Ridge, N. J., $1.

ELM ST, w s, 175 ft n of Locust Av, 25x100; Bronxwood Realty Co. to Joseph A. Mascia, (mtg $800,) $100.

FRANKLIN AV, w s, 116.3 ft n of 168th St, 76.6x irregular; Pauline Rosner to Annie Koplik, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

GAINSBORG AV, w s, 100 ft s of Madison Av, 100x100; Willow Av, w s, 150.5 ft n of Madison Av, 25x100; Bankers' Realty and Security Co. to Edward Kolbert, $100.

GOERCK ST, 152 to 158; Houston St, 488 and 490, n e corner, 181.1 to 3d St x irregular; Houston St, 496 and 498 East, n s, 45x81; William B. Ellison to Sada Makler, (mtg $231,200,) $236,200.

GOERCK ST, 152 to 158; Houston St, 488 and 490, n e corner, 181.1 to 3d St x irregular; Houston St, 496 and 498 East, n s, 45x81; Sada Makler to Mary Ehrmann, $100.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 32, w s, 18x100; Adeline C. Wilcox to George W. Elkins, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

HOE AV, e s, 350 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; John A. Steinmetz to Samuel R. Waldron, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

LOT 62, map of Cehrle Park; Ehrich Peterson to William Deale and another, $3,500.

LOT begins 50.2 ft s e of Mapes Av and 560 ft n e of Tremont Av, 133x irregular; John A. Steinmetz to Samuel R. Waldron, (mtg $3,500,) $100.

LOTS 7 and 8, Block 26, map of Pelham Park; William A. Wallas to Andreas Wolf, $1.

MAPES AV, n w corner of 181st St, 46.1x145.3; Maria L. White to the Crotona Avenue Realty Co., (mtg $3,750,) $100.

POST AV, s s, 100 ft w of Emerson St, 100x irregular; Thomas Thacher and another to Realty Operating Co., $1.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151, e s, 23.8x100; Martin D. Wylly to Theodore Rosenwald, $100.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 63.8 ft n of Westchester Av, —x—; J. Clarence Davies to Henry Walkau and another, (mtg $25,000,) $1.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 555, n s, 50x100; Julius Walerstein to Palher Realty Co., $1.

STANTON ST, 329 and 331, s s, 39.8x81.3; Sylvester Malone to Arthur Fishmann, $5,000.

STANTON ST, 333 and 335, s s, 39.8x55.4; Sylvester Malone to Arthur Fishmann, $3,500.

SUFFOLK ST, 182 and 184, e s, 46x100; Charles N. Reynolds and another to Lurie Realty Co., $88,200.

TINTON AV, 94, e s, 40x100; Daniel G. Griffin to Palher Realty Co., (mtg $33,500,) $1.

WALTON AV, w s, 156.6 ft n of 158th St, 51.6 x102.8; Walter H. Todd and another to Thomas H. Malcolm Construction Co., $5,000.

WALTON AV, 2,102, e s, 25x100; Paul M. Herzog to Palher Realty Co., (mtg $6,800,) $100.

1ST AV, 1,670, e s, 25x80; Lazar Frieder to John Glaser, (mtg $17,500,) $100.

2D AV, w s, 48.6 ft n of 5th St, 24.3x100; Karoline Hoffart to Frederick Ackerman, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

2D AV, 2,495 and 2,497, w s, 49.11x75; Barney Goldman to Chelsea Exchange Bank, (mtg $28,000,) $1.

4TH AV, s w corner of 23d St, 83.8x irregular x175; Island Realty Co. to United States Realty and Improvement Co., (mtg $900,000,) $100.

5TH ST, 729 East, n s, 16.9x83; Louis Linder to Samuel Goldberger of Brooklyn, (mtg $9,000,) $1.

40TH ST, 520 West, 25x98.9; Barney Goldman to Chelsea Excange Bank, (mtgs $15,000,) $1.

17TH ST, 227 to 239 West, 120x40; Michael Bonn to 227 West Seventeenth Street Co., (mtg $55,000,) $100.

22D ST, n s, 100 ft w of 4th Av, 25x98.9; Island Realty Co. to United States Realty and Improvement Co., (mtg $45,000,) $100.

22D ST, 41 East, n s, 25x98.9; Island Realty Co. to United States Realty and Improvement Co., (mtg $50,000,) $100.

26TH ST, n s, 239.8 ft e of 4th Av, 14.8x98.9; Reba L. Warring and others to Dora R. Sparks, (mtg $14,500,) $100.

45TH ST, s s, 325 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Clarence E. White to Minnie Schmidt, $1.

45TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.4; Timothy F. Paddell to John Holdings, $1.

55TH ST, n s, 73 ft w of Lexington Av, 17x100.5; James H. McLean to George H. McLean, $1.

78TH ST, s s, 380 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x102.2; George W. Elkins to Adeline B. Wilcox, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

97TH ST, 202 East, 49x82.11; Clara Wieselthier to Rosa Hornstein, $100.

109TH ST, s s, 138 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.11; John L. Hobson to Andrew J. Cobe, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

109TH ST, s s, 138 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.11; Andrew J. Cobe to Robert S. Masterson, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

110TH ST, n s, 350 ft w of 7th Av, 125x100; Joseph Oussani to Samuel D. Davis Construction Co., (mtg $120,000,) $100.

110TH ST, n s, 350 ft w of 7th Av, 128x100; Joseph Oussani to Dawson Construction Co., (mtg $120,000,) $100.

119TH ST, 433 and 435 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Frank T. Fitzgerald to Meyer Jarmulowsky, $36,000.

123D ST, 322 East, s s, 19.4x108; Albert Straus to Paul R. Cohen, $200.

135TH ST, 586 East, s s, 18x100; Christopher McCann to Mae C. Clair of Scranton, Penn., (mtg $4,750,) $100.

136TH ST, 25 West, n s, 37.6x99.11; Ralph Holland to Meyer Jarmulowsky, $33,000.

140TH ST, 353 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 38x100; Thomas J. Adams to Hannah Rankin, (mtg $36,500,) $100.

179TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 150x92.6; Alexander P. W. Kinnan to Hargood Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $26,000,) $100.

183D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Grand Av, 50x100; Edmondson Construction Co. to Alfred Moos, $100.

216TH ST, n w corner of Tilden Av, 25x102.3x 34.4x78.8; Thomas W. Murray, Jr., to Katie Alexander, (mtg $650,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 6% unless otherwise specified.

ACKER, Henry, to Edw. Hirsh; Prospect Av, w s, 239.2 ft n of 161st St, 82.2x130, prior mtge $44,000, due May 1, 1910.....$36,000

ACKERMAN, Frederick, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 2d Av, 91, w s, 24.8x100, due, &c, as per bond $22,000

ACKERMAN, Frederick, to Karoline Hoffert; 2d Av, 91, w s, 24.8x100, prior mtg $22,000, 5 years, 6% $10,000

BEYER, Gustave E., and another to County Holding Co.; 143d St, n s, 525 ft e of Broadway, 75x99.11, 3 years.....$115,000

BLOOM, Wolf, to Barnard Friend; Market St, 27 and 29, w s, 2 lots, each 20.2x113.4, 2 mtgs, each $3,000, 2 prior mtgs $——, due July 1, 1911, 6%.....$6,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Ephraim Samuels; 102d St, n s, 40 ft w of Lexington Av, 37.6x100.11, prior mtg $—, 3 years.....$35,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Julius Samuels; Lexington Av, w s, 100.11 ft n of 102d St, 44.11x100, prior mtg $—, 3 years.....$40,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to John A. Brown, Jr.; Lexington Av, n w corner of 102d St, 100.11x40, 3 years, 4½% ..$50,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Ver Planck estate; Lexington Av, n w corner of 102d St, 100.11x40, prior mtg $50,000, 1 year, 6% $10,000

COHEN, David E., and others to James Suydam; Rivington St, n e s, 22.3 ft n of Essex St, 22.2x80, due, &c., as per bond.....$25,000

CROTONA AV REALTY CO. to Marie L. White; Mapes Av, n w corner of 181st St, 46.1x145.3, prior mtg, $3,750, due Aug. 14, 1911, 6% $3,250

DAWSON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Samuel D. Davis Construction Co.; Cathedral Parkway, n s, 350 ft w of 7th Av, 125x100, due Jan. 1, 1912, 6% $25,000

DEACON, Edgar A., to William Arrowsmith; 138d St, n s, 433.4 ft e of Cypress Av, 16.8x 103.6, due, &c., as per bond.....$3,000

FORD, Thomas J., to Johanna A. Bauer; Lots 252 to 259, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, due, &c., as per bond.....$11,000

FURST, Alfred, to Emil Rothman; Madison Av, s e corner of 124th St, 20.6x80, 2 years, 6% $2,000

GOLDBERGER, Samuel, to Louis Linder; 5th St, 729 East, n s, 16.9x83, 5 years.$10,000

GOLDSTEIN, Max, and others to Benjamin Levy; Prospect Av, 618 to 628, e s, 112.6x 100, demand, 6% $5,000

HARGOOD REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Alex P. W. Kinnan; 179th St, s s, 125 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 150x92.6, prior mtg $135,000, 3 years.....$31,000

HASKIN, May L., to Stephen C. Clark; 86th St, s s, 475 ft w of Central Park West, 25x102.2, due, &c, as per bond $15,000

HORN, Emma E., and another to Thomas M. Fry; Ogden Av, e s, 150 ft n of 166th St, 50x96, 4 years, 4½% $5,000

JOSEPH, George, to Louis Riegler; Ellison Av, w s, 400 ft n of Marrin St, 25x100; Ellison Av, w s, 300 ft n of Marrin St, 25x100, 3 years, 5½% $4,000

KRAUSS, Henry, to Jennie Clarkson Home for Children; 3d Av, 2,327 and 2,329, e s, 39.11x76, 5 years, 4½% $25,000

LEVKOWITZ, Annie, to Samuel Goldberger; 5th St, 729 East, n s, 16.9x83, 4 years, 6% $2,500

LURIE REALTY CO. to Charles N. Reynolds and another, executors; Suffolk St, e s, 80 ft s of Houston St, 46x—, 5 years...$30,000

McGOWAN, William, to Fannie F. Einstein; Brok Av, s w corner of 149th St, 35x90x43.11x 90.5, 5 years, 4½% $50,000

MARIE, Leon, to Susan McV. Hemenway; 86th St, 152 West, 23x106.10, 5 years..$35,000

MASCIA, Joseph A., to Bronxwood Realty Co.; Elm St, w s, 175 ft n of Locust Av, 25x 100, prior mtg, 1 year, 6% $500

MORIGGIA, Celestino, to Louise C. McCrevy; West Broadway, 506, w s, 25x75, 5 years, 4½% $15,000

MURPHY, Margaret, to Mary A. Brown, as guardian; Valentine Av, w s, 106.8 ft n of 189th St, 50x95, due, &c, as per bond..$13,000

NAGLE, Percival E., to Annie M. Harrison; Bronx and Pelham Parkway, s s, at w s of lands of New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., 100x irregular, due Sept. 1, 1910, 6% $3,000

NEW YORK TIMES BUILDING CO. to Equitable Life Assur Soc. of the U. S.; 7th Av, e s, 25.1 ft n of 42d St, 112.10 to Times Sq x20 to Bway x144.11x31.4, fee; 42d St, n s, extends from 7th Av to Bway, 58.4x26x 51.4x25, leasehold, 5 years, 4½% ..$150,000

RAYMORE REALTY CO. to Samuel Gotthelf; 106th St, s s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 150x100.11, prior mtg $214,000, 1 year, 6% $25,000

REALTY OPERATING CO. to Thomas Thacher and another, exrs, &c.; Emerson St, w s, 75 ft s of Post Av, 55x134.3x132.1x 110, due, &c.. as per bond.....$40,000

REALTY OPERATING CO. to Thomas Thacher and another, exrs, &c.; Post Av, s s, 100 ft w of Emerson St, 150x—, due, &c., as per bond.....$15,000

REALTY OPERATING CO. to Thomas Thacher and another, exrs, &c.; 10th Av, n w s, 244.2 ft s w of Emerson St, runs n e 109.10x n 107.1x w 90x s 170.2, due, &c., as per bond $25,000

REHBACK CONSTRUCTION CO. to Sophie Prager; Mount Hope Place, s s, 110.11 ft e of Jerome Av, 50x125, 2 years, 6%....$10,000

RUSGO REALTY CO. to Amer. Mort. Co.; 60th St, 229 West, n s, 25x100.5, 3 years, 5½% $7,000

SAMUEL D. DAVIS CONSTRUCTION CO. to Joseph Qussani; Cathedral Parkway, n s, 350 ft w of 7th Av, 125x100, prior mtge $85,000, due Dec. 23, 1910.....$20,000

SCOTT, Alice B., to Ida B. Flower; 39th St, s s, 189 ft e of 6th Av, 21x90, due Oct. 20, 1911 .....$5,800

SHOEMAKER, William, to Julie Muller; 8th Av, 691, w s, 25.1x100, prior mtg $32,500, due, &c, as per bond $15,000

STEINBERG, Isaac, and another to Charles J. Kroehle, executor; 127th St, s s, 250 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, 5 years.....$24,000

THOMAS D. MALCOLM CONSTRUCTION Co. to City Mortgage Co.; Walton Av, w s, 156.6 ft n of 158th St, 51.6x102.8, demand, 6% $30,000

WOLF, Andreas, to George F. Quelet and another; Lots 7 and 8, Block 26, Map 599, West Co. of Pelham Park, 1 year, 6%..$1,000

Mechanics' Liens.

UNION AV, 948 and 950; Joseph Fine against Louis C. Bock, owner; Abraham Hode, contractor, $33.

SPRING ST, 150; Joseph Vocola against Max Abraham, owner; Harris Mankin, contractor, $145.

TEETAW AV, e s, whole front between 188th St and Park View Place; Charles E. Ensign against Richard M. Montgomery & Co., owners; E. L. Shea Construction Co., contractor, $1,150.

TEETAW AV, e s, whole front between 189th St and Devoe Terrace, 285x288.3x201x144; Church E. Gates & Co. against Richard M. Montgomery & Co., owners; E. L. Shea Construction Co., contractor, $129.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246.2 ft s of McDonald St, 24.7x100; Raffaele Malango against Pietro and Georg Gissia, owners; Giuseppe Vetrano, contractor, $73.

4TH ST, 31 to 35 East; E. Christiansen, Inc., against Annie M., Martin J., and Gustav Grossman, trustees, owners; Joseph Riggop, Giuseppe Piazza, and Enrico Monesti, contractors, $227.

BRYANT ST, w s, 215.3 ft s of Garrison Av, 25x100; Carter, Black & Ayers against Margaret A. Reiser, owner; A. Arthur Cuttler, Jr., contractor, (renewal,) $107.

PROSPECT AV, n w corner of 151st St, 25x 100; Gaetano Zingales against Kraus Realty Co., owner; Joseph Kraus, contractor, $88.

WHITE ST, n e corner of Centre St, 19x73.4; Harry B. Senft against Henry Knabe, owner; John Ferguson, contractor, $214.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

HOFFMAN ST, w s, 200 ft n of 187th St; Gaetano Zingales against Bianchetti Construction Co., et al., Dec. 13, 1909, $80.

121ST ST, 310 West; Richardson & Boynton Co. against John Armstrong and others, Nov. 1, 1909, $147.

Lis Pendens.

97TH ST, 157 East; 126th St, 229 East, and property in Sullivan County, N. Y.; Joseph Becker against Charles Gerlich et al., (action to set aside four deeds; attorneys, Oppenheimer & Arnold.

146TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Franklin L. Partridge against John C. Tredwell et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lord, Day & Lord.

HEATH AV, e s, 283.2 ft n of land of T. N. Read, 125x100.7; Patrick O'Donohoue against Alexander Anderson, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Marsh, Wever & Wemple.

PARCEL of land beginning at a point in bulkhead abutting on South St, at a point distant 48 ft s of pier at foot of Clinton St, 32.1x—; Peter Hassinger against William Pennington et al., (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Decker, Allen & Storm.

4TH AV, s s, Lot 680, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx, 50x114; Kingston Securities Co. against Katharine Kieran et al., (foreclosure of mortgage,) attorneys, Gifford, Hobbs & Beard.

145TH ST, 610 East; Lydia Katz against Luigi Infante et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. G. Oppenheim.

60TH ST, 112 East; American Missionary Ass'n against Anna Schroeder et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Allen & Sabine.

152D ST, 534 and 536 West; Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co. against Morris Bloch et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. H. Hayman.

116TH ST, 71 East; T. O'Conor Sloane against Leopold Yesky et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Mullan, Cobb & Mitchel.

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 166th St, 70.8x 100; Jacob Wener et al. against Louis M. Cahn et al. (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wolf & Kohn.

THOMPSON ST, 40 and 42; John Palmieri against Michael B. Di Santi et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Wechsler.

117TH ST, 519 and 521 East; Lemoine C. Mead against Louis O. Cohen et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. G. Chapin.

6TH AV, 844; Mutual Life Ins. Co. of N. Y. against John Parke et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, J. McKeen.

117TH AV, n w corner of 44th St, 25x100; Catharine Cusack against Jacob Vier et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rabe & Kellert.

JACKSON ST, 32; Lucille Kurts against Max Gold et al. (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wilson, Barker & Wager.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 183d St, 74.11x 25; Audubon Av, w s, 54 ft s of 185th St, 18x50; Audubon Av, 982; Audubon Av, n w corner of 184th St, 18x60; Haven Av, e s, 129.2 ft s of 170th St, 51.7x114.9x irreg; Cora A. Springer against John H. Springer et al., (action to set aside five deeds, &c.;) attorney, F. Pierce.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WASHINGTON AVENUE

one hundred feet south of 163d Street. Lot, 25x98, with two-story frame store and dwelling, with stable. Rental, $800 per year. Lowest price, $7,500; mortgage, $5,000, at 5% for three years. Opposite new Workingmen's Club building, to be erected. The above is the value of the lot without the building, and is recommended to those desiring an investment for a small sum of money that will pay interest on the amount invested, while the lot increases in value.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 149th St., 3d Ave.

CHANCE FOR BUILDER,

Investor or Speculator. Three lots on Intervale Av., 900 ft. North of the New Subway (Escalator) Station. Little cash required.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES
149th St. and Third Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Expensive Borrowing

Borrowers through this office have learned by long experience that in order to obtain a reasonable and fixed charge they do not have to pay excessive interest rates, or accept loans which in other respects impair the value of property or obstruct its sale.

The largest representative lending institutions, constantly increasing their commitments through this office, accept loans—not to speculate in interest—but to hold for investment at lowest current rates.

A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.
Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages,
128 Broadway, Cor. Cedar.
STRONGEST AND BEST EQUIPPED.

WE OFFER
6% FIRST MORTGAGES 6%
ON CLEVELAND REAL ESTATE
Netting 6%, absolutely safe.
In Denominations from $1,000 to $30,000.
Suitable for Estates and all conservative Investors.
POST, SNYDER & COMPANY
600 Schofield Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

CASH
in any amount at lowest rates on first or second mortgages for building or permanent loans in Greater New York. Quick action on owner's application. Phone 3686 Beekman.
CITY & SHORE REALTY CO.,
TRIBUNE BUILDING, NEW YORK.

2 SECOND MORTGAGES 2
Wanted—$100,000 placed monthly through my office.
(Seconds exclusively.)
HOWARD H. MOSHER,
135 Broadway.

SPECIAL FUNDS OF $500,000
Loanable at 4½% on choice Manhattan Property.
Tel. 2573 Cort. W. O. BEATON, 115 B'way.

Mortgages First and Second **Mortgages**
Low rates. Moderate fees.
PIERRE M. CLEAR, 147 4th Ave.

Mortgage loans on city property, especially Harlem; first, 4%; second, 6%. Schechter & Snead, 21 West 119th. 'Phone 1363—Harlem.

$200,000 for builders, or permanent loan, Greater New York or New Jersey; owners only. Address Mortgage Loans, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE MONEY | At lowest rates and charges. A. W. J. Petrie, 31 Nassau.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate
under and in pursuance of a Judgment of
SUPREME COURT
New York County.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court :

105—Alfred Dozier, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Alabama.—Leave granted in error to file reply brief within fifteen days.

63—John C. McClellan et al., petitioners, vs. John E. Carland, United States District Judge, &c.—Argument continued for respondent and concluded for the petitioner. Leave granted respondent to file brief.

106 and 107—Hawaiian Trust Company, Limited, et al., executors, &c., appellants, vs. Heinrich Martens von Holt et al., trustees.—Argued.

108—William W. Withnell, appellant, vs. William R. Bush Construction Company et al.—Argued for the appellant and submitted for the appellees.

110—P. M. Childers, appellant, vs. R. W. McClaughrey, Warden of United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.—Submitted.

111—St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. State of Arkansas.—Argument commenced for the plaintiff in error.

Day call for Thursday: 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, (and 117 and 118,) 119, 122, 123, and 124, (and 125.)

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Jury calendar. 70—Ferguson v. Cons Rubber Co. 86—Same v. same. 31—Watkins v. Oceanic S S Co. 10—Frost v. Barber. 76—O'Hara v. C R R of N J. 79—Castronuovo v. Joline. 201—Ward v. Cornell. 106—Harding v. Wonian's Hotel Co. 110—Vohl v. Pullman Co. 113—Savage v. L V R R. 116—Leverich v. Cons Stock Ex Bldg Co. 124—Roche v. Anderson. 125—Union H S Co v. Int R T Co. 92—Sparrow v. Hurtig. 93—Same v. Weber. 94—Same v. Rush. 103—Same v. Hill.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 87—Dailey v. City of N Y. 50—Blackburn v. Maritime Ins Co. 2—Meyer v. Tug Wonder.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Contrell & Sons Co v. Seymour. 2—In re West 229th St. 5—Grossman v. Messer. 4—Shearer v. Shearer. 5—In re Pinellite. 6—Sexton v. Solomon. 7—Denklesspiel v. Auto Club of America. 8—In re Robson, (Rosenthal.) 9—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Gray. 10—Beam v. Van Wormer. 11—In re Morgenthau. 12—In re Pier (old) No 36, E R. 13—Podolak v. Podolak. 14—Rosenbaum v. Rosenbaum. 15—Miner v. Miner. 16—Levey v. Loening. 17—Langman v. Grossman. 18—In re Levy. 19—Hanna v. Harris. 20—Dellac v. Stein. 21, 22—Hersch v. Mandelbaum. 23—Smith v. Sloboder. 24—In re Brown. 25—In re Coster. 26—In re Anderson. 27—In re Newcomer. 28, 28½—Maempel v. Wier. 29—Reynolds v. Maxwell. 30—Potomac Realty Co v. Greenberg. 31—Levey v. Loening. 32—Hammerstein v. Sylva. 33—Kline Bros v. Ontario Fire Ins Co. 34—Same v. Anglo-Am Fire Ins Co. 35—Same v. Montreal (Can) Fire Ins Co. 36—Reichman v. Singer. 37—In re Bliss, Dallett & Co. 38—Robertson v. Smith. 39—Irving v. Higgins. 40—Wolf v. Wolf. 41—In re Wilkens. 42—People v. Int Graphophone Co. 43—City of N Y v. Rudolph. 44—Film Import and Trading Co v. Centaur Film Co. 45—Allgood v. Bowman. 46—Schwarz v. North River Ins Co. 47—Carney v. Tibbetts. 48—Newby v. Mining Shares Co. 49—Barber v. Ellingswood. 50—Weissman v. Messinger. 51—City of N Y v. Shotland. 52—In re Thomas. 53—Hart v. Broadway Trust Co. 54—Davies v. Davies. 55—Lite v. Raymond. 56, 57—Bell v. Carroll. 57½—Bick v. Bick. 58—Security Warehousing Co v. Am Exch Nat Bank. 59—Weissmar v. Central Park, &c, R R. 60—Mutler v. same. 61—Haviss v. Linch. 62—Judes v. same. 63—Seligman v. Linch. 64—Drew v. same. 65—Rohlkohl v. Raphael. 66—In re Tavshajian. 67—Albanese v. Dante Antolini. 68—Johnson v. Drewry. 69—Basile v. Joline. 70—Diesel v. White Sewing Machine Co. 71—Gruenberg v. Sup Lodge Knights of Honor. 72—Schultz v. same. 73—In re Piller. 74—Straus v. Nathan. 75—Muller v. Vesell. 76—Golding v. Golding. 77—Gould v. Springer. 78, 79—Met Trust Co v. Skitt. 80—Film Imp and Trading Co v. Mosheim. 81—Lowndes v. Qualey. 82—People v. Reardon. 83—People v. N Y Cont Co. 84—In re Pier (old) No 36, E R. 85—In re Pier (old) No 36, E R. 86—In re Perin. 87—Lowndes v. Qualey. 88—Thomas v. Honigsberg. 89—Schwartz v. Lippman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Motions. Demurrer. 2304—Howe v. N Y H & H R R. Preferred cause. 4725—Noot v. Noot. General calendar. 3689—Baust v. Dry Dock Sav Inst. 2882—Weltzlar v. N Y Finance Co. 2911—Wetzlar v. Wood. 2887—Schwartz v. Klar. 2930—Skolny v. Richter. 3112—Allen v. Hammond. 2225—Simonson & Son Co v. Gordon. 3688—Luff v. Luff. 3461—Moses v. Coyle. 3440—Reisenkonig v. Brunning. 3443—Thompson v. Franklin Trust Co. 3452—Rosenbaum v. City of N Y. 3092—Dietz v. Dietz. 3166—Fink v. Gallagher. 3368—De Rosa v. De Rosa. 3572—Woodbury v. Bugselin. 3429—Valentine v. Muir. 3444—Hill v. Colley. 3583—George v. George. 3623, 3624—Fleck v. Niedel. 3625—Dotson v. Van Roalte. 3632—U S Trust Co v. Landauer. 688—Whitmore v. Whitmore. 3639—Mart v. Mart. 3656—Bergman v. Bergman. 3685—Awolinsky v. Newman. 3447—Chudnoff v. Sevaboda. 3220—Maglier v. Seymour. 3234—Lord Elec Co v. Tull. 3253—Fairmont Av. C v. Bingham. 3381—Schenk Chem Co v. Industrial Adv. &c, Co. 3574—Schlesinger v. Saracena. 3600—Collins v. City of N Y. 3642—Apostle v. Varitsotis. 3691—De Benedette v. Swarzschild & S Co. 3674—Mabin v. Mabin. 1633—Levin v. Hessberg. 3666—Reichman v. Rendigs. 3417—Hanlbode v. Njorkegren. 3655—Johnson Service Co v. City of N Y. 3658—Schmitt v. Simon. 1070—Salvation Army in U S v. Am Salvation Army. 3216—Kridel v. Herig. 3818—Isseles v. Kornblum. 3825—Schenkin v. Polstein Realty &c, Co. 3827—Block v. Samuel. 3643—Myers v. Herog. 2257—Morrone v. Welli. 2116—Tonelli v. Tonelli. 3822—Barnes v. Washburn. 1558—Clinton v. Henry. 3825—Dickoff v. Dickoff. 2635—Minturn v. Green. 2525—Carroll v. Kane. 3403—Booth v. Consol Fruit Jar Co. Inquest. 2867—Littman v. Littman.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I.—Goff, J.—Criminal term. 1—Frank E Webster, alias Frank Ryan. 2—William Ward. 3—Marija Ketz. 4—Nino Cardino. 5—George Morton. 6—Frank Wilson. 7—Michele Aliano. 8—William Wilson. 9—Clarinda De Pasquale.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—8007—Empire Steel & Egmt Co v. Jucaro, Maron Sugar & Land Co. 6309—Meyer v. Levy. 6528—Hemenway v. Stratton.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part III.—McCall, J.—1529—Butler v. Joline, &c. 1388—Nyman v. Erie R R. 994—Hanlon v. Whitridge. 996—Same v. same. 1499—Adams v N Y City Ry. 132—Joseph v. same. 777—Reese v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 516—Olsen v. Int R T Co. 1083—Weatherwax v. Joline.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—3028—Riordan v. Guinness. 2706—Appelyard v. Lehmeyer. 2883—Nador v. Brenstock & Bernier. 2755—Brennan v. Gordon. 6504—Presky v. Degnon-McLean Const Co. 2819—G Wahlheimer v. N Y Times Co. 2823—P Wahlheimer v. same. 2886—Gropp v. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. 5390—Darcy v. Presbyterian Hospital. 3496—Lustgarten v. Farina. 2923—Cione v. Wallace. 2925—Strum v. London. 2937—Cox v. City of N Y. 2938—Preston v. same. 2943—Zinone v. Elfers. 2950, 2951—Katz v. Lowenstein. 2719—Storen v. Levering & Garrigues Co. 2303—McManus v. City of N Y. 2981—Crawford v. Haff. 2982—Cubbins v. Met Riding Co. 6505—Muller v. Vessel. 2984—Golef v. N Y, N H & H R R. 2907—Williams v. Heink. 2906—Edelman v. Schulman. 2474—Meany v. Post & McCord.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—320½—Herklotz v. Loeb. 1436—Met Trust Co v. Kilt. 1434—Same v. Pierce. 1435—Same v. Montgomery. 1436—Same v. Parks. 1438—Same v. Irwin. 1591—Same v. Moran. 1592—Same v. Payne. 1826—Same v. Houston 1584—Same v. Truax. 1959—Watson v. City of N Y. 6150—Heine v. Stern. 2608—Magud v. Well. 6399—Clement v. Smith. 3609—Johnson Service Co v. MacLernon. 1517—Russman v. Francis Smith Co. 5512—Levy v. Gaus. 2368—Smith Co v. Consol Gas Co. 1344½—Gallagher v. Walsh. 6395—Clement v. Pudith. 1618—Becker v. Burke. 2102—Remington v. Diebold Safe & Lock Co. 3255—Hoffman v. Toledo Interurban Const Co. 3338—Recht v. Oswald. 3398—Devlin v. Low. 3399—O'Kennedy v. same. 3402—Karpowitz v. Bernstein. 3435—Kolb v. Mutual Life Ins Co. 362—Nichols v. Fidelity & Casualty Co. 2099—Rosenzweig v. Silverstein. 1599½—Buchnall v. North British and Mercantile Ins Co. 2758—King v. Bowling Green Trust Co. 1631—Kraestner Co v. Schmidt & Schanenfugel. 2158—Shilling v. Floyd & Horeman Co. 2257—Gross v. Manheimer. 2643—Carlew v. Strange. 1687—Lyons v. Lyons.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Thomas, S.—Estate of John B Radley. Wills for probate. Francis J M L. Guilmartin, Bertha Widor, Samuel M Rosenfeld, Henry Reinmuller, Margaret Green, Santiago Parcello, Thomas Dillon, John Stenson, Emile A Huber, Wilhelm Griesmer, C Godfrey Patterson, Sarah A Scott.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Donnelly, J.; Part II., Smith, J.; Part III., Lynch, J.; Part V., Schmuck, J.; Part VI., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 6074—McNally v. Cleary. 5964—Goldstone v. Epstein. 5737—Lee v. Levy. 6043—Wiederman v. Goldberg. 6333—Bloch v. Schotz. 7164½—Goldberg v. Frank. 5345—Marshansky v. Goodman. 6053—Mezer v. Stefka. 6763—Fraser v. Russo. 6040—Aladino v. E & J Marren Co. 6090—Singer v. Kell. 6094½—Shipman v. Rando. 6095½—Jungman v. Frankel. 6100—Goldstein v. Cullman. 6106—Allen v. Joline. 6110—Kowalsky v. same. 6017—Krauss v. Berlin & Jones Co. 6072—Stegman v. Schintzler. 5310—Furse v. Ocean S S Co. 5575—Snyder v. Greenhut. 6026—Brandlin v. Beers. 6073—Scherber v. Clark. 6083—Socy of N Y Hosp v. O'Sullivan. 6159—Harder v. Clark. 6113—Barber v. Langley. 6114—Flecher v. Philgus. 6115—Jaeckel v. Miller. 6116—Reynolds-Metz Co v. B Croner Corset Co. 6117—Levin v. Silberstein. 6119—Levy v. Am Ice Co. 6120—Schechter v. Fargo. 6121—Levine v. Silberstein. 6122—Sherman v. Goldfarb. 6123—Fischler v. Karp Bros. 6124—Northern Bank of N Y v. Goldberger. 6125—Same v. Somerville. 6127—Hartman v. Am Bonding Co. 6130—Bruno v. Palumbo. 6136—Sandman v. Interborough R T Co. 6137—Vogel v. Rosenthal. 6138—McElhinney v. Interborough R T Co. 6141—Finkelstein v. Levy.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Green, J.—1647—Shussler v. Hudson Auto Co. 1570—Briggs v. Middleditch Co. 1693—Sanitary F P & C Co v. Gumbleton. 1626—Ball v. Weeks. 1696—Calendar v. Kohn. 1698—Schmidt v. Hottenroth. 1706—Terry v. Lucas. 1709—Levine v. Gallo. 1623—Davis v. Freudemacher. 1611—Glatzer v. Zimetbaum. 1736—Pendleton v. Jones. 1510—Trauth v. McAloon. 1667—Schurer v. Kohn. 1704—Franklin v. Sandwitz. 1667—Palladino v. Rubano. 1715—Ullman Realty Co v. Hollander.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Hastorf Cong'r Leches Isaher Beni v. Horowitz—Florence E. Browning, Racey v. Marrone—John A. McEnerty, Kreykenbolm v. Reynolds—William Allen. In re Metzger—J. Sidney Bernstein, Kadin v. Koch—Michael J. Daly.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Rosenfeld v. Natkins—Eugene L. Parodi. Fletcher v. Pettit—Paul L. Kiernan. Leckie v. Clarke—Joseph W. Keller.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Jeremiah W. Dimick v. Maxlaw Realty Co.—John H. Van Tine. Franklin L. Partridge v. John C. Tredwell—Henry Brady. Bronx Security and Brokerage Co. v. Marvin D. Hubbell—Jacob Katz.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Abraham Fineman v. Isidore Rosenthal—Abraham Fineman. Molly Goldstein v. Martin Engel—Isidore Siegetuck. Samuel Walstein v. Oscar Miskend—George Lewis.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Raphael Lewy v. Nathan Vesatzky—Charles W. Ridgway. Hyman Shinensky v. Barnet Levin—Robert W. Maloney.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Sutherland, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J.; Part VII., Garretson, J.—7854—Mary O'Hare, an alleged incompetent. 2248—Griffin v. Higgins. 2251, 2336—Chesbro v. B H R R. 1612—Jones v. same. 1373—Goldberg v. Kronenberg. 1510—Kraemer v. Welz & Zerweck. 2260—Finkelstein v. B H R R. 2261—Brewster v. Board of Education. 2264—Quinn v. Ketcham. 7622—Christensen v. B H R R. 7198—Calorific Heller Co v. Alsop Heating Co. 7148—Rosenthal v. Heller. 7375—Atlantic Terra Cotta Co v. Grant. 6521—Culp v. City of N Y. 1912, 1913—Vinten v. Vinten. 1461—McGovern v. Excelsior Brick Co. 6022—Levine v. Rosencheim. 7086—Weissberg v. Hines et al. 7506—Rebestein v. Danziger. 7459—Landi v. Slocum. 4306—Smith v. Terwilliger. 6001—Fritz v. Feller. 6933—Talksky v. Rieser. 34—Sinnott v. Expanding Thread Co. 5515—Carlin Const Co v. Butler. 2185—Kacerow v. Dunkelman. 1113—Bosch v. Robbins. 2236—Dunphy v. B H R R. 6607—Gorodiz v. Rosenker. 7567—Conant v. Behrens. 7222—Forshew v. Barclay Const Co. 838, 914—Gold v. City of N Y. 7651—Weis v. Meyer et al. 7280—Kister v. Pollack. 7481—Linstedt v. Coombs. 6549—Brady v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 7853—Nicoud v. N Y Life Ins Co. 7406—Luxemberg v. Kotchen. 7597—Pidgeon v. Pidgeon. 540—Stumpf v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 2269. No reserve calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Blackmar, J.—48—Queens Boro Gas & Elec Co v. State Board of Tax Coms. 32—Peter Cooper's Glue Factory v. same. 33—Queens Boro Gas & Elec Co v. same. 28—Brooklyn Eastern Dist Terminal v. same. 45—Peter Cooper's Glue Factory v. same. 46—Same v. same.

COUNTY COURT—Dike, J.—1069—Heinitz v. Darmstadt. 1176—Jones v. Hipkins. 323, 324—Jencion v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 267—Macumber v. Freel. 326—Chaberski v. Lomax. 170—Lynan v. Moore. 330—Frenza v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 331—Kiernan v. same. 332—McDonough v. same. 335—Kesselman v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 336—Goodman v. Nassau Electric R R Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 337—Betsch v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 338—Rivkind v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 339—Hall v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 340—Harkins, Jr, v. Federal Brewing Co. 341—Lichtenstein v. Bklyn Heights R R Co. 342—Peterson v. same. 344—Marks v. same. 345—Levy v. same. 346—Greenwood v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 1213, 1214—Hack v. Dady.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Thomas Hermann. Same v. William Eisenhardt.

SUPREME COURT—Mills, J.—55—Kinsey v. Kinsey. 29—Smith v. Mt Vernon Heights Realty Co. 41—Fernschild v. Chalmers. 57—McCoy v. Flannery. Chalmers v. Chalmers. N Y Central v. Morris. In re Aubrey.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J.—Held temporarily at the Police Building, Long Island City. 78—Ferber v. Norton. 137—Hart v. B H R R Co. 146—Beckhaus v. Schickler. 79—Peterson v. B H R R Co. 143—Domenico v. same. 144—Wexler v. Hand. Balance of calendar passed until Feb. 21, 1910. Highest number reached on calendar is 146.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—First Lieut. W. R. Bryan, Medical Corps, relieved from duty as surgeon of the transport Thomas upon completion of next trip from the Philippines to San Francisco, and proceed to Jefferson Barracks, Missouri.

Col. L. M. Maus, Medical Corps, detailed as a member of the Army Retiring Board to meet at Chicago, vice Major J. R. Shook, Medical Corps, relieved.

Major G. H. Cameron, Fourteenth Cavalry, detailed as a member of Examining Board at Fort Riley, Kansas, vice Col. F. K. Ward, Seventh Cavalry, relieved.

Capt. J. D. Leitch, Twenty-fifth Infantry, detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps, vice Capt. R. H. Vandeman, General Staff, who is relieved. Capt. Leith will proceed to Washington for duty.

Capt. E. Wittenmeyer, Fifth Infantry, detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps, and will proceed to Washington for duty.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral R. B. Evans retired to home.

Commander A. H. Robinson, detached duty Inspector of machinery at works of Moran Brothers Company, Seattle, Wash., and continue other duties.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Sterling at Norfolk.

Sailed—Hist, from Guantanamo for Manzanillo.

EXCURSIONS.

Grand Winter Tours

TO SUNNY

CALIFORNIA

Parties will leave frequently for California and visit Riverside, Redlands, San Diego, Pasadena, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz, Monterey, San José, San Francisco, etc. The return journey includes the Sierra Nevada by daylight, Salt Lake City, the Gorges and Canons of Colorado, Denver, Manitou Springs, and the Garden of the Gods. Leisurely sojourns will be made at the various places. Business men and their families and ladies can see all important points without waste of time, travelling luxuriously under escort of experienced conductors the entire trip. Stop-over privileges. Tickets nine months' limit.

OTHER TOURS To Florida, Cuba Nassau, Porto Rico, Mexico, Mardi Gras Carnival, Japan, Around the World, Europe, etc.

Railroad and Steamship Tickets Everywhere. Send for book, mentioning information desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.

225 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. 8270 Madison Sq. Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, etc.

WINTER RESORTS.

NORTH CAROLINA.

PINEHURST

NORTH CAROLINA

The Center of Winter Out-of-Door Life in the Middle South

Free from Climatic Extremes

The only Southern resort having two 18-hole courses and one of 9 holes, in pink of condition, Country Club, 40,000 Acre Private Shooting Preserve, Guides, Trained Dogs, Fine Livery of Saddle Horses, Model Dairy, Tennis Courts, Trap Shooting, etc.

FOUR HOTELS NOW OPEN

No Consumptives Received at Pinehurst.

Through Pullman Service from New York to Pinehurst via Seaboard Air Line. Only one night away from New York.

Full information PINEHURST GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C. LEONARD TUFTS, Boston, Mass.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE

Atlantic City, N. J.

Open Throughout the Year

Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.

D. S. WHITE, Pres.

CHARLES O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Marlborough-Blenheim

THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season.

(EXTENDING FROM DECEMBER TO JUNE)

The house holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining Rooms. Exquisite music. Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres. Ownership Management

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL RUDOLF

One of the largest and most modern beachfront hotels. American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Special Winter rates now in effect.

A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. N.Y. booking office, Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway.

HOTEL WINDSOR

Directly on the ocean front, the very heart of all amusements and features.

American and European Plans.

Sea water in all baths. Newly renovated and refurnished. Equipped with everything modern. Orchestra. Famous Windsor Cafe and Restaurant. Open all year.

S. S. PHOEBUS, Manager.

THE RUNNYMEDE

Park Place, overlooking the Boardwalk, the City Park and the Casino; central yet exclusive location; elevator, steam heat, private and public baths, sun parlors, etc. Write for illustrated booklet. MRS. I. McILWAIN.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, sun parlor, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly, $2.50 up daily. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

SEASIDE HOUSE

Directly on the Ocean Front.

Sea water baths. Open all the year. F. P. COOK'S SONS.

VIRGINIA.

OLD POINT COMFORT, HOTEL CHAMBERLIN,

THE COMPLETE YEAR-ROUND RESORT. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Dancing, Military Drills, Naval Manoeuvres. The most magnificent sea water swimming pool in America.

A COMPLETE SYSTEM OF MEDICINAL BATHS. RECOMMENDED BY EMINENT PHYSICIANS. Reservations and all information at Hotel Chamberlin office, 1,122 Broadway, 'phone, 1872—Madison Square; or address GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

HOTEL **PARK IN THE PINES** AIKEN, S. C.

HARRY W. PRIEST CO., Props.

Golf, Tennis, Riding, Driving

Now open. J. A. SHERRARD, Mgr.

AIKEN, S. C. Magnolia Inn. Ideal health and pleasure resort. A modern family hotel. Booklet. Henry Busch, Prop.

GEORGIA.

HAMPTON TERRACE

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Most magnificently furnished Winter Resort Hotel in America. Ideal Winter climate. Unexcelled cuisine. Splendid orchestra. 18-hole golf course on hotel grounds. New automobile roads. Write for booklet.

New York office, 381 Fifth Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Strangers in Washington, D. C., who desire convenient location and pleasant surroundings, find both at

HOTEL RICHMOND,

just around the corner from White House—European and American plan. Send for booklet and map giving rates and location.

CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Prop.

TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

If you have lost an article of value and wish to bring about its recovery, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times. Go to any advertising agent or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

FOR SALE.

DIAMONDS WATCHES JEWELRY ON EASY CREDIT

Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 45.

L.W.Sweet&Co. 37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

TYPEWRITERS

Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

UNDERWOOD, REMINGTON, and all other typewriters, slightly used, at half and quarter price; easy payments if desired; excellent machines rented three months for $5; big discount on new machines; expert repairing. DURANT M'LEAN TYPEWRITER CO., 365 Broadway.

New and second-hand desks, typewriter, bookkeeper, roll and flat top; chairs, tables, partitions, and railings. QUICK & McKENNA, 2 Reade St.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 8 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 355 Broadway.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.

Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Bread St. 'Phone connec'n.

SLIGHTLY USED OFFICE FURNITURE—Desks, chairs, time clocks, time stamps, partitions, multigraphs, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, cash registers. NATHAN, 4 White St.

Typewriters.—Callagraph, $8; Hammond, Yost, Densmore, $10; Remington, $12; Underwood, $25; year's guarantee; rentals, $2. Harlem Typewriter Exchange, 217 West 125th.

In All the World

No more attractive trips can possibly be found than those to

AGWI

The American Mediterranean

MORE beautiful and more interesting than France, Spain, Italy, Egypt, or the Orient; nearer home and less expensive to the pleasure-seeker, more resultful to the explorer, and furnishing new material for historic research; a region where rigorous northern winters are exchanged for perpetual summer, sunshine and flowers.

BEST COMBINATION TOUR OF THE SEASON

Cuba: 4 days from New York, one week at Havana, *the American Paris*, continuing thence to

Yucatan: 2 days from Havana, one week at Progreso, Merida, and the celebrated Mayan Ruins—*older than those of Egypt.* Continuing to

Mexico: Vera Cruz, 1 day from Progreso, thence overland through a delightfully picturesque mountainous country to Mexico City—*with all the attractions of Spain*—and continuing northward with liberal stopovers at points of interest in the Mexican Republic; thence to

Texas: including stop-over at San Antonio, one of America's most beautiful resorts, with the historic Alamo and the ancient Spanish Missions; returning from Galveston by steamship direct to New York.

$112.50 for Entire Trip **Ward Line** Every Thursday from New York

PORTO RICO, NASSAU, ALABAMA, FLORIDA

are all directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century Steamers of the

ATLANTIC, GULF & WEST INDIES STEAMSHIP LINES

Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico and Ward Lines.

Write for copy of AGWI NEWS, a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region and outlining some exceptionally attractive tours.

LET US PLAN YOUR TRIP

Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details, and render invaluable service in all travel matters. *Address:*

WARD LINE, Pier 14 East River / TOUR BUREAU, AGWI LINES, 290 Broadway } New York

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE Feb. 5 to April 19.

TO THE ORIENT

By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst

THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER

Under the Able Management of FRANK C. CLARK.

Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.

Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

CALIFORNIA

Independent 30-Day Tour. "Invisible Courier System." Starting any time, including Hotels, Pullmans, Transfers, etc., $280.25. FRANK TOURIST CO., 347 Broadway.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

How savory, how appetizing!—

The well-cooked, well-served meals you get aboard Fall River Line steamers.

On the way to Boston.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like. Fare to Boston $3

Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information. City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40

Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

RAINES, JOHN.—Surrogate's Court, Ontario County.—In the matter of the estate of JOHN RAINES, late of Canandaigua, N. Y., deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to an order of the Surrogate's Court of Ontario County, granted on the 28th day of December, 1909, that the undersigned intends to apply to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Ontario and State of New York for letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of John Raines, late of the village of Canandaigua, Ontario County, N. Y., deceased, under and pursuant to Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to be issued to the undersigned, and all persons who are or claim to be creditors of the said decedent are hereby notified to present their claims, duly verified, to the Surrogate of Ontario County, at his office in the Court House in the village of Canandaigua, Ontario County, N. Y., on or before the 5th day of February, 1910.

Dated December 28, 1909.

JOHN RAINES, GEORGE R. RAINES, As Next of Kin of Said Decedent.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE

WINTER CRUISES 16 and 28 Days

By Twin-Screw Cruising S. S. MOLTKE. Largest Vessel ever sent to the West Indies, (12,500 tons), leaving New York.

February 22 and March 24

WEST INDIES

$85 and $150 up Venezuela, Nassau, and Panama Canal.

21 years' experience in arranging and conducting cruises.

Also Cruises to the Orient.

Send for new illustrated book.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

REGULAR SERVICES

All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)

London—Paris—Hamburg

S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS.

Leaving New York, Feb. 12, 11 A. M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.

*Pres. Lincoln.....Jan. 29, 9 A. M. | G. Waldersee.....Feb. 26
*Pres. Grant.....Feb. 5 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic. Mar. 5
†Amerika.....Feb. 12 | *Pres. Lincoln, Mch. 12
‡Pennsylvania.....Feb. 19 | *Pres. Grant.. Mch. 19
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.

ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.

S. S. HAMBURG, FEB. 15

S. S. CINCINNATI.....Jan. 29, 11 A. M.
S. S. HAMBURG.....Feb. 15, March 29
S. S. BATAVIA.....March 8

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED. Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cruises de Luxe to the West Indies

By NEW TWIN-SCREW "AVON" 11,500 Tons

CRUISE OF (31 days)	EASTER CRUISE (16 days)
$150 up.	$85 up.
From New York	From New York
February 19.	March 25.

Also Yachting Tours by New Twin-Screw "BERBICE" through the West Indies.

Bermuda

NEW WEEKLY SERVICE

By R.M.S.P. "OROTAVA" 6000 Tons

From Pier 50, N. R., NEW YORK, at 10 A. M. every Wednesday. From BERMUDA every Saturday.

Comfortable Voyage—High Class Cuisine—Orchestra—Electric Fans in all Rooms.

Complete illustrated booklets on request.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO. SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St., N. Y.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R.M.S.P.**

JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.

Ortona.....Feb. 5 | Tagus.....Mar. 5
Nile.....Feb. 19 | Oruba.....Mar. 19

Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.

SANDERSON & SON, G.P.&F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

CRUISE TO WEST INDIES

The Quebec Steamship Co.'s Mail Steamship "Guiana" leaves New York February 10 for a delightful Cruise of about 28 days, calling at the Islands of St. Thomas, St. Kitts, Barbados and other islands and Demerara.

$130 and up

BERMUDA

From New York EVERY WEDNESDAY, twin-screw S. S. "Bermudian" (5,530 tons). EVERY SATURDAY, twin-screw S. S. "Oceana" (8,000 tons). Perfect Service.

TOURS to the ORIENT

Our Annual Parties are nearing completion. Several dates still open. Telegraphic application necessary.

70 TOURS TO EUROPE and the PASSION PLAY at OBERAMMERGAU.

Usual Independent railroad and steamship tickets everywhere. COOK'S Travelers Cheques Good Throughout the World.

THOS. COOK & SON 245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.

Go To **Bermuda** By Twin Screw Line

Largest and Fastest Steamers

S.S.Oceana, 8000 Tons

S.S.Bermudian, 5530 Tons

Wireless on both Steamers; also Bilge Keels

Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York.

WEST INDIES

New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., S. S. Co., 7 Bowling Green, Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. COMPANY, LTD., QUEBEC.

Mardi Gras

AMERICA'S QUAINTEST CARNIVAL New Orleans Feb. 8th

$75.00 Round Trip From New York

Including board on ship in New Orleans

S. S. "Antilles" 10,600 Tons From New York Feb. 2nd

Southern Pacific Co. 366-1158-1 Broadway, New York

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST, strayed or stolen, on the night of Jan. 20, 1910, between 6 and 7 o'clock, on the Morgan Line Pier 25, North River, New York, one team and truck and two yellow blankets, a bay horse, and a sorrel with a scar on the nigh hind hip, both having white hind legs; large canvas-top truck with name Jos. J. Hillis, 76 Washington Av., Brooklyn, on dash; a liberal reward for the recovery or information that may lead to same. Jos. J. Hillis, 76 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Company Preferred Stock Certificate No. A, 38,572, for ten shares in the name "Cornelius Sullivan." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Cornelius Sullivan.

LOST—Sunday, Jan. 23, between Hygeia Hotel, Passaic, N. J., and 9:57 P. M. train to New York, bead bag containing purse and gold lorgnette set with diamonds. Reward return to Blum, 307 West 79th St., New York City.

LOST.—Monday, lady's small gold hunting-case "Patek Philipe" watch; monogram, "B. B. B.," with leather strap and silver monogram, "B. V. B.," and small charms; reward; return to Room 611, 253 Broadway.

LOST—Monday, Jan. 24, woman's gold watch, with chain, between Manhattan Opera House and 113th St. on surface cars, Subway, or street; suitable reward. Jewett, 517 West 113th St.

LOST—Monday morning, small gold purse, between hours 9 and 9:30, Madison Av., between 59th and 55th Sts., or Madison Av. Car No. 237; liberal reward if returned. 21 East 44th.

LOST—Lady's open-faced gold watch, monogram on back, "E. A. K.," black velvet fob, Odd Fellow pin; 59th St. Subway Station; reward. Kissenger, 40 West 127th St., 9-12 A. M.

LOST—Monday, on way from Staten Island to 46th St., lady's open-face gold watch; monogram "J. K." on back; reward. K 177 Times, Times Square, or telephone 1042 Worth.

LOST.—A tan pocketbook, with $80 in it, on Saturday night, on 45th St., or in Burns' restaurant, near 45th St. entrance; reward. Miss Wood, Hotel Webster, 45th St.

LOST—Silver mesh purse, containing about $7, between 110th and Broadway and 540 West 112th. Finder may keep contents if the purse is returned to 540 West 112th.

LOST—Monday night, in the vicinity of West 42d or 43d St., lady's gold watch with monogram of A. E. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. F. E. Kirke, 221 West 141st St.

LOST—At Subway station 137th St., at 1 P. M., Tuesday, gun metal hand bag; reward if returned. Mrs. P. J. Holsworth, 51 Hamilton Place, corner of 139th St.

LOST—On 5th Av. or Broadway, package of manuscript wrapped in gray paper; of no value to any one except the owner. W. 128 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, Casino Theatre or between there and Knickerbocker Hotel, silver pencil with ring chain; reward. W 137 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Primo Camera, on Sunday, Jan. 23, on a Long Island Railroad train. Suitable reward will be given if returned to 245 Clinton Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—On Monday night, in a taxicab going from 23d St. and 6th Av. to 300 West 109th St., a mink neckpiece; reward. H. Goldfarb, 583 Broadway.

LOST—Wednesday evening, near corner 122d St. and Broadway, a gun metal purse; reward if returned. Address W. 142 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Jan. 22, a diamond Question Mark, going from Dr. Wade's office, Greene Av., to Tompkins; liberal reward. 190 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Alaska sable neck scarf in Macy's, about 11 A. M. Thursday. Reward for return to Mrs. Waldo, 302 Central Park West.

LOST—Brown fox rug muff in taxicab, consisting of three whole skins; liberal reward. L. Darcy, 101 West 58th, Apartment 22.

LOST—On Wednesday, Jan. 26, on East 29th St., a silver vase in green bag. Reward if returned to 12 East 79th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 214,543, Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—White pearl opera glasses; name Clary engraved; reward. Stationery store, 2,101 8th Av.

LOST—Pointed fox scarfpin, red taxicab, Sunday; liberal reward. Heil, 23 West 123d St.

LOST—A gray cloth belt with buckle. Return to 3 Gramercy Park; reward.

LOST—Tan pocketbook, 3d Av., 42d St. Please return Wilson, 205 West 63d.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

STRAYED.—About 10 P. M., Monday, 24th inst., a heavy Boston brindle bull, answering to name of Tubbins, which is on collar. Please return to 325 West End Av. for reward.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Man's small gold watch, metal fob, Monday morning, 22d St. and Broadway. Pendleton Dudley, 34 Pine St.

FOUND—Purse, small sum money, Broadway, near 65th. Identifier call 206 West 65th, Christensen.

FOUND—Gold locket, initial "M.," Thursday, 72d St. Owner write W 127 Times, Times Square.

FOUND, Dec. 27—Police Department. Inquire Detective Bureau, (Correspondence Room,) Grand and Centre Sts.:
15 sweaters.
7 flannel suits.
1 auto skid chain.
1 gold bracelet.

FOUND, Jan. 25.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Bag, glasses, papers, glove, overalls, apron and towel, vest, bottles and rags, tools. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Ten umbrellas, purse, bag, hatpin, books, roll plans, gloves, music, pair gloves, roll of paper, slippers, napkins, 2 waists, raincoat, 2 muffs, neckpiece, tin pan, statue, signs, vegetables. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Seven umbrellas, bag, pair spectacles, glasses, book, belt, calendar, pair gloves, picture, rosary, rubbers, package, kimona, &c. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Jacket, wrench, books, magazine, plates, clothes, 2 umbrellas. SUBWAY—Books, 19 umbrellas, suit case, 4 purses, bag, locket, pin, fancy pin, cigars, pair gloves, music, roll plans, package drawings, wallet, hamper clothes, shirt, shirt and collars, apron, coffee, cuffs, music bag, photo o fbaby, rubber, pipe case, case, keys, plane.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Package, umbrella, pair gloves, handbag.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven umbrellas, package, check, neckpiece.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Four packages, pair gloves, pair rubbers, 3 umbrellas, locket, pair eyeglasses, dress shield, pipe, book, pair overshoes, pajama pants, muff and neckpiece, umbrella, cap, pair eyeglasses, 3 pair rubbers, hockey skate, veil, pajama coat, package, Spanish dictionary, nightshirt, cardcase, fountain pen, 4 suits pajamas, nightshirt.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Umbrella, 2 pair rubbers, neckpiece, dress suit case, handkerchief, 2 books, pair spectacles, roll of blue prints.

FOUND, Jan. 26.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE: Letters, toilet case, chest protector, nightshirt, strop, rubbers.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., B'KLYN.

DRESSMAKING DEPT.—Require in their special order dressmaking department first-class waist and skirt drapers and waist, skirt, and sleeve finishers, lining hands, and learners; long season and highest wages paid to competent workers. Apply manager of workroom, 5th floor.

A WILLING GIRL for a small family of three adults; good wages; reference required. 231 West 95th St., seventh floor, west.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

COMPANION.—3 adults, occupying elevator apartment, Washington Heights, want companion to convalescent lady; light housekeeping; sleep out; duties very light; laundry out; give price per week or no notice. Moderate, R 138 Times Downtown.

GIRL for general housework. Call 10-12, Wednesday or Thursday. Isaacs, 220 West 107th St.

MODEL—An experienced 16-sized model; only perfect one need apply. D. Baron & Co., 22 West 15th St.

OPERATORS on corset waists, strippers, binders, seamers, and girls to sew on buttons; steady work. The Lay and Way Co., 56 Bleecker St.

REFINED young lady to take out little girl, 10 years of age, afternoons; references insisted upon; living in vicinity of 93d St. and Broadway preferred; apply by letter only. Address 2,508 Broadway, Apartment 11A.

TRIMMERS, operators, and pressers on waists; union hours; wages higher than union prices; open shop. Schlang & Livingston, 215 Greene St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER and COMPANION to convalescent lady desired in elevator apartment, Washington Heights; duties light; laundry out; family 3 adults; price per week or no notice. Moderate, R 139 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for central office work in Brooklyn; positions for those who qualify; salary of $4 paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

BLANKET DEPARTMENT.—Require several thoroughly experienced salesmen.

ALSO

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.—Can use several salesmen with previous experience.

ALSO

SILK DEPARTMENT.—Require several experienced salesmen.

ALSO

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.—Require a number of porfers in their Furniture Department. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO

TAILORS.—Require several experienced tailors in their Special Order Dressmaking Department. Apply to Manager of workroom, Fifth Floor.

ALSO

DEPARTMENT OF DELIVERY.—Want several young men as helpers on their delivery wagons; must come well recommended. Apply to Superintendent of Traffic and Buildings.

GROCERY ORDER CLERKS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require experienced grocery order clerks.
Apply at office of General Manager.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CU. 53, Rochester, N. Y.

ELECTRICAL SALESMAN wanted; man of good address, familiar with flaming arc lamps; call afternoons. Room 1508, 1133 Broadway.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260 L, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED.
Santo Sales Co., 341 5th Av., desire to interview young men for good Brooklyn and Long Island territory to demonstrate and sell Santo portable vacuum cleaners. Apply to Mr. King.

SALESMAN, calling on engineers and power plant trade, to handle our specialty; liberal arrangements made to competent men. Address, with full particulars, K 134 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN or bright, energetic men willing to learn, desiring steady employment with old-established house. Apply 822 Westchester Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN acquainted with cloak trade in New York State to sell special skirt line; fine chance for hustlers. Schwartz, 11 West 20th St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman for Russian brass and copper antiques. J. Patarsky, 118 and 126 Walker St.

SALESMAN.—Young man wanted, experienced salesman, for cloaks, in city. 47 East B'way.

STOCK SALESMEN—HIGH-CLASS, DIVIDEND PAYING PREFERRED STOCK, ON LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS; EASIEST SELLING PROPOSITION AVAILABLE. LEADS AND OFFICE ASSISTANCE FURNISHED. ROOM 803, 160 BROADWAY.

SWITCHMEN.—EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 79 Cortlandt St., 101 Park Row, 252 Third Av., New York, N. Y.; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—An experienced wall plaster salesman for Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; an excellent opportunity for a competent man, acquainted with the market in this territory; no other need apply. Box W 135 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—A young man of good appearance and address, college education, with some business experience, as floor manager of automobile show room. Address, giving references, Box W 138 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—In claim department of large insurance company, young man, Christian, about 20, good education and penmanship; must be wide awake and a hustler; good future. K 187 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Bright boy of neat appearance, public school graduate, to answer telephone and make himself generally useful. Address in own handwriting, W. 111 Times, Times Sq.

WANTED—Man, large acquaintance among business men can improve his position. W 124 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
47 W. 42d St. Telephone 3872 Bryant.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

Otto T. Bannard, President;	Jacob H. Schiff,
John R. MacArthur, V. Pres.;	Robert W. De Forest,
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer;	Frederick G. Bourne,
V. Everit Macy, Secretary;	George Blumenthal,
Francis L. Hine.	

EDWARD W. CARPENTER, Manager.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY BEING REQUESTED TO FURNISH COMPETENT OFFICE HELP, BOTH MALE AND FEMALE. ANY PERSON FILING AN APPLICATION WITH US WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER. A FEE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE FIRST WEEK'S SALARY IS CHARGED FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS, SIX WEEKS' TIME BEING ALLOWED TO PAY SAID FEE, ONE-SIXTH EACH WEEK, IN ALMOST EVERY INSTANCE.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

SHIPPING clerk, (printing stationery,) $15; bookkeeper, $25; stenographer, $15; clerk, $10; accountant, $30; other immediate office openings. Mighill, (Position Broker,) Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHER.—$8; for Brooklyn; and some good, bright beginners wanted. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 6582—Murray Hill.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 800; 42d St. entrance.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington, (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKER.—By young Norwegian; personal references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th.)

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ARTISTIC FRENCH DRESSMAKER, DESIGNER, wishes work by day in private families; evening gowns. Mlle. Marguerite, 326 West 55th. 'Phone 2097—Columbus.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accurate, competent; also stenographer and typewriter; neat, experienced; 6 years' highest references; salary, $16. Miss A. E. Gritz, 117 Ludlow St.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Assistant bookkeeper or cashier; four years' experience; reference. H. A., 135 West 83d St.

CASHIER.—By young lady, 22, as cashier in restaurant; experienced; capable; good references. W 70 Times, Times Square.

CHAMBERMAID.—Experienced German chambermaid and waitress wishes situation in fine family. Call 59 West 119th St.

COMPETENT WOMAN wishes position as working housekeeper or housework; no laundry; small family, apartment. Address W 134 Times, Times Square.

COOK, German, $25; laundress, $25; cook, Swedish. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741 River.

GOVERNESS.—By Swiss lady diplomee; fluent French, German, English; music; full charge children; highest references. Ogden, 1,197 Boston Road, Bronx.

MASSEUSE, &c.—An expert at facial massage, manicuring, shampooing, scalp treatment would like few more customers at ladies' residences; treatment 50c. Miss Donovan, 1,094 Simpson St., Bronx.

NURSE.—Care of elderly lady or invalid; long reference. Address Apartment 76, 1,312 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, clean-cut, ambitious girl, willing worker; good education; permanent position; references; $7. Ambitious, 164 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; several years' experience in various lines; willing to work; best references. Qualified, 165 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; Christian young lady desires position requiring intellect; salary $12-$14. Address Monoton, drug store, 2,117 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER; limited experience; able do good work; educated. Address Exceptional, R 133 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, well educated, capable, wishes permanent position. Robson, 546 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER, technical engineering, law work; seven years' reference one firm. Gates, 127 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; young lady wishes half-day position; best references. B. C., Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT — BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—All lines; books opened, closed, systematized written up; audits $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. 'Phone 2725—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, balances, disentangles, audits books; $5 monthly; balance sheets rendered; reliable. Accountant, 51 John St. 'Phone 3327 John.

A GENTLEMAN recently arrived from Holland desires to exchange lessons in Dutch for practice in speaking English, from lady or gentleman. Address W 133 Times, Times Square.

A SOBER, HONEST, YOUNG MAN, 25, speaking French, German, English, department store experience, seeks position; security, $300 cash. Specht, 220 West 35th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant.—Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 B'way. Tel. 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER. — Reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent, with highest references for ability, honesty, and sobriety; moderate salary. L. Deery, 230 West 27th St.

BUTLER, &c.—A lady desires position for butler and valet; thoroughly competent and reliable; eight years' reference. Apply Mrs. W. S. Pyle, Hotel Gotham.

BUTLER, VALET.—English; first-class references; last place 3½ years. W 131 Times, Times Square.

CARPENTRY.—General superintendent building, draughting, estimating; salary, percentage, or contract. Reliable, 578 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, desires position with private family; does his own repairing. Leo Fornes, Annadale, Seaside Post Office, S. I.

CHAUFFEUR, competent, reliable, three years' experience, desires position with private party; wages reasonable. Daniel Carr, 318 East 34th St.

CLERK.—Young man with 6 years' business experience abroad desires situation; thorough knowledge of stenography and general office work. W. A. Brand, 338 West 28d St.

COACHMAN.—Account disposing my horses desire to secure position for my coachman; sober, honest, and good horseman. E. J. O'C., Room 1,100, 45 West 34th St.

CONSTRUCTIVE ACCOUNTANT.
Thorough, progressive, reliable; specialist in system and simplifying methods; a firm believer in the accounting department as a business getter and a business keeper. R. H., 343 West 58th St.

COUPLE wishes to take care of country place; no children; best of references. K 183 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN.—Young man desires position, hotel or office building; references. Coogan, 443 West 30th St.

HIGH-CLASS SECRETARIAL WORK required evenings by college man; expert stenographer; French and Italian. Business, W 140 Times, Times Square.

MANAGER.—American, 36, as manager or Superintendent of gentleman's estate; executive ability, thorough electrical and mechanical knowledge; understands automobiles; A1 credentials. American, 157 East 125th St.

PAINTER, Paperhanger, Kalsominer.—German, Christian, wants work, day or contract with tools; first-class references. Painter, 73 West 83d St., basement.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, with record of 12 years under two employers, seeks change; only position of responsibility, where ability and fidelity are essential and so recognized, considered; correspondence and interview solicited. Adaptable, W 96 Times, Times Sq.

SALESMAN.—Fur man with trade in the Northwest and city would like to connect with large fur or cloak and suit house; sales, fifty thousand. W 119 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN (31) with eight years' selling experience in Middle West and near by is open for good line. W 139 Times, Times Square.

WATCHMAN, (Night,) age 40; sober, reliable; references furnished. W. Ransom, 257 8th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position with some respectable firm or office; speaks and writes German. Paul Roesner, 999 Union Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position at anything; first-class references. James Shaughnessy, 450 West 33d St., city.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, well-kept rooms; first-class board; phone; fine location.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

48TH, 163 WEST.—Comfortable, large and single front rooms; superior table board; telephone; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; table guests; first class; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST. — With board, single room; southern exposure; references.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; "L," Subway; table guests; Jewish; telephone.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room; private bath; also single room; table guests.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable second-floor hall room; connecting; bed; gentlemen; private family.

79TH ST., 116 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished; private bath; references are essential; telephone exchange.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, well furnished rear room, second floor, with board; table board.

80TH ST., 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large front room; dressing room attached; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large warm room, convenient all cars; references required; table board; 'phone.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Sunny, front, large and small rooms; table guests; parlor dining; telephone.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Rooms newly furnished and decorated; table a specialty; Subway; references.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; near Subway and "L."

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Rooms, with superior board; table boarders; convenient "L." Tel. 7442 Riverside.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms; bath; superior table board; references.

104TH ST., 83 WEST.—Room, board; all conveniences; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone; references.

117TH ST., 415 WEST.—Table guests; excellent meals; home cooking.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large room, second floor, hall room, near "L" and Subway; references required.

BROADWAY, 3,415, near 138th St. Subway.—Comfortable, clean rooms, suitable two; also single room, with board; excellent home cooking; heat; gentlemen. Suhr.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway, 215th St.; private house, overlooking Hudson, Harlem River; suites, large, small rooms, beautifully decorated; enormous grounds, river front; private baths; auto garage; Subway Station at entrance; 35 minutes City Hall; moderate; telephone 943—Audubon; excellent board.

THE NORWOOD.
174 W. 126th.—Family hotel and restaurant; steam heated; refined location; convenient to all cars; reasonable rates;

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square N. W.)—Large room, southern exposure; steam heat; private bath; excellent table.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 54, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

17TH ST., 119 EAST.—Desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table; table board; telephone.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant, heated, large adjoining rooms; parlor suitable for doctor's office or studio.

46TH ST., 147 EAST.—Nice furnished rooms, with excellent board; running water, telephone.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV. 839. (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Overlooking Wall St.; four minutes Broadway; neighborhood, house high-class; furnished, unfurnished; table, choicest products New York markets. 905—Main.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,123 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LADY wishes room and breakfast, private family; neighborhood East 80th St. H. G., 1,360 3d Av.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Large and small comfortable, well-heated rooms; every convenience; $2 up.

12TH ST., 26 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms to let, single and double; heated; all conveniences. S. Addieg & Co.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

48TH, 138 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private bath; homelike and comfortable.

48TH ST., 129 WEST.—Well furnished rooms, running water; house quiet and well kept.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, en suite or single; private family; physician's office.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Attractive outside room, conveniences; refined surroundings; also unfurnished. 1808 Columbus. Tappan.

57TH ST., 348 WEST.—Desirable rooms, southern exposure; running water, bath, telephone; near board; "L" and Subway; reasonable rent to permanent tenants.

61ST ST., 28 WEST.—Studios and rooms, furnished or unfurnished; meals served if desired.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 28 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; board optional; references exchanged; table guests accommodated.

69TH ST., 145, Corner Broadway.—Handsomely furnished suite, room, high-class apartment; all conveniences.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Sunny rooms, one with private bath; steam heat, electric light, 'phone.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; closets, running water; private house; convenient subway, elevated.

71ST ST., 281 WEST.—Gentlemen; desirable single, double rooms; conveniences; Subway express; private house; reasonable.

72D, 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

72D ST., 304 WEST.—Delightful, homelike location and appointments; block Subway; attractive prices. 3672—Col.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; near "L" and Subway stations.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room for gentleman; private family; elevator; all conveniences. 'Phone 3384—Columbus. Apartment 61.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room, with private bath; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room and extension; physician's office; reception room; service; telephone.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, sunny room; dressing room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furniture and decorations entirely new; references.

82D ST., 53 WEST.—Large, sunny, well-furnished room; hot and cold water; also comfortable medium-sized room; convenient, desirable location.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

82D ST., 180 WEST.—Desirable large and small sunny rooms, also back parlor for physician.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable, warm, sunny; large, small; plenty hot water; telephone.

88TH ST., 570, (West End Av.)—In private house, entire second floor, with bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7096—Riverside.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room, running water; private family; gentleman; reasonable; references. Hayden.

88TH ST., 182 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, suitable one or two gentlemen; Subway. Ten Broeck.

90TH ST., 139 WEST.—Very desirable single room, $2; bath, hot water; evenings. Burke.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

92D ST., 35 WEST.—Large pleasant room; lavatory; 'phone; $6; business couple; near "L."

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Excellent location; business people; comfortable, homelike rooms; breakfast optional; reasonable. Scott.

96TH ST., 58 WEST. — Large and small rooms, back parlor. Telephone, 7725—River.

104TH ST., 145 WEST.—Light, heated parlor and bedroom connected; adults; references exchanged. Nicholas.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; also bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

116TH ST., 363 WEST.—Excellent accommodations for refined people in select private house; all conveniences.

121ST ST., 209 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; convenient to "L," Subway.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; steam heat, electric lights, elevator. Kenyon.

124TH ST., 534 WEST.—Cheerful front rooms; elevator, electricity, piano, telephone; Subway; reasonable. Morris.

143D ST., 518 WEST.—Unusual outside room, always quiet; elevator; telephone; subway; Christian family. Apartment 26.

145TH, 582 WEST.—Three light, well-furnished bedrooms; parlor bedroom, suitable for bachelor or family; divide, $5. Telephone 2450 Audubon.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Couple will rent spare rooms; refined home; house near Broadway Subway.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; reasonable. K 145 Times Downtown.

AT 3 UNIVERSITY PLACE,
Opposite Washington Square, private residence, large, elegantly furnished rooms; gentlemen; references.

ATTRACTIVE large room, adjoining bath, $7; breakfast optional; first apartment. Peters, 4908 River.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223—Handsomely furnished suite; independent entrance; convenient 81st elevated; breakfast.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 465.—Very desirable room, handsomely furnished; elevator apartment; quick transportation. Thornton.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 475.—Private family, rent room, separate entrance; reasonable. Williams.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

82D ST., 15 EAST.—Room with private bath; southern exposure; private house; every convenience; telephone.

55TH ST., 36 EAST.—Large room, private bath; single room; physician's office; references.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 170.—Handsome private house, with accommodations for a few guests; has unusually large second floor front room vacant; house, table, and appointments substantial and attractive; references. Telephone 2397J—Main.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LARGE and small room for studio and living; steam; cleanliness. W., 30 Times, Times Sq.

ROOM or small housekeeping apartment, by couple; would board. Room 816, 366 5th Av.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A WELL-ESTABLISHED BUSINESS netting large profit on moderate investment, desires increasing its capacity.
WANTS $5,000.
Drawing account allowed. Opportunity, 142 Times, Times Square.

$5,000.—Will pay a profit of $500 annually and interest for the use of $5,000 in my suburban home-building business; more contracts offered than my funds will take care of, hence this unusual offer; ample security. K

GUILELESS PRINTER MADE COUNTERFEITS

A Remarkable Italian Plot Unfolded in a Circuit Court Trial Here.

EIGHT CONSPIRATORS IN IT

One of Them Lupo of "Barrel Murder" Fame—They Took an Immigrant to Up-State Farmhouse to Do the Job.

Eight of the sixteen Italians rounded up by Chief Flynn of the Secret Service and his men in the counterfeiting raid a few weeks ago were put on trial yesterday before Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court. They were charged with counterfeiting $2 and $5 United States notes and with a conspiracy to pass them. The eight men now on trial, according to the Government, were the ringleaders in the undertaking.

They formed an interesting collection as they lined up in the courtroom to answer to their names. At the head was Ignazio Lupo, convicted and sentenced to eighteen years' imprisonment in Italy for murder after he had fled to this country, and Giuseppi Morello, who is under a six-year sentence in Italy for forgery. These two men are suspected of having had some knowledge of the murder of Police Lieut. Petrosino at Palermo, Sicily, and the Government is understood to be in possession of evidence indicating that Lupo, at least, was in Palermo on the day that Petrosino was shot. He left the next day.

The other defendants are Antonio Cecala, Salvatore Cino, Vincenzo Gigilo, Giusenni Calliohio, Giuseppi Palermo, and Nicholo Silvestre. Lupo and Morello were also held in connection with the "barrel murder" in this city several years ago. The prisoners are represented by Mirabeau L. Towns, Caesar B. F. Barra, Charles Le Barbier, and William Byrnes. Most of the gang appear to be prosperous. Several of them came into court yesterday wearing fur-lined coats.

It took about half the day to get a jury. Then Assistant United States District Attorney Abel F. Smith made the opening for the Government. He said he would show that the gang operated from a headquarters in a grocery store owned by Cecala at 235 East Ninety-seventh Street, where $2,000 of the spurious notes were found.

"I will show you," said Mr. Smith, "that these prisoners printed 20,000 counterfeit two-dollar bills and 5,000 counterfeit five-dollar bills in a farmhouse near Highlands, N. Y., between October, 1908, and July, 1909. I will show you by a witness named Antonio Comito that the defendant Cecala met Comito in the street one day in the Fall of 1908, and asked him if he was a printer. Comito said he was. Comito arranged with Cecala about getting a job in Philadelphia, but took him to Highland instead, after they had bought a printing press, telling him that it was near Philadelphia. There they set up the press and printed 10,000 two-dollar silver certificates, which they sent down to Lupo and Morello to have approved. They were approved, and then 10,000 more were printed. I will show you, also, that after they had printed bogus five-dollar Canadian bills they told Comito that he was a poor printer, and brought another man from New York to take his place, holding him prisoner meantime."

Mr. Smith said that the Government would show the jury the paraphernalia with which the counterfeits were turned out. Then Comito was called to the stand. The witness did not look at all happy as he began his testimony through an interpreter. The Italians in the courtroom regarded him ominously, but Comito went ahead with his story willingly enough, telling how he met Cecala, and told him that he was a lithographer and printer. The offer of the Philadelphia job was next narrated, and then he said he and another man went out to buy a printing press, which was eventually obtained from a Spaniard named M. D. Danon.

Comito did not get beyond his first sight of the plates for the counterfeit $5 bills when an adjournment was taken over night. The case will go on again to-day.

PROF. RAYNOLDS DEAD.

Yale Faculty Member a Victim of Pneumonia on His Honeymoon.

Prof. Edward Vilette Raynolds of the Yale University Law School died yesterday afternoon of pneumonia at the Hotel Belmont after a four days' illness.

It was less than a week ago that Prof. Raynolds arrived at the hotel on his honeymoon. Last Thursday he was married to Mrs. Thomas Harris at her home in Toronto, Canada, and immediately following the ceremony they started for this city.

When the professor left New Haven for Toronto he was said to be suffering from a severe cold. By the time he had arrived here with Mrs. Raynolds his cold was so serious as to necessitate his remaining indoors.

Dr. W. Kinnicutt Draper of 121 East Thirty-sixth Street was summoned, and he found the professor to be in a very alarming condition. Symptoms of pneumonia developed on Sunday night, and the patient grew gradually worse until death came yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The news of the professor's death came as a great shock to his relatives and friends in New Haven. In speaking of him last night President Hadley of Yale said: "He is a great loss to Yale and to the study of comparative constitutional law. He was a man of great ability, and he had an unusual knowledge of the subject he taught."

Prof. Raynolds leaves a son, Randolph, who is a Yale senior, and a daughter, Elizabeth, who lived with her father in New Haven. His first wife died ten years ago. Miss Raynolds arrived at the Belmont yesterday morning and was at her father's bedside when he died.

Prof. Raynolds was born in Grand Rapids, Mich., in 1859. His father died soon afterward and the family removed to Chicago, where Edward was prepared for college. He entered the Sheffield Scientific Law School, Yale, in the Class of '79, but was graduated in 1880. He was graduated from the Columbia Law School in 1882, and for two years practiced law in Grand Rapids. He then returned to the Yale Law School, where he spent two years in graduate work.

In 1885 he married the eldest daughter of George H. Watrous, President of the New Haven Railroad. He declined an offer to teach in the Imperial University in Japan, and after spending nine months in travel returned to New Haven and made it his home.

In 1889 he was appointed instructor in municipal law at Yale. Two years later he was appointed Professor of Comparative Constitutional Law and Civil Government, and had continued to hold this chair until his death.

Prof. Raynolds was a Lieutenant in the Spanish war, and was detailed as one of the officers in charge of an ironclad at Mare Island, Philadelphia. Last Summer he visited Panama and traveled up the Pacific Coast to San Francisco. He was an authority on ballot laws of nations, having written a pamphlet of authority on the subject.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.		Loss.
12:45	501 Greenwich St.; Max Perls	$10
11:50	113th St. and North River; New York Central Railroad	Trifling
P.M.		
12:20	516 East 11th St.; John Janowski	$10
2:00	380 Broome St.; Novelty Watch Works	$50
3:00	330 W. 36th St.; Mrs. Pergalia	$25
4:20	19 Albany St.; Michael Snords	$50
4:40	17 John St.; Otto M. Volkmin	Trifling
6:30	421 E. 9th St.; Mrs. Rose	Slight
9:30	92d St. and 6th Av.; Gimbel Building	Trifling
10:30	903 5th St.; Jacob Karp	Trifling

LOST ARTICLES FOUND.

The Lost and Found column of The New York Times offers the best way to bring about the recovery of Lost articles. If you lose anything, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times. The advertisement will be given an insertion in the Lost and Found Bulletin posted in over 1,000 public places throughout the city.—Adv.

FALSE SCALE USERS FOUND.

More Than 300 Suits Against Grocers and Others for Short Weighing.

Upward of 100 grocers, marketmen, and other retailers accused of using false and defective scales, weights, and measures are to be defendants in suits placed on the calendars of municipal courts for next Wednesday. More than 300 of these suits have been begun in the last month by the Bureau of Weights and Measures to recover penalties from the storekeepers.

It is no longer necessary to prove that the short weights and measures were actually used in making sales, or that any customers were actually defrauded or deceived. The presence on the counter of an untrue scale, a weight that has been trimmed, or a measure with a false bottom or other tricky device is sufficient.

Herman Stiefel, the Assistant Corporation Counsel, who represents the bureau in these cases, said yesterday that the eighteen Inspectors who are looking after violators of the law, are now proving violations in nearly all the cases that are brought. The penalties range from $25 for a single false weight or measure to more than $100 when several of the standards are short.

The bureau, besides bringing civil suits, has obtained evidence of intent to deceive customers in a number of the cases, and such cases are to be tried before Magistrates, who will be asked to hold the offenders for Special Sessions.

NORMAL STUDENTS GRADUATE

Forty-three Young Women Receive Degrees at February Commencement.

Forty-three young women students of the Normal College received the degree of Bachelor of Arts yesterday morning, constituting the first February graduating class of the college in some years.

The exercises were held in the college chapel before President Emeritus Hunter, President Davis, and Prof. E. S. Burgess of the college Faculty. Miss Magna Anita Gray, one of the honor graduates, delivered the valedictory.

The new graduates are:

Rose Adlerman, Annie Allan, Isabel Margaret Byrnes, Lena Chess, Elizabeth Regina Daly, Mabel Elizabeth Deegan, Minnie Therese Diamond, Florence Gertrude Dolan, Millicent C. Dorn, Celia Jeannette Echental, May Isabel Etzel, Margaret Elizabeth Fischer, Mary Clement Gaines, Lottie Goldsticker, Magna Anita Gray, Mary Ethel Hines, Agnes Genevieve Kelly, Ethel Edna Kenson, Florence May Kleinman, Hattie Kramer, Mathilda D. Kweit, Carrie Albina Lindholm, Olga I. Lurie, Emily Amelia Lyons, Frances McAvoy, Katherine Sinclair Maclay, Elizabeth Hieronyma McNally, Louise Leonora Mahler, Edna Josephine Malone, Blanche Grace Mayer, Annie Meltzer, Loretta Hortense Moffitt, Elizabeth Veronica Murphy, Emma Rubensohn, Dorothy Viola Sackin, Irene Schactel, Elsie Seidemann, Amy Thusnelda Staab, Nadine Stein, Florence Taylor, Julia Tyroler, Florence Helen Werner, Selma Zadek.

The Faculty's reception to the graduates will take place this afternoon.

PRESS AGENT, SAYS COMSTOCK

To a Wail from Miss Goldman That He's After Mother Earth.

The publishers of Mother Earth, the Anarchist publication edited by Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, sent word to the newspapers last night that its current issue had been held up by Anthony Comstock, and they did not know why.

"That's a scheme of Emma Goldman's to attract attention to the publication," said Mr. Comstock over the telephone from his home in Summit, N. J. "I have not made any complaint against it, nor is the magazine being held up at the Post Office."

DENNISON'S MOTHER HIS CHIEF DEFENDER

Contends in Court That He Could Not Have Shot the Lomas and Shibley Boys.

DETECTIVES OPPOSE HER

Assert That She Has Either Falsified or Erred in Accounting for the Prisoner's Time.

Herbert Jerome Dennison, the insane prestidigitator, who is locked up in the belief that he is the man who shot John Fredericks on the night of Jan. 8 and shot and killed two young boys, Robert Lomas and Arthur Shibley, on Jan. 12, was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan yesterday morning, and again his examination was postponed. This time it was until to-morrow at 11 o'clock, at the request of the District Attorney's office.

The fight of Inspector McCafferty and his detectives, on the one side, and Mrs. Catherine Dennison, the prisoner's mother, and Mrs. Minnie Dennison, his aunt, on the other, still goes on. If the detectives are right, then both women are giving false testimony. The fight is not to keep the son out of an insane asylum, for he must go there anyway. The mother is bent on saving her son from the stain of crime.

For the first time since the two boys were shot Inspector McCafferty yesterday talked freely to reporters. The two lines of testimony can now be compared.

Capt. Kreuscher of the West 152d Street Station received an anonymous letter, he said, a few days after the shooting of Jan. 12 telling him to look for an insane man of 152 East 128th Street, who had been shaved and taken away to an asylum.

McCafferty and his men went to see Mrs. Dennison on the Monday following the Wednesday of the shooting. They found that Mrs. Dennison had taken her son to Amityville, L. I., on Jan. 13, the day following the shooting; that she had had his hair and beard cut before taking him to the institution there, and gave him a new derby in exchange for his old black Fedora hat, which the young man and she had burned on the morning he went away.

The detectives went to 2,343 Third Avenue, near 126th Street, and found Leonardo Mancini, who said he had cut the hair and beard of a man answering Dennison's description. Mrs. Dennison says she had the barbering done on Wednesday afternoon, the day of the shooting. The anonymous letter had said that was on Thursday. Mancini does not remember the day, but he corroborates Mrs. Dennison as to the time of day.

Mrs. Dennison says she bought a new derby for her son on Thursday, the day he went away, but did not change his overcoat, a short tan-colored garment, because it was good. She admits burning the old hat.

Lawrence Casey, foreman of a gang of workmen on the Speedway, had reported seeing a black-bearded man loitering around in Highbridge Park for two days previous to the shooting. He saw the same man about noon of the day of the double murder, which occurred between 1 and 2 o'clock. McCafferty took him down to Amityville, and says that he identified Dennison as the man he had seen in the park.

John Sowerby, a mounted policeman of the West 152d Street Station, who saw a black-bearded man in Riverside Drive shortly before noon of Jan. 12, and James Lynch of the Bureau of Highways, who saw a man of the same description near Dyckman Street and Broadway a little later, also identified Dennison yesterday as the man they had seen.

As for the two days previous to Jan. 12, both Dennison's mother and his aunt declare he was not out of their sight on those days. They told the Magistrate that on Wednesday, the day of the shooting, they got up early, but allowed the son to sleep as long as he wished. He got up between 9 and 10 o'clock, they said. He spent some time packing his trunk for the next day's journey, and then went out to walk with the aunt.

They walked far down Third Avenue, the aunt said, making trips into the side streets, and she purchasing a few articles. They walked a long time, and then came back to Lexington Avenue and 128th Street. That was about 3 o'clock, the witness testified.

The mother said Dennison left his aunt there, and was at home in a few minutes. According to this account the young man was in the sight of one of the sisters from early that morning until about 3 o'clock, an hour or two after the shooting took place.

The police insist that the mother and aunt are either giving false testimony as to the day Dennison was missing for several hours or are in error about it.

Seeks Return of Her Dower Right.

Cora A. Springer has begun a suit in the Supreme Court against her husband, John H. Springer, to set aside transfers of property valued at $80,000 in 1900 to the John H. Springer Realty Company. Mrs. Springer asserts that she was misled into signing away her right of dower in the property by false promises that she would be given other property exclusively in her own right. Papers were filed yesterday with the County Clerk.

Another Attachment Against Tevis.

Deputy Sheriff Goss has received an attachment for $25,000 against John Tevis of Louisville, Ky., who was interested in the purchase of the People's Mutual Life Insurance Association and League of Syracuse, in favor of William Henry Hall, for nonpayment of a note. It was served on two banks here. Another attachment was obtained against him on Jan. 19 for $21,400 by Bernard Bennett.

Of Interest To Apartment House Tenants

PRACTICALLY ALL apartment houses in New York City of the better class have Private Branch Exchange Telephone Service.

For $3.00 per year you can have your name listed in the New York City Telephone Directory in connection with the telephone number of the apartment house in which you reside. This means that your friends who might forget the name or location of the house can reach you by telephone, thereby adding to the value of telephone service to you and to them.

If you wish your name listed in the spring Telephone Directory, which goes to press February 3rd, apply to your apartment house agent. He will refer the matter to us.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

Every Bell Telephone is the Centre of the System.

Wallach Bros.

238-242 Bowery. 647 Eighth Ave. | 1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St. | 3d Ave. & 169d St. 946 W. 125th St.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

$1.50 Royal Silk Plush Underwear, 95c.

THIS velvety underwear is sold everywhere at $1.50 a garment. That fact makes interesting our present price of 95c. And one word more—Remember that now is "Sale" time and that reductions are in present effect in every department of our business.

TAKE A CHANCE

and order from our Remnant Sale. Suit, $18; Overcoat, $20; fancy Vest or Trousers, $5. The material, style and tailoring would cost more than double elsewhere.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

JANUARY 27 Thursday

Trade E & W Mark

The only manufacturers in the world of strapped seamed linen collars.

If You Have Put Off

buying that Suit or Overcoat until now, you can get the smartest of our garments at a saving as great as 50%. Better drop in and see for yourself.

Moe Levy & Co.,

1439 Broadway, New York | 119-125 Walker St., New York

380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

1st 1910 Soft Hat

Pencil Curl Telescope 2.75

Light Colors: Mouse, Pearl, &c.

Flexible Derbys (self conforming) 2.40

Why pay 3.50 elsewhere?

1.90 Derbys—Twenty new styles.

You save the middlemen's profit—we put it in the hat.

ONLY 20 MORE DAYS

SELLING OUT!

Old-Established High Grade MEN'S SHOP

38 New St., One Block Below Wall (Furnishing Goods All Sold.)

Balance of High Grade Stock of hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once.

Your chance to obtain a

FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO

At Less Than ½ Former Prices.

$20.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50.

$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10.

$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (silk lined,) $12.00.

$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.

$50 Fur Lined Coat, $20.

English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc.

LESS THAN HALF PRICE

YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST., Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

To-morrow

Advertisements for insertion in Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building not later than NOON TO-MORROW.

Last Sunday's Times published 135 columns of highest class advertising.

The New York Times publishes more superior grade display advertisements than any other New York morning newspaper.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

To Men Who Know

W & H

★42d at 5th Ave.
★1135 Broadway
737 Broadway
369 Broadway
146 Broadway
130 Nassau St.
58 Nassau St.
14 Wall St.
20 Cortlandt St.
★Open Evenings.

THE New Spring MANHATTAN SHIRTS have arrived and will be on display at all our shops to-day.

We are the largest distributors of Manhattan Shirts in America.

WEBER & HEILBRONER

Furnishers to Men Who Know

THE NEW THEATRE

Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.

NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES

THIS WEEK:

TO-NIGHT, SAT. MAT. & EVE'G.

SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE NOW ON SALE.

Tickets Ordered by Mail or Telephone Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

Shakespeare's Charming Comedy

TWELFTH NIGHT

Galsworthy's Drama STRIFE A big play about big things. —The Sun.

Sud. Hester's Comedy DON Is uncommonly bright.—Post. An unalloyed delight. —The Press.

To-day at 2:30 ..... Don
To-night at 8:15 ..... Twelfth Night
Fri. Eve., 8:30 ..... Don
Sat. Mat., 2:15 ..... Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:15 ..... Twelfth Night

NEXT WEEK:
Mon., Tues. & Wed. Evgs. & Wed. Mat., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Mat. (opera), Mahon; Thurs. & Sat. Evgs., The Nigger; Fri. Evg. (opera), Elsir d'Amore; Sat. Mat., The School for Scandal. Seats for two weeks in advance reserved by mail, telephone or telegraph for ANY performance. Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME

Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8, 25c to $1.50

A Trip | Ballet | Inside the | 10 New Cir- | to Japan | of Jewels | Earth | cus Acts

DALY'S

B'way & 20th St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

MAXINE ELLIOTT In THE INFERIOR SEX.

A Hit! A Hit! A Palpable Hit!

Charles Darnton, Evening World: A comedienne of the first water in a sea-breezy play.

McKay in the Evening Mail: An emphatic hit. Miss Elliott has secured a vehicle which shows her acting and her beauty at their best.

Acton Davies in the Evening Sun: Miss Elliott lands a winner with a jolly little nautical play.

Garrison, Press: Happiest role of her career.

COMEDY 41st St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. A Modern Spiritistic Drama. The Watcher by Cora Maynard.

Broadway Thea., B'way cor 41st. Eve. 8:15 Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

LYRIC 42d st., W. of B'way. Eve. 8.15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. THE CITY

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

CASINO B'way & 30th st. Eve. 8.15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN

LAST WEEKS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Eve. 8:15 Mat. Sat. Only. 2.15 LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH

HACKETT 42d St. W. of B'way. Last Wk. Eve. 8:15. Mat. To-day & Sat. 2:15 Andrew Mack in The Prince of Bohemia with Christie Macdonald

Beg. Thurs. Feb. 3 JOHN MASON in "None So Blind." Seats To-Day.

WEST END Evgs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. Marguerite Clark in The King of Cadonia.

Nxt Wk—Andrew Mack—The Prince of Bohemia

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.

This afternoon at 1:30, Die Walkuere. Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad, Homer; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinckley. Cond., Mr. Hertz.

To-night, Elsir d'Amore. Mmes. De Pasquali, Mattfeld; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Podesti.

To-morrow Aft. at 1:30, Siegfried. Mmes. Gadski, Homer, Alten; MM. Burrian, Reiss, Soomer, Goritz, Blass. Cond., Hertz.

To-morrow Eve., Germania. Mmes. Destinn, Heliane, Sparkes; MM. Caruso, Amato, Pini-Corsi, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.

Sat. Aft., Orfeo, (Debut of Mme. Delna). Sat. Eve., Huensel und Gretel and Cavalleria Rusticana.

Sun. Eve., GRAND CONCERT, 50c to $1.50. Soloists: Mme. FREMSTAD; MM. JADLOWKER, WHITEHILL. The ARION SINGING SOCIETY of Brooklyn. Cond., Mr. Arthur Claasen. Metrop. Opera Orch. Cond., Mr. Bendix.

NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., Cav. Rusticana and Pagliacci. Tuesday Aft. at 1:30, Goetterdaemmerung. Wed. Evg., Don Pasquale and Ballet. "Vienna Waltzes." Thurs. Evg., Tristan und Isolde. Fri. Evg., Alessandro Stradella. Mme. Gluck; MM. Slezak, Reiss, Goritz, Muhlmann, and Ballet Viena Waltzes. Cond., Bendix.

At the New Theatre.

Next Week: Thurs. Aft., Manon. Fri. Evg., Elsir d'Amore.

At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

One block from the Flatbush Av. Sub. Sta. Mon. Evg., Jan. 31—Fra Diavolo. Mmes. Alten, Maubourg; MM. Clement, Regis, Dcvaux, Reiss, Bourgeois. Cond., Hertz.

WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE

34th St. & 8th Av.

Fri. at 8, SAMSON and DELILAH, Mlle. Gerville-Reache, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Crabbe, Vallier, Venturini; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Aft., GRISELIDIS, Miss Garden, Mmes. Walter-Villa, Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Villa, Scott; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Eve. (popular prices), TROVATORE, Mlles. Baron, D'Alvarez, MM. Zerola, Crabbe, De Grazia.

Next Sun. Eve., DR. LUDWIG WULLNER.

—NEXT WEEK—

Mon., TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, MM. Renaud and regular cast. Tues. (at 8:30), First Time in America, RICHARD STRAUSS' ELEKTRA

Wed., THAIS, Miss Garden, M. Renaud, etc. Fri., GRISELIDIS, Miss Garden & reg. cast. Sat. Aft., SAMSON & DELILAH, Mlle. D'Alvarez, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, etc. Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), BOHEME, Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc.

Next Week's Sale Opens To-day, 8 A. M.

STUYVESANT 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15 Mats To-day & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY

BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15 Last Mat. Sat. 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE? NEXT TUESDAY. Seats To-day. CHARLOTTE WALKER in WALTER'S JUST A WIFE

CARNEGIE HALL, TO-NIGHT, at 8:15. THIRD SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT OF THE RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor FAREWELL APPEARANCE OF RACHMANINOFF conducting for the first time in New York his new symphon; poem, "ISLE OF DEATH," and playing his SECOND PIANO CONCERTO. Tickets 50c. to $2.00. (Mason & Hamlin Pianos.)

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. TWO WEEKS ONLY—Augustus Pitou Presents CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN RAGGED ROBIN.

Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.

METROPOLIS Daily Mats. 25c. DAINTY DUCHESS. CO. Next Week—GINGER GIRLS.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S Mat. Daily. 125th. GOLDEN CROOK Extravaganza Co. Next Week—SCHAEFER'S BIG SHOW.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee Sat. 2:15. LAST 3 NIGHTS. LAST MAT. SAT. SIR CHARLES WYNDHAM MISS MARY MOORE and their London Company in THE MOLLUSC

Next Monday SEATS 9 A. M. TO-DAY. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Pinero's Mid-Channel.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. ANOTHER BILLIE BURKE TRIUMPH FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY. BILLIE BURKE MRS. DOT. by W. Somerset Maugham.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "COLLIER NEVER FUNNIER"—Times. WM. COLLIER in A LUCKY STAR

HUDSON THEATRE—Special Matinees TO-DAY, also TO-MORROW, at 3. RUTH ST. DENIS in HINDOO DANCES

SAVOY B'way & 34 St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. Week HENRY MILLER In THE FAITH HEALER

By the author of "The Great Divide."

BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY (Seats To-day.) FRANK KEENAN in THE HEIGHTS.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram. OTIS SKINNER In Your Humble Servant. By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. Only. 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, and 3 times as funny." FRANCIS WILSON in THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE THEATRE B'WAY & 46TH ST. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. MONTGOMERY & STONE in THE OLD TOWN

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Last 3 Nights. Last Matinee Sat. THE BARRIER With THEODORE ROBERTS. WED. EVE., FEB. 2. Seats To-day. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers MADAME X

The Drama That Thrilled All Paris.

LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

NEW YORK Theatre, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee Sat. LAST WEEK HITCHCOCK in COHAN'S Musical Hit, THE MAN WHO OWNS BROADWAY

NEXT MONDAY. Seats To-day. MAX ROGERS and MAUDE RAYMOND. in the New Musical Play, THE YOUNG TURK

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. THE EVES. 8:15 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15 FORTUNE HUNTER WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY with JOHN BARRYMORE

JOE WEBER'S Last Mat. Sat. HENRY E. DIXEY in MR. BUTTLES.

Saturday Afternoon, January 29th, at 2:30, At Carnegie Hall, R. E. Johnston will present MAUD ALLAN Assisted by the Russian Symphony Orchestra. By Special Request "The Vision of Salome" and selections from Bach, Schumann, Mendelssohn and Strauss's "Blue Danube." Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Boxes (seating eight) $16 & $24. At Box Office and R. E. Johnston's office, St. James Bldg., B'way and 26th St.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE EVENING WORLD SAYS: "H. B. WARNER in Paul Armstrong's New Play, Alias JIMMY VALENTINE

Not only won the sympathy of the audience, but almost caused seasoned first-nighters to die of heart disease because of the tense strain of its exciting last act."

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Miss Fannie Ward, The Leading Lady; Tom Edwards, Stuart Barnes.

BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Princess Rajah, Maggie Cline, Al Jolson, Barrows, Lancaster Co., &c.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Dr. HERMAN, Demarest, Cutler & Cline, Lottie Williams & Co., others.

LIZA LEHMANN SECOND SONG RECITAL

Carnegie Hall, to-morrow, (Friday) Ev. at 8:15 *New Song Cycle, Breton Folk Songs,* with her Quartette and a miscellaneous programme, including Master ALBERT HOLE in the Children Songs.

Tickets 50 cts. to $2.00; Boxes, $10 & $12. At Box Office and R. E. Johnston's office, St. James Bldg., B'way & 26th St. Telephone 608 & 609 Madison Sq.

CARNEGIE HALL. SUNDAY AFTERNOON, January 30th. PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York. GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor JOSEPH WEISS, Soloist. "FANTASTIC" Symphony—Berlioz.

CARNEGIE HALL To-morrow (Friday) Aftern. at 3:15. Fritz KREISLER THIRD VIOLIN RECITAL. Tickets 75c. to $2.00. Boxes $12 and $15. at Hall.

PLAZA Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c. 50c. 75c. 59th St. Mad. Av. EMPIRE CITY QUARTET, HARDEEN, Leroy & Clarton, Srengalis, Jos. Sheehan, etc.

AMERICAN W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c. "MA GOSSE" James Corbett, othe.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, at 8:15. JOINT RECITAL OF CHARLOTTE LUND GEORGE COPELAND FRI. EVG. JAN. 28

Tickets $1.00 and $1.50, at Hall.

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve., 8:15, the great comic opera success, "Die Forster Christ" (Christ'l, the Forester's Daughter). Sat. Mat., "Der Zigeunerbaron."

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. MRS. EVA FAY, LILLIAN HERLEIN, Howard Kyle, Merrill & Otis, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S GUS EDWARDS. Murphy & Nichols. Circumstantial Evidence and 8 Others.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Capt. Jack Crawford, Monologist.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

GRAND—The Candy Shop. Rock & Fulton, Frank Lalor, Nat Wk—Traveling Salesman

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:14 | Sun sets..5:11 | Moon rises..7:32

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:00	9:38	2:50	3:27
Governors Island	9:37	10:02	3:23	3:56
Hell Gate	11:17	11:52	5:00	5:32

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 26.

SS Marianne, Fiume, Dec. 23.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen, Jan. 13.
SS Europa, Naples, Jan. 14.
SS Ciara, Oran, Jan. 8.
SS Phoebus, Rotterdam, Jan. 7.
SS African Prince, Shields, Jan. 3.
SS Bernard, Barbados, Jan. 17.
SS S. V. Luckenbach, Ponce, Jan. 20.
SS Antilla, Guantanamo, Jan. 20.
SS Hugin, Havana, Jan. 20.
SS Nueces, Galveston, Jan. 17.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, Jan. 25.
SS Oregonian, Philadelphia, Jan. 23.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Jan. 23.
SS Bloemfontein, Boston, Jan. 24.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Touraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Merida, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Alleghany, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Parima, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Metagama, Jamaica	7:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Zeiten, Bremen		10:00 A.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Prins Willem IV., Haiti	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Sao Paulo Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

President Lincoln, Hamburg	6:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Oceanic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cincinnati, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saba, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London		9:30 A.M.
Cymric, Liverpool		
Berlin, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Nueces, Galveston		12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Ponce, Mayaguez		12:00 M.
Nacoochee, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Atlanta	Oran	Jan. 6
Benedict	Para	Jan. 11
C. F. Tietgen	Christiansand	Jan. 18
New York	Southampton	Jan. 19
Alliance	Cristobal	Jan. 21
Floride	Havre	Jan. 15
Fert	Lisbon	Jan. 11
Huron	Jacksonville	Jan. 24
Guiana	St. Th